

Centrometal

HEATING TECHNIQUE

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Technical manual

THE DIGITAL BOILER CONTROLLER - USER

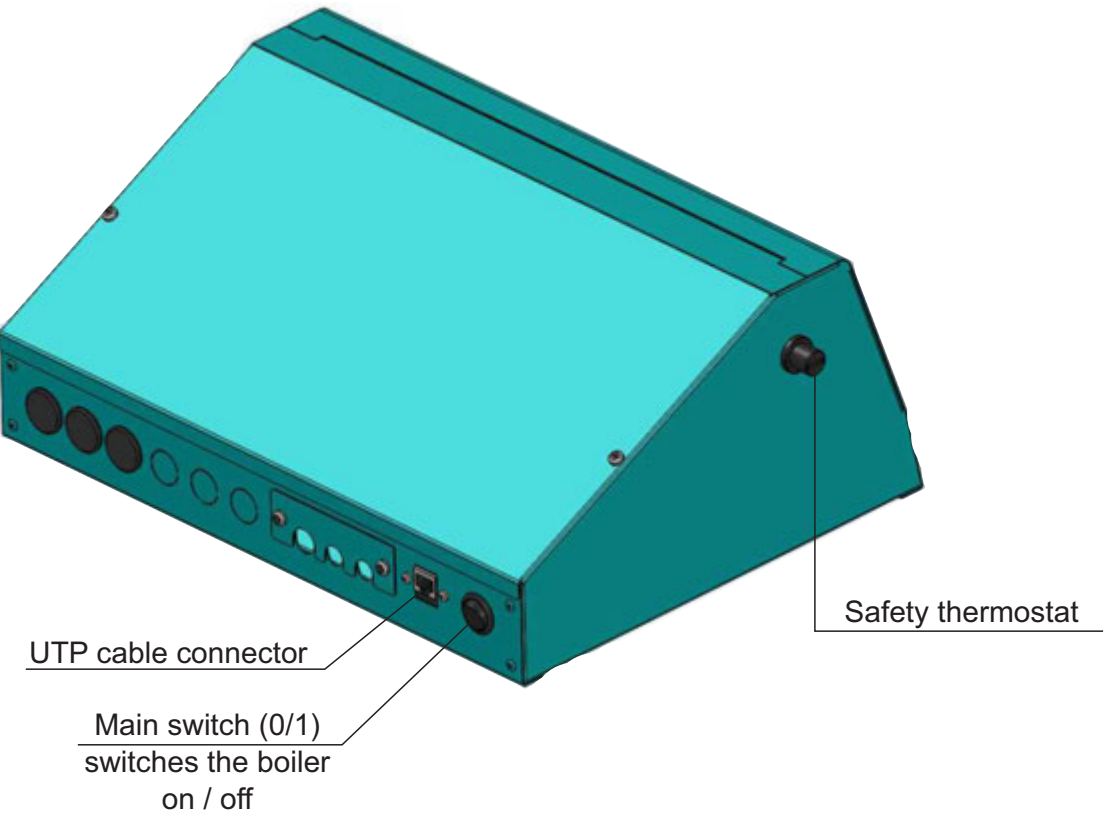


THE FIRST COMMISSIONING MUST BE CARRIED OUT BY AN AUTHORIZED PERSON, OTHERWISE THE PRODUCT WARRANTY IS NOT VALID!

Cm-Pelet set_Touch 14-90 kW

THE CONTROLLER

Boiler controller components used by a user:

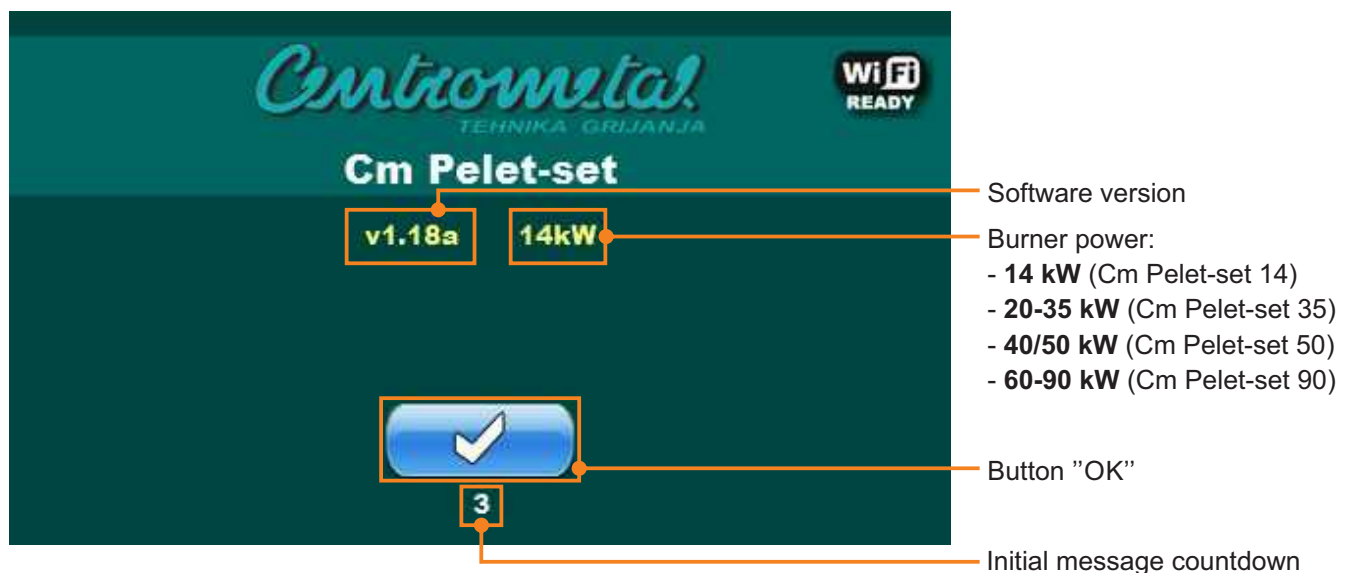


SWITCHING ON / DISPLAY

After switching the main switch on, the language selection and software version will appear on the screen. You can choose between different languages. To select the preferred language press a flag on display.



If the option "LANGUAGE SELECTION" is "OFF" in the main menu under the name "DISPLAY", the initial message will appear on the screen (see the picture below) and it will stay as long as is set in the submenu "INITIAL MESSAGE TIME" or until you press the "OK" button.



Touchscreen must not be pressed while switching the main switch on, otherwise the controller will show a firmware update mode, which is used by an authorized person only. If this happens, please switch the main switch off and switch it back on without pressing the touchscreen.

THE MAIN MENU

The main menu is used to select a preferred submenu. To enter into a certain menu press an icon on the screen. To switch between the "Main menu" and "Boiler working display" press the "VIEW SELECTION" button. To display drop-down menu (if it is enabled) use the "SHORTCUTS" button.

1.Maintenance 2.Temperature 3.Schedule 4.History

5.Operation 6.Display 7.Info 8.CM2K

9.Correction 10.Chimney sweeper 11.Installation

14:05
24-8-16

View selection:
Main menu / work

Shortcuts:
drop-down menu
(if it is active)

OFF

Current boiler status
(Work phase)

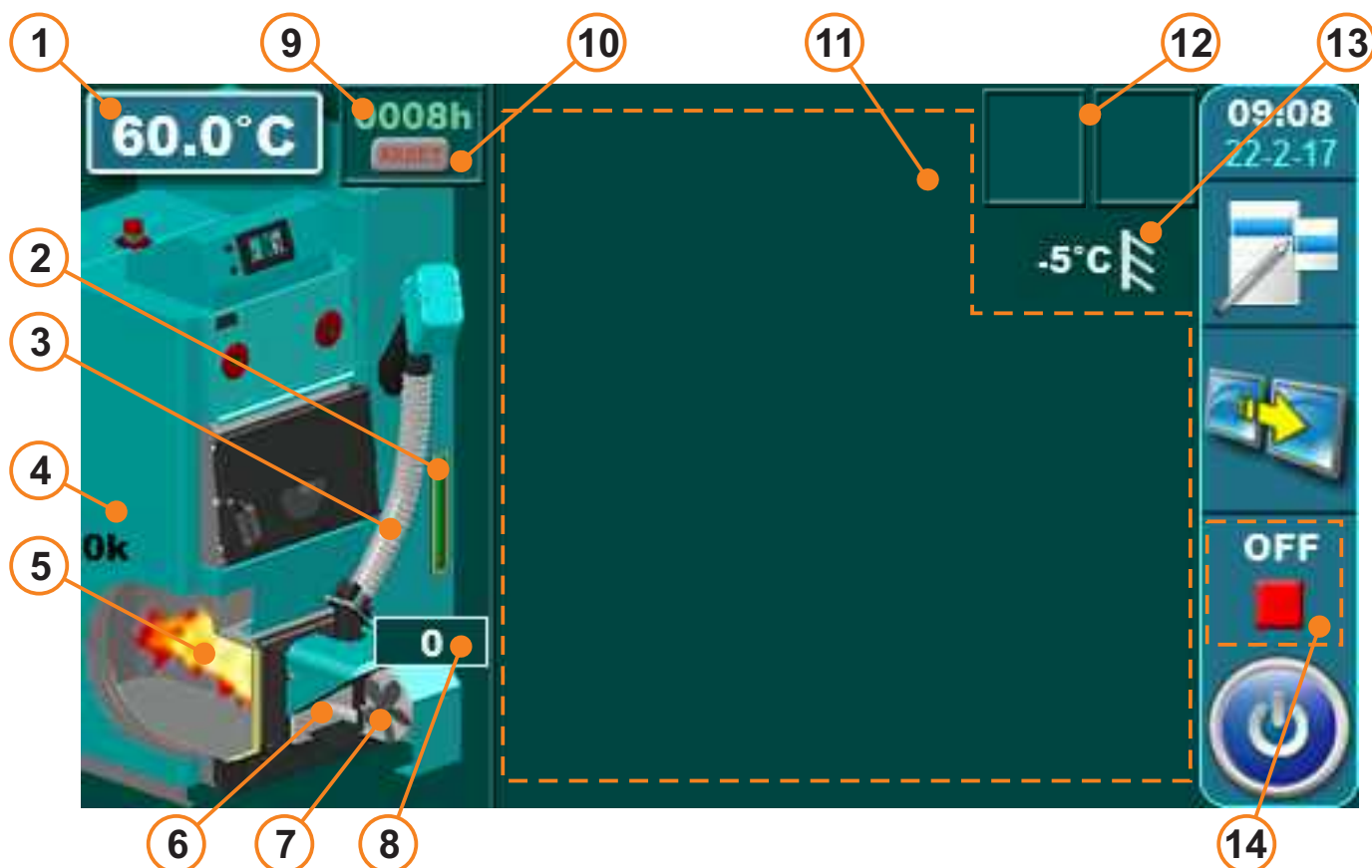
Boiler start / stop

Shown if additional equipment
CM2K is enabled only

SYMBOLS

| | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Button "ON / OFF" options: on / off boiler operation" | | Button "OK" | | |
| | Button "VIEW SELECTION" options: main menu / home screen | | | Tipka "START"/"STOP" | |
| | Button "SHORTCUTS" : Drop-down menu (if it is active)" | | Navigation buttons: "LEFT", "RIGHT", "UP", "DOWN" | | |
| | Button "ENTER" | | Button "DELETE" | | |
| | Button "BACK" | | Button "FACTORY SETTINGS" | | |
| | Button "PREVIOUS SCREEN" | | Button "INFORMATION" | | |
| | Button "NEXT SCREEN" | | Button "COPY" | | Button "PASTE" |

SYMBOLS



Simboli:

- 1 - Boiler temperature
- 2 - Fuel level *
- 3 - Transporter is working
- 4 - Photocell
- 5 - Flame symbol
- 6 - Igniter is working
- 7 - Burner fan is working
- 8 - Burner fan rpm
- 9 - Burner working hours counter
- 10 - Burner working hours reset button
- 11 - Dynamic configuration view (view depends on set configuration)
- 12 - Heating mode / Freeze guard / Additional equipment view (cascade, wifi...)
- 13 - Outside temperature
- 14 - Boiler working stage

* - additional equipment
on screen only if additional equipment
is installed and enabled (fuel level sensor)

Boiler type display:

EKO-CK P +
Cm Pelet-set_Touch
14-90 kw



EKO-CKB P +
Cm Pelet-set_Touch
14-50



EKO-CKB P +
Cm Pelet-set_Touch
14-50
+ recirculation
built in boiler

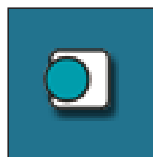


Pump (no demand to work)

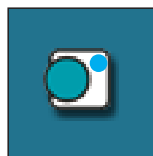


Pump has demand to work (when there is demand to work, given by a customer, yellow rectangle appears inside the pump symbol, but pump doesn't work if all the conditions are not fulfilled; i.e. too low temperature in the boiler, otherwise it works). It rotates while working, it doesn't rotate while not working.

SYMBOLS



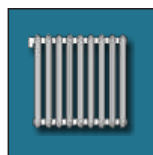
Room thermostat



Next to the room thermostat symbol bright blue circle (the room thermostat has requested for operating the pump, the pump does not work if you have not met all the conditions for its operation, for example. low temp. in the boiler, otherwise normally works)



Room corrector symbol show current measured room temperature (20.0°C), set room temperature in controller + set room corrector correction (20.0+5.0°C).



Heating circuit



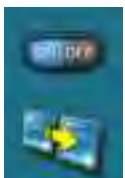
Domestic hot water tank with current temperature



External control – there is a demand



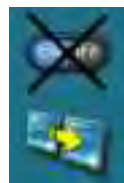
External control – there is no demand



View button / Drop-down menu (all existing elements of automatic / remote boiler start are enabled)



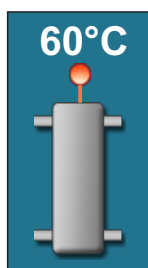
Cascade



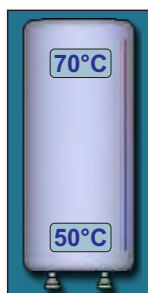
View button / Drop-down menu (all existing elements of automatic / remote boiler start are enabled)



All elements of automatic / remote boiler start are disabled (ON/OFF button is crossed in red)



Hydraulic crossover with the current temperature (there are configuration without temp. sensor)



Accumulation tank with current temperature at top of the tank and at the bottom of the tank.



Heating (working mode)



Heating + DHW (working mode)



DHW (working mode)



Cm WiFi-box - not connected



Cm WiFi-box - connected



Option "Freeze guard" is enabled



"Freeze guard" triggered one of the pumps.



Burner start is disabled in drop down menu due to "freezing guard", freezing protection system works without possibility for burner to work (until the boiler is cooled down to minimum temperature).



Since freezing guard is enabled, burner is started from the OFF phase. Snowflake disappears if burner is started by schedule, external start, Wifi monitoring, CMGSM, by pressing the ON/OFF button or if it goes to the OFF phase.

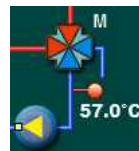
SYMBOLS, THE PARAMETERS ADJUSTING



3-way thermostatic mixing valve
+ pump



3-way mixing valve with actuator and
return flow temp. sensor
+ pump



4-way mixing valve with actuator and
return flow temp. sensor
+ pump



Current status of existing elements of automatic / remote start is shown on the screen (ON/OFF in a drop-down menu):

Shown in the picture:

- Schedule: enabled (status ON)
- Freezing guard: enabled (status ON)
- External control: enabled (status ON)
- WiFi/CM GSM: enabled (status ON)

By switching of a certain button to OFF:

- Schedule: disabled
- Freezing guard: boiler start for freezing protection is disabled, but freezing protection is working in a way it can perform without starting the boiler and a half of snowflake and an exclamation mark appear in the upper right corner of the screen
- External control: start from an external source is disabled and crossed external start icon is shown on the screen
- WiFi/CM GSM: boiler start/stop by WiFi/CM GSM module is disabled, other WiFi/CM GSM options are disabled

THE PARAMETERS ADJUSTING

There are 4 different menu types for adjusting the parameters:

- A - this menu is used to set the parameters that have numerical values (°C, RPM, time...)
example: adjust the burner fan rpm, adjusting the boiler temp. etc...
- B - this menu is used to set parameters that must be selected (marked) to be enabled and there can be multiple selected (enabled) items
NOTE: some enabled options disable another one (they can't be enabled at the same time)
example: enable additional equipment: flap, air cleaning, CM2K, Cm-WiFi-box...
- C - this menu is used to set the parameters that must be selected but there can be only one selected item
example: set the type of the DHW sensor
- D - this menu is used to set the parameters where are many items to be adjusted
example: adjust the burner working parameters on power P2



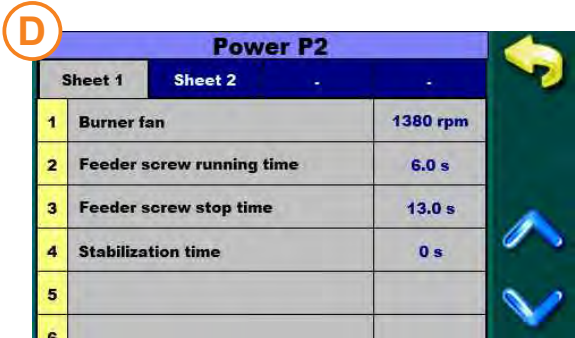
A



B

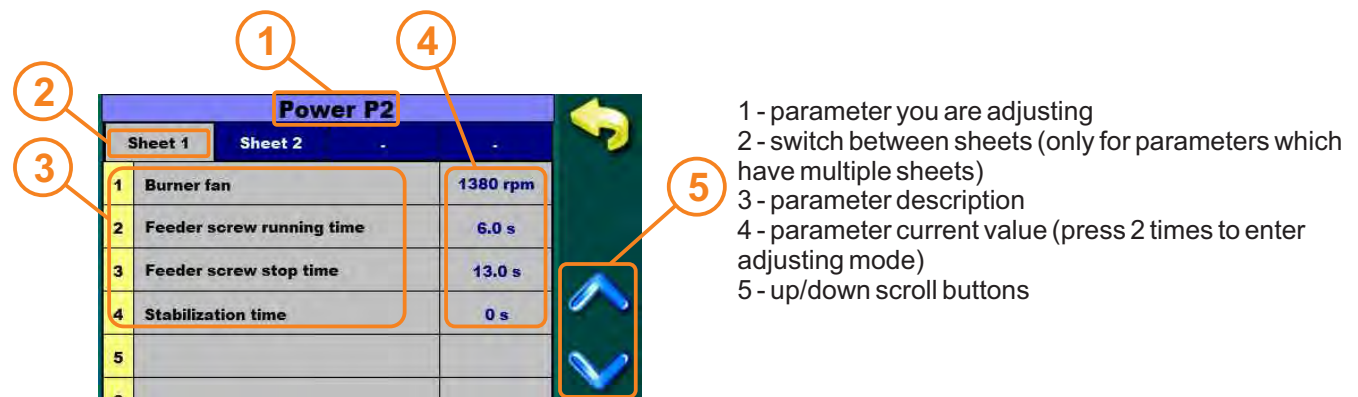
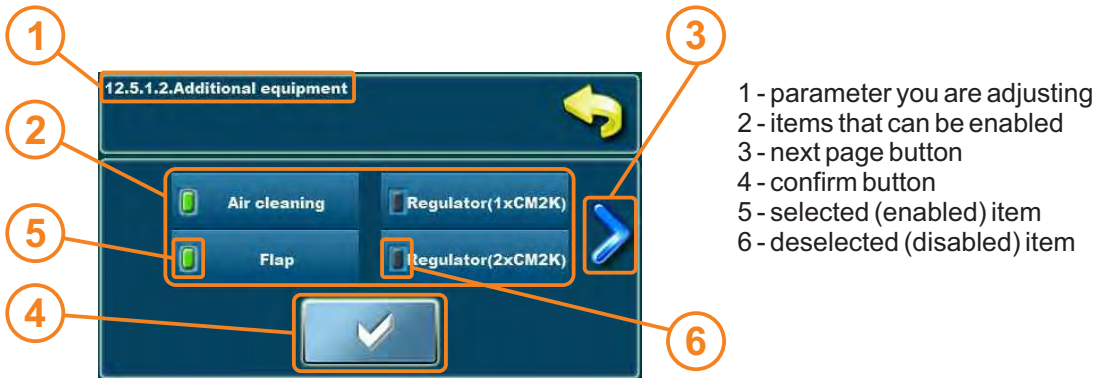
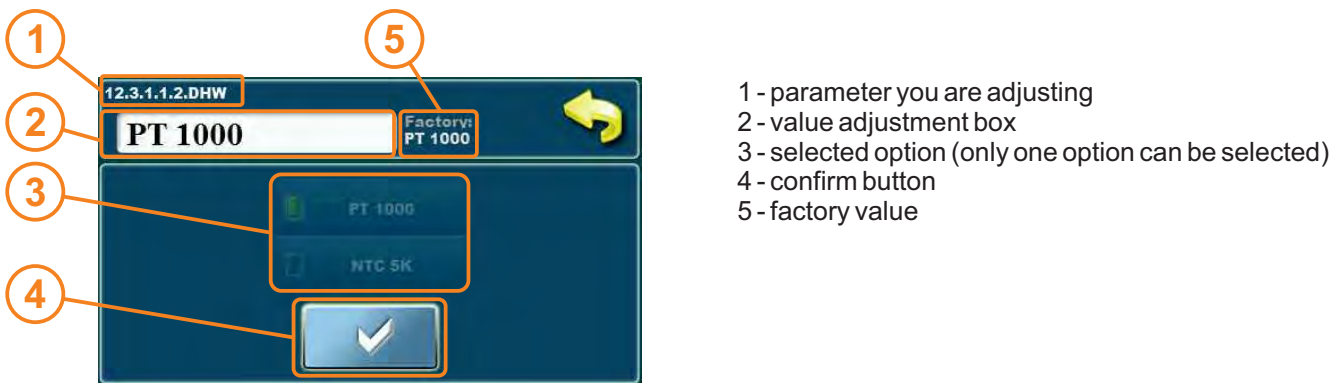
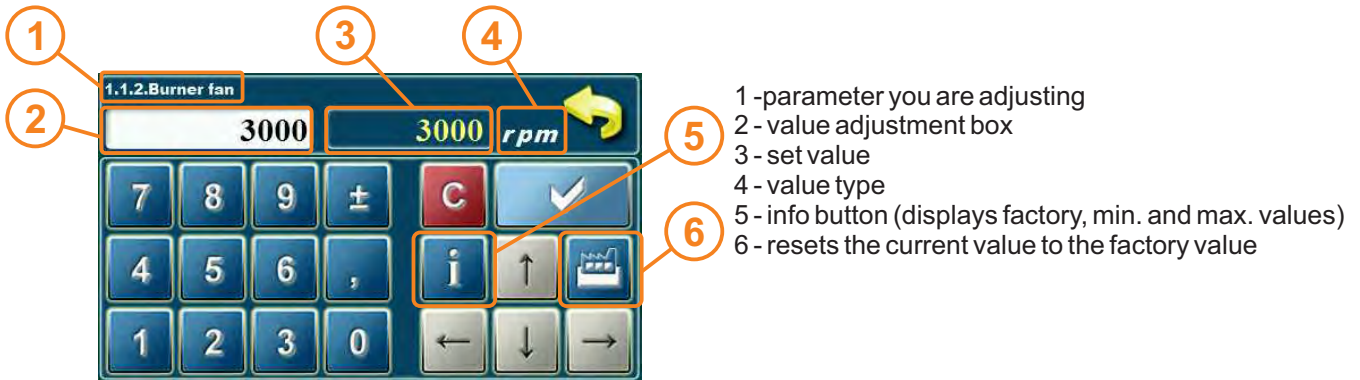


C



D

THE PARAMETERS ADJUSTING METHODS (examples)



NOTE: after parameter changing press the "CONFIRM" button to store new value. If you don't want to save the set value, press "BACK" button.

BURNER START PROCEDURE (START IS ENABLED)

The ways to activate "start is enabled" of the burner (burner goes from the OFF phase to the A0 phase (burner starts) or to the S7-3 waiting phase (STANDBY)):

- manual activation by pressing the ON/OFF button
- activation by schedule (if enabled)
- activation by WiFi or CM GSM module (additional equipment) (if it is enabled in drop-down menu and in "Work mode"/"Additional equipment"/"Internet supervision")

burner in the waiting phase s7-3 (standby) – causes:

- set boiler temperature is reached (controller waits the boiler temperature to drop below set difference)
- there is no heating demand (from heating circuits and/or DHW tank) (controller is set to start according to the heating demands)
- external control, that is enabled, turned the boiler off

Notes:

Burner may get into the S7-3 waiting phase right after start is activated (from the OFF phase) because one or more of the S7-3 waiting phase causes are fulfilled.

BURNER STOP PROCEDURE / CONTROLLER STOP PROCEDURE

Correct ways to stop (turn off) the burner (get to the OFF phase):

- manual burner stop (turn off) by pressing ON/OFF button if burner is in any phase except the OFF phase (no matter if external control is enabled or disabled)
- burner stop (turn off) by schedule (if enabled) (no matter if external control is enabled or disabled)
- burner stop (turn off) by WiFi or CM GSM (additional equipment) (no matter if external control is enabled or disabled)

Correct controller stop (turn off) procedure (main switch 0/1)

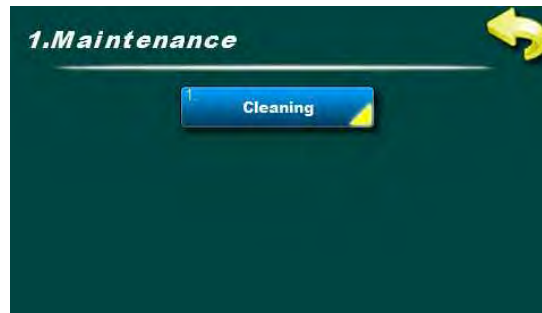
- first thing to do is to get the burner into the OFF phase – the burner is turned off (unless it is already in that phase)
- switch off the main switch 0/1 (put it into the 0 position)



IMPORTANT NOTES!!! !!!

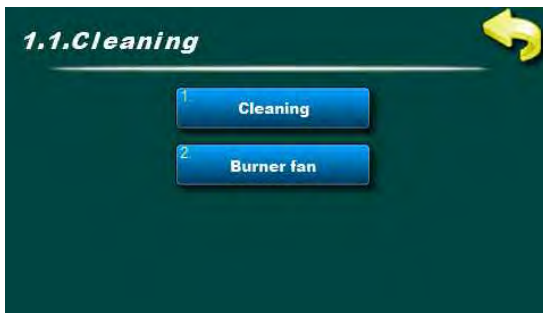
- the main switch (0/1) on the controller is not intended for switching the controller on and off
- the burner must be in the OFF phase before switching the controller off on the main switch

1.0. MAINTENANCE



NOTE: Burner cleaning option is not a replacement for manual burner and burner grate cleaning. Burner cleaning must be carried out regularly, according to the technical manual.

1.1. CLEANING THE BURNER



Under "**CLEANING**" menu are two options:

Cleaning: this option is used to start the burner fan on the set RPMs to clean the burner grate (note: depending of the pellets quality grate will be more or less clean. After this procedure, burner grate should be removed and cleaned and the burner head should also be cleaned.)

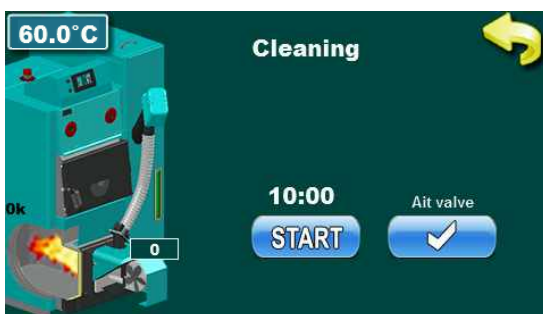
Burner fan: this option sets the burner fan RPMs during cleaning

1.1.1. CLEANING – basic equipment



Press the "**START**" button to start the burner fan for 10 min. After pressing the "START" button countdown is started for 10 min, after which burner fan stops automatically

1.1.1. CLEANING – installed additional equipment – burner air cleaning



Press "**AIR VALVE**" button to open the electro-magnetic valve and to clean the burner with compressed air. After pressing the "AIR VALVE" countdown is started for 60 sec in which time "AIR VALVE" button is disabled to allow compressor to fill its tank.

1.1.2. BURNER FAN



This option is used to adjust burner fan RPMs during cleaning procedure.

Possible adjustment:

- **Factory adjustment: 3000 rpm**
- Minimal adjustment value: 500 rpm
- Maximal adjustment value: 3000 rpm

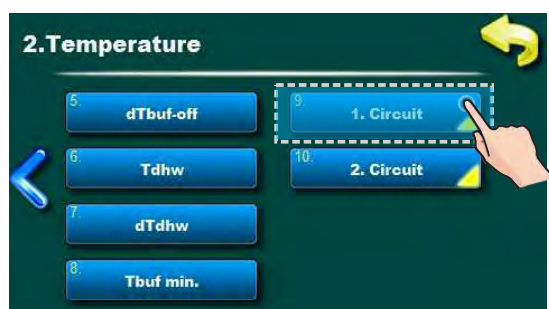
2.0. TEMPERATURE



Temperature menu shows only items applicable to the set configuration. In next section of the manual all available configurations and schemes are listed.

Available temperature settings will be described at every individual configuration and scheme in "**CONFIGURATIONS**" section of this manual.

NOTE: this is only representation picture, actual possible adjustment depends on set configuration.

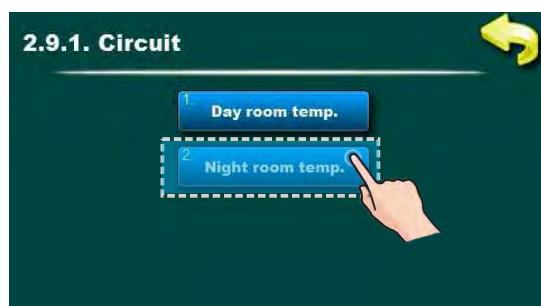
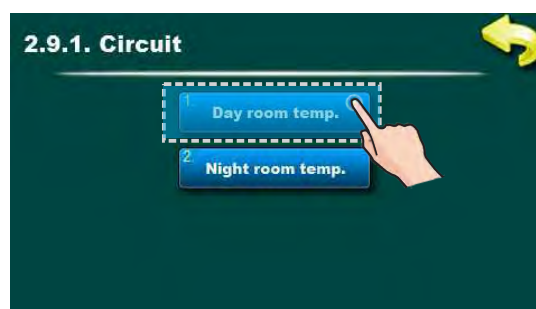


Possible adjustment:

Factory: **20.0°C**

Option: 5.0 - 30.0°C

This sets up the first heating circuit daily room temperature.



Possible adjustment:

Factory: **20.0°C**

Option: 5.0 - 30.0°C

This sets up the first heating circuit night room temperature.



3.0. SCHEDULE



This option is used to set a working time of the burner, DHW tank heating, DHW recirculation pump and to change daytime and night time temperature of the first and the second heating circuit.

NOTE:

This manual shows the screen with the largest possible number of the basic boiler controller devices where schedule is available. An actual number of the devices with ordinal device numbers depends on chosen a selected configuration.

3.1. SCHEDULE - BOILER



This option is used to select a one of the three **SCHEDULE** tables you have set or to select **Schedule: OFF**

Possible adjustment: "SCHEDULE":

- Factory: OFF

- Table 1, Table 2, Table 3

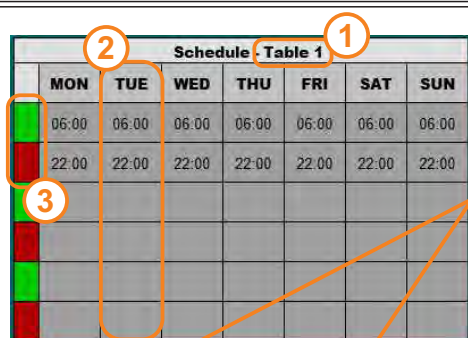
NOTE:

You can adjust three different tables according to your needs, but one table can be active at the moment only.

3.1.2. TABLE 1/2/3



This option is used to set "**SCHEDULE TABLES**". Each table can be set individually. You can set ON/OFF 3 times during 1 day and every day can be individually set.



| | MON | TUE | WED | THU | FRI | SAT | SUN |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 06:00 | | | | | | | |
| 22:00 | | | | | | | |

- 1 - current table you are adjusting (table 1 / table 2 / table 3)
- 2 - day of the week
- 3 - green - burner start (on)
red - burner stop (off)

Press the box to adjust the time

You can adjust 3 start and stop during 1 day

You can copy/paste from one day to another by pressing the "day box" of the day which you want to copy, press the **"COPY"** button and press the desired "day box" and press **"PASTE"** button.



3.2. DHW



This option is used to select a one of the three **SCHEDULE** tables you have set or to select **Schedule: OFF**

Setting up the table "SCHEDULE":

- **Factory: OFF**

- Table 1, Table 2, Table 3

NOTE:

You can adjust three different tables according to your needs, but one table can be active at the moment only. Each table can be set individually. You can set 3 starts and 3 stops of an active DHW period in a day.

3.3. RECIRCULATION



This option is used to select a one of the three **SCHEDULE** tables you have set or to select **Schedule: OFF**

Setting up the table "SCHEDULE":

- **Factory: OFF**

- Table 1, Table 2, Table 3

NOTE:

You can adjust three different tables according to your needs, but one table can be active at the moment only. Each table can be set individually. You can set 3 starts and 3 stops of an active DHW recirculation period in a day.

3.4. SCHEDULE – 1st heating circuit



This option is used for adjusting periods when room temperature is maintained. "Day temperature"/"Night temperature" or "Table" where switching from "Day temperature" to "Night temperature" is defined.

Possible adjustment:

- Factory: Day temperature
- Day temperature, Night temperature, Table

NOTE:

It is possible to adjust one table with different settings.

In the table it is possible to set the three switch to "Day temperature" and three switch to "Night temperature" in one day..

3.5. SCHEDULE – 2st heating circuit

This option is used for adjusting periods when room temperature is maintained. "Day temperature"/"Night temperature" or "Table" where switching from "Day temperature" to "Night temperature" is defined.

Possible adjustment:

- Factory: Day temperature
- Day temperature, Night temperature, Table

NOTE:

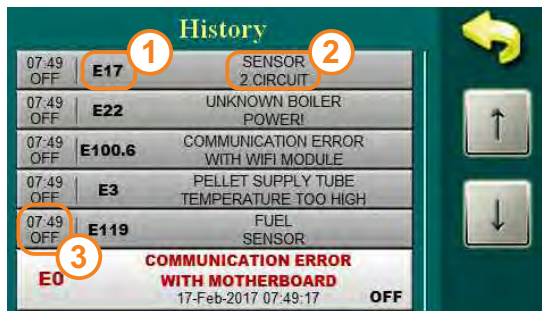
It is possible to adjust one table with different settings.

In the table it is possible to set the three switch to "Day temperature" and three switch to "Night temperature" in one day.

4.0. HISTORY



This option is used to see the history of the occurred "ERRORS" and "WARNINGS»



This option is used to see the history of the occurred "ERRORS".

- 1 - error code
- 2 - description of the error
- 3 - time and error of operation phase

Errors codes are marked with the letter "E".

List and the description of the errors can be found at the end of these instructions.



This option is used to see the history of the occurred "WARNINGS»

- 1 - error code
- 2 - description of the error
- 3 - time and working stage when warning occurred

Warning codes are marked with letter "W"

List and the description of the warnings can be found at the end of these instructions.

5. OPERATION MODE



This menu is used to set various parameters, enable/disable various additional equipment and functions, various work modes, manual test etc.... This menu is designed for end user.

NOTE:

some of the options in this menu are GREYED OUT (disabled) and they can't be changed.

They are only shown to see settings/values of some options.

View in this menu depend of selected options and additional equipment.

5.1. FORCED SHUTDOWN



This option is used to forced shut down of the burner in any working stage. Before pressing the "**FORCED SHUTDOWN**" you must switch off the burner on the "**ON/OFF**" switch and confirm "**STOP**" action on the main display.

NOTE: after "**FORCED SHUTDOWN**" you must open the boiler door with burner, and clean the burner grate before starting the burner again.

5.2. MANUAL TEST



This menu is used to check the relay outputs, the connection to the electrical parts and the operation of the electrical parts of the boiler. Pressing the Start button starts the selected component, pressing the Stop component button stops functioning.

Parts:

- **burner fan:** you can check the operation of the burner fan in 2 speed (maximum RPM and 1700 rpm) - when you turn on the test, the measured RPM is displayed on the screen. If max. RPM printed more than 3000, measurer RPM is not well positioned or is defective

- **pellet transporter:** the operation of the pellet transporter can be checked

- **el. Heater + burner fan:** the burner heater function (igniter) can be checked - to protect the burner el . heater, the burner fan is automatically switched on when the heater is switched on

- **pump P1 / DHW / RECIRCULATION:** the operation of all connected pumps can be checked

- **1.circuit / 2. circuit:** it is possible to check the operation of all mixing heating circuit elements (pumps, opening / closing of actuator)

- **mixing valve (with actuator (backflow protection))-** it is possible to check the operation of the mixing valve actuator (backflow protection)

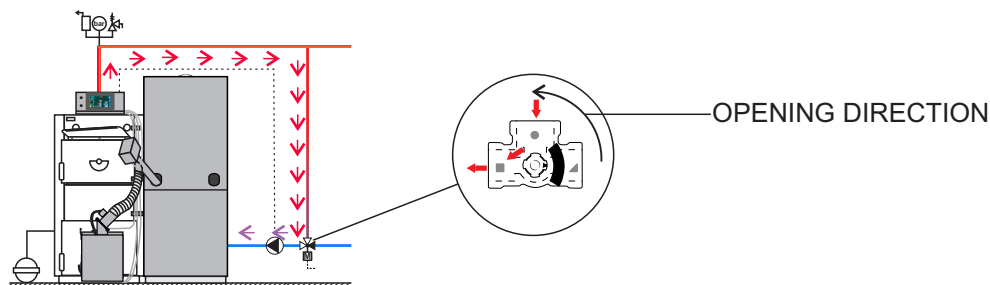
- when in the manual test (mixing valve) is pushed button "START" (close MV!)" valve must close the water flow from the heating installation into boiler and open the bypass (case1 and case 3 or mirror image if the mixing valve is installed on the left side of the boiler).

- when in the manual test (mixing valve) is pushed button " START " (open MV!)" valve must open the water flow from the heating installation into boiler and close the bypass (case2 and case 4 or mirror image if the mixing valve is installed on the left side of the boiler).

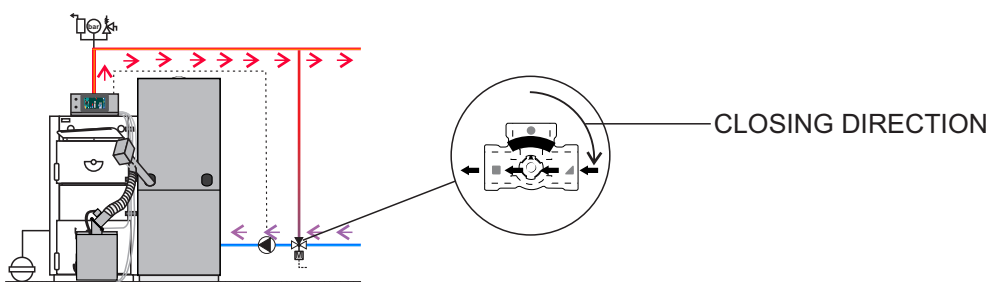
- **additional equipment:** menu for manual test of the installed additional equipment

NOTE: The display in this menu and the "**ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT**" menu depends on the configuration selected and the installed additional equipment.

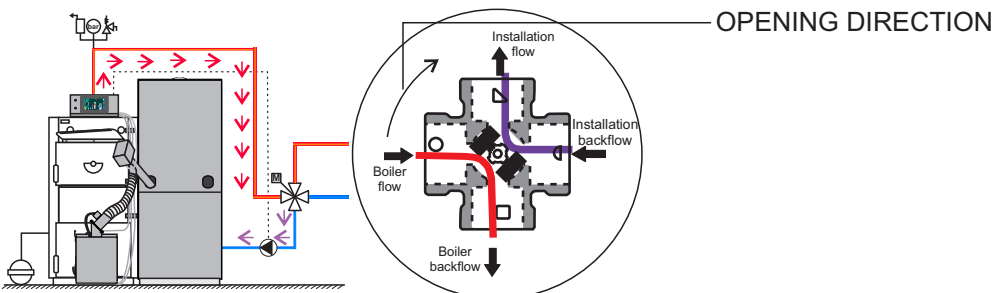
Case 1. 3-way mixing valve with actuator is 100% closed.



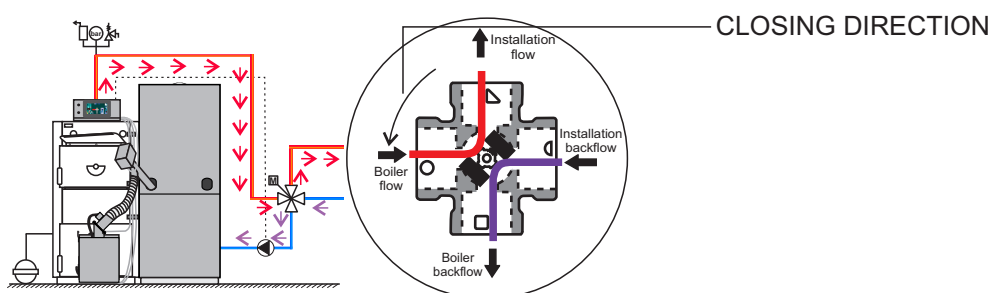
Case 2. 3-way mixing valve with actuator is 100% open.



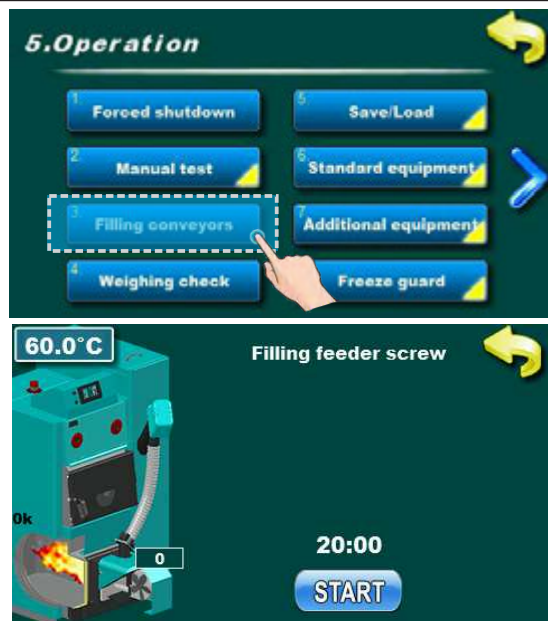
Case 3. 4-way mixing valve with actuator is 100% closed.



Case 4. 4-way mixing valve with actuator is 100% open



5.3. PELLET TRANSPORTER



NOTE:

If the transporter is empty, it must be filled before the burner is started.

Filling feeder screw:

This option is used to initially filling of the transporter. It can also be used if the transporter is emptied. We recommend that you start the procedure and wait for the process to complete to make sure the transporter is full (20 min.).

Before starting this option, disconnect the plastic flexible tube from the burner and place the bucket / bag underneath. After finishing the process, empty the pellet / bucket bag into the pellet tank and connect the plastic flexible tube back to the burner.

Filling at start check:

This option is used to control the initially filling of the burner. By pressing the "START" key the transporter will start working and continue continuously until the set time has elapsed (the counter starts to count down). The specified time is set in the Initial Charge parameter in the "INSTALLATION" menu. After the transporter has stopped working it is necessary to open the burner door and check if the pellets are covered. El. heater for correct ignition (open the lower door and close them after checking (microswitch)) - follow the instructions on the screen. After completion of the control and eventual correction of the initial charge time (+ 10%), the control automatically records the done change, the boiler starts automatically without initial charge! (so you do not need to clean the pellet grate manually). If you do not want to start automatically after the control, the "5. Operation mode-> 5.1.Forced Shutdown" may turn off the burner, but after that you must clean the burner grate.

Possible Reasons for Correction:

If the pellets are not covered the el. heater, the pellet transporter may be either insufficiently filled or the initial filling time should be extended (in steps of 10 seconds).

5.4. WEIGHING CHECK



This option is used to check pellet delivery amount.

You can set the transporter working time (1) after which you want to weight the pellet.

On screen is displayed factory amount and last measuring which can be done only by authorized serviceman (if has been done, if not factory and last weighing is the same).

In order to weigh more precisely weighing must be repeated at least 3 times.

5.5. SAVE/LOAD



This option is used to save parameters, load / load service parameters and delete saved parameters.

SAVE - save current settings

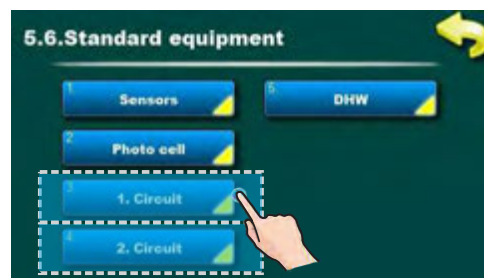
LOAD - load saved setting

LOAD SERVICE - load setting authorized serviceman saved

DELETE - delete saved settings

You can save multiple setting under different names and you can load and delete saved setting.

5.6. STANDARD EQUIPMENT



This option is used for view (adjusting) standard equipment of Cm Pelet-set_Touch.

Options:

- **sensors** - it is only possible to view the type of sensor (PT1000 – factory or NTC 5K)
- **photocell** - it is only possible to preview the photocell settings
- **1st circuit / 2nd circuit** - the user settings of the heating circuits can be adjusted
- **DHW** - DHW can be set (on / off) and if recirculation is switch on can be set also "Recirculation operation time" and "Recirculation pause".
- **mixing valve** - (with actuator (backflow protection)) it is possible to check the settings: "Valve time" (opening time of 0-100%, all configuration with mixing valve), "Min. opening" (after the temperature of the backflow exceeds 60 ° C the mixing valve opens to a set percentage, if the temperature of the recovery falls again below 60 ° C the mixing valve closes, this is only possible for the "H" configurations that actively activate the mixing valve).

NOTE:

- some of the options in this menu are DISABLED and could not be changed. It only serves to view the set value. The display in this menu depends on the selected configuration (XYZ).

5.6.1. SENSORS



This option is used for view the selected sensors type (NTC 5K or PT1000).

Factory: PT1000

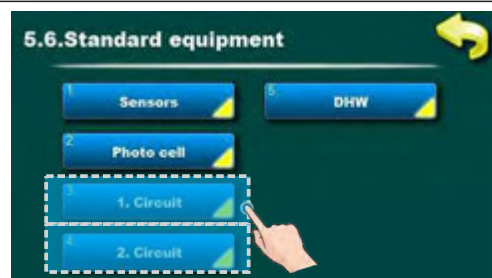
Options: Pt1000 / NTC 5K

5.6.2. PHOTOCCELL



This option is used to view the selected photocell parameters.

5.6.3/5.6.4. 1. CIRCUIT / 2. CIRCUIT








This option is used for adjusting the mixing heating circuits.

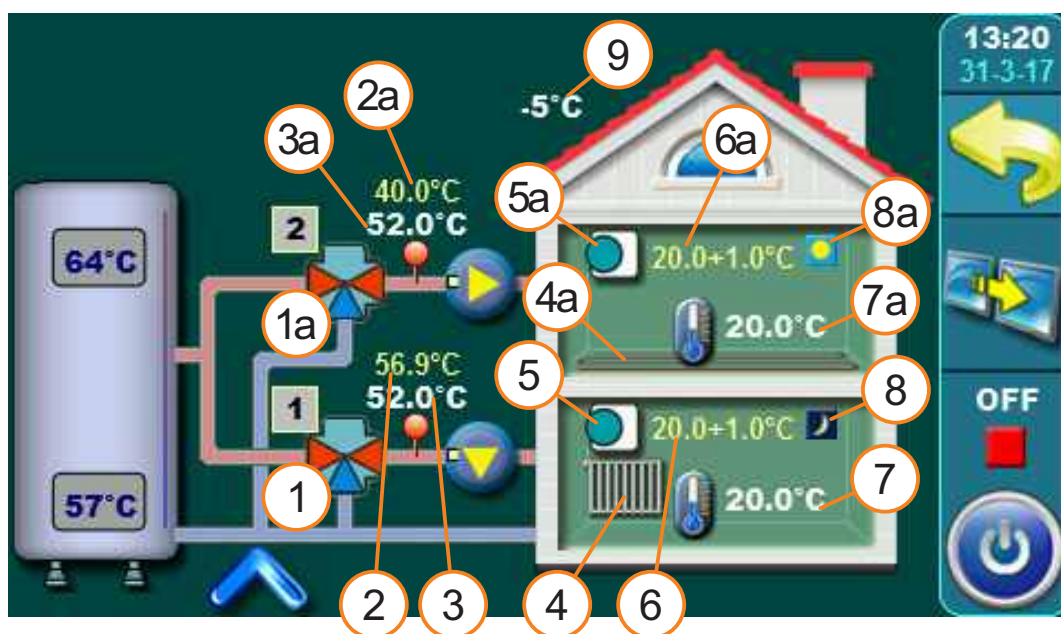
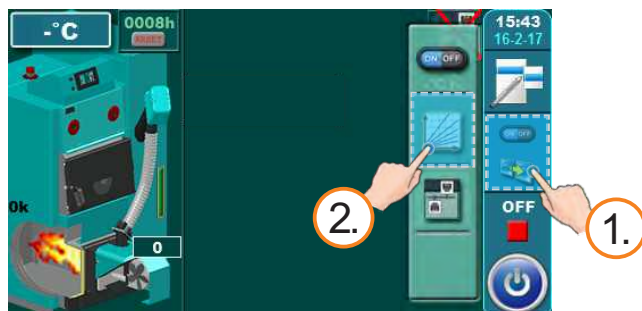
NOTE:

some parameters are shown in "OPERATION" menu but can't be changed. They can be changed only in "INSTALLATION" menu which is under PIN (only for authorized serviceman).

5.6.3.1 - 5.6.4.2 1. CIRCUIT / 2. CIRCUIT

It's possible to view all enabled mixing heating circuits (set temperatures, measured temperatures, heating type, working of the pumps etc...). To enter this view press  /  button and then .

If there are more than 2 mixing heating circuits enabled you can switch view between them with   buttons.



This schematic view is only possible to view, it is not possible to turn on / off / adjust individual elements.

General:

Specific elements can be individually adjusted and displayed for each heating circuit.

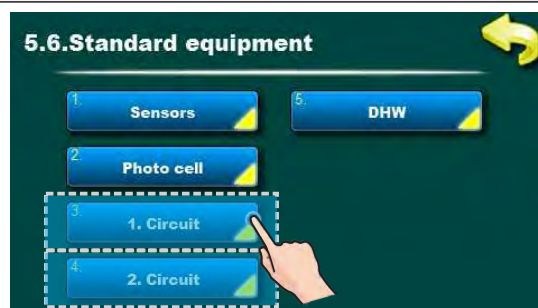
For example: Turn on / off the heating circuit, turn on / off the room corrector, select the type of heating circuit for each circuit (radiator / floor), select the operation mode (daily / night).

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 - Mixing valve (1.circuit) | 6 - The desired temperature + deviation by room corrector (1.circuit) |
| 2 - The calculated flow temperature (1.circuit) | 7 - Current measured room temperature (shown only if the room corrector is turned on) in 1.circuit |
| 3 - Current measured flow temperature (1.circuit) | 8 - Mode (1.circuit) (day / night) |
| 4 - Heating type on 1. circuit (radiators or floor heating) | 9 - Outer temperature (outer sensor) |
| 5 - Room corrector „CSK“ on 1. circuit (if turned off, icon disappears) | |

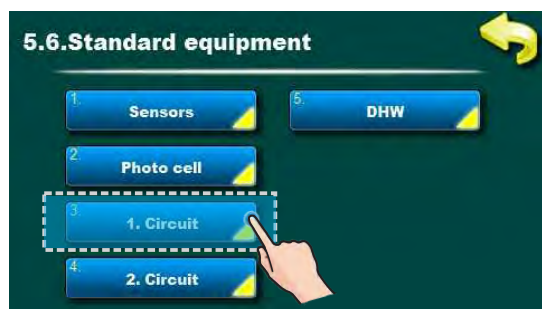


Elements 1a - 8a have the same meaning as elements 1 to 8 (described above) refer only to the 2nd heating circuit or or any heating mixing circuit involved with respect to the number of circuits included.

SETTING PARAMETERS FOR EACH HEATING CIRCUIT



Regulation can control up to two mixing heating circuits. They must be enabled and set under "INSTALLATION" menu. To make adjustment of each circuits go to the "OPERATION" menu then "STANDARD EQUIPMENT" menu.

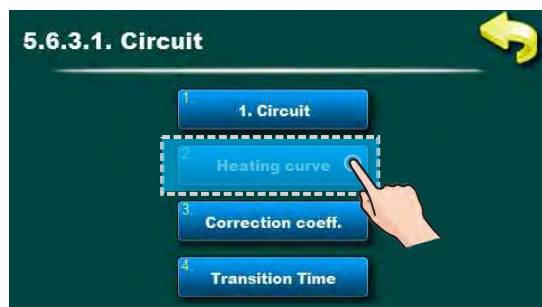


Possible selection:

Factory: ON

Option: ON, OFF

By using this option you can enable/disable heating circuits.

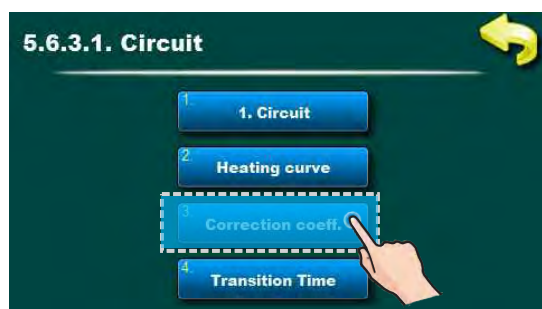


Possible selection:

Factory: 1.0

Option: 0.1 - 4.0

By using this option you can set heating curve value.



Possible selection:

Factory: 1.0

Option: 0, 1 - 5,0

By using this option you can set correction value.

5.7. ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT



This option is used to view the setting / setting of additional equipment that is not in the basic delivery (for most of the equipment the setting lowers on / off and detailed adjustment is performed by the authorized service person).

Options:

- **Air cleaning** - turn on/off air cleaning
- **Flap** - turn on/off burner flap (only for preview)
- **CM2K** - turn on/off CM2K (only for preview)
- **External control** - turn on/off external control (start) (only for preview)
- **CAL** - turn on/off alarm alert and setting up certain options
- **Cascade** - turn on/off the cascade and setting up certain options
- **CM-GSM** - turn on/off CM-GSM module
- **Internet supervision** - turn on/off internet supervision and setting up certain options
- **CMSR100** - turn on/off fuel level sensor and reserve time (only for preview)
- **Suction system** - turn on/off suction system and setting up certain options

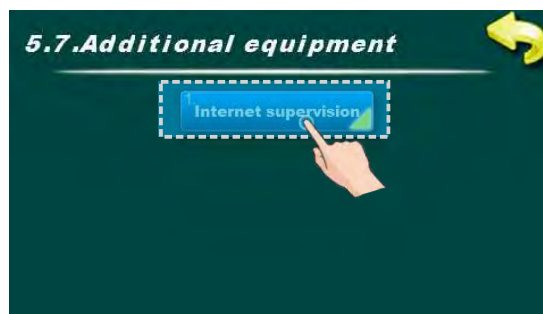
NOTE:

additional equipment must be enabled under **"INSTALLATION"** menu (PIN required) and only then is shown in this menu.

Some of the items shown here can be adjusted only under **"INSTALLATION"** menu and can be changed only by authorized serviceman.

5.7.3. INTERNET SUPERVISION

This option is used to connect regulation to the internet through Cm WiFi-box via WiFi network. Cm WiFi-box is additional equipment and is not part of standard delivery.



This option is used to enable/disable Cm WiFi-box and set its parameters.

NOTE: view in this menu depends of enabled additional equipment.



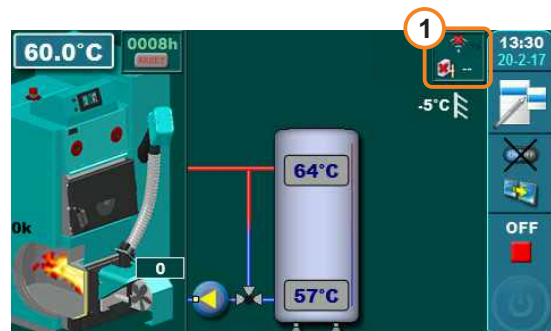
Internet supervision options:

- **Factory: "Sup. + control"**

- options: "OFF" / "Supervision" / «Sup.+control»

Wifi network name - this option is used to enter the name of the WiFi network you want to connect

WiFi password - this option is used to enter password of the WiFi network you want to connect



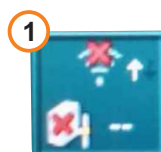
Time sync. - this option is used to synchronise time between web portal and boiler

Time zone - this option is used to set the time zone if boiler time zone is different from web portal time zone

Connection reset - this option is used to reset the connection between Cm WiFi-box and boiler



Regulation is connected with web portal (internet supervision is enabled)



Regulation is not connected with web portal (internet supervision is not enabled)

IMPORTANT NOTES

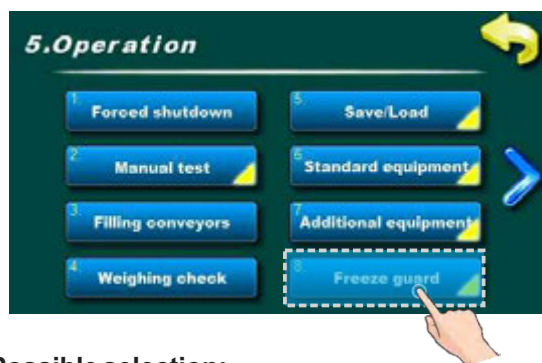


CM WiFi-box requires active DHCP server of Access Point (e.g. router) because manual setting of network parameters is not possible. For more informations contact administrator of your local network.



For detailed configuration of the Cm WiFi-box please refer to the Cm WiFi-box manual received with the Cm WiFi box.

5.8.1. FREEZE GUARD



Possible selection:

Factory: OFF

Options: OFF, ON

While Freeze guard option is enabled, controller monitors minimum set temperature of each sensor in boiler and equipment attached to controller and, in case that Toutside option is enabled, controller also monitors minimum outside temperature. If temperature drops below set value, controller starts pumps and the boiler if needed.

While Freeze guard option is enabled and particular pump are selected in submenu Option, if particular system components are disabled (ie. DHW tank...), those components are display in grey on the Main screen. The pumps that supply those disabled components will be started due to Freeze guard option. The pumps started due to Freeze guard option have no additional marking in their symbols.

In case the Freeze guard option is enabled, but a heating circuit is disabled, a number by the heating circuit is crossed and the heating circuit is started due to Freez guard option.

5.8.2. TOUTSIDE

While Freeze guard option is enabled, controller monitors minimum set temperature of each sensor connected to the controller and the minimum set outside temperature. While Toutside is disabled, the Freeze guard option will monitor minimum set temperature of the boiler and equipment only.

Enabling and disabling of this option can be provide under INSTALLER (PIN), a customer has just possibility to view this option.

5.8.3. OPTION



If both Freeze guard and Toutside options are enabled, a customer has an opportunity to enable particular pump (each pump must be selected separately) while minimum outside temperature drops below set value. In menu are displayed all active pumps that can be selected. If there is a defect on outside temperature sensor or if it is disabled, but Toutside option is enabled, the situation will be considered as fulfilled outside temperature condition and the pumps will be enabled to work.

5.8.4. TEMPERATURE

Freeze guard (set temperatures preview):

Tsensor_min - minimum temperature of an each sensor to start the Freeze guard

dTsensor_min - minimum temperature difference of an each sensor

Toutside_min - minimum outside temperature to star the Freeze guard

5.9. WORK MODE



This option enables to set working mode

- Possible selection:
- **Factory: Heating+DHW** (unless the basic equipment doesn't have any heating circuit)
 - Options: Heating+DHW, AUTO DHW<>Heat. + DHW, DHW

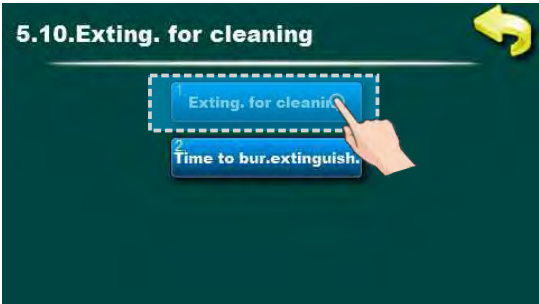
Heating+DHW - this mode is possible if there are both heating circuits and DHW, the heating and DHW tank are controlled according to set conditions.

AUTO DHW<>Heat.+DHW - This mode is possible if there are both heating circuits and DHW, the controller changes Heating+DHW and DHW mode according to set conditions (outside temperature) and it automatically adjusts the system to the selected working mode and to the selected working mode conditions.

DHW - this mode is possible if there are both heating circuits and DHW, but DHW mode is manually or automatically selected, or there are no heating circuits, just DHW.

Note:
If DHW is used in configurations X7Y and X8Y over CM2K module, in DHW mode DHW over CM2K is disabled. If a customer wants to use DHW over CM2K, all heating circuits must be manually disabled in CM2K and Heating+DHW mode must be selected.

5.10.1. EXTINGUISHING FOR CLEANING



This option is used for enabling and disabling Extinguishing for cleaning option. If this option is enabled the burner automatically starts extinguishing phase for grate cleaning / blowing an ash off the grate after continuous working time in the set time "Time to burner extinguishing" (if burner extinguishing conditions are not fulfilled, the burner is automatically started again after extinguishing phase).

Note:
Depending on a pellet quality, that are used, it is recommended to occasionally switch the burner off and clean the burner grate with fan (or air cleaning – additional equipment).

- Possible selection:
- **Factory: ON**

5.10.2. TIME TO BURNER EXTINGUISHING



This option is used to set time for burner shut down. In case of continuous burner working for this time, burner will shut down (in this process it will clean the grate, with burner fan or air cleaning if it's installed). After burner shutdown process, burner will start again and this counter will be reset. Also at every shut down, this counter is reset.

Possible selection:

- **Factory: 180 min (OFF)**
- Options: 45 - 360 min

5.11. MODULATION



This option is used to show set parameters of modulation.

Possible selection (parameters can be changed in INSTALATION menu (under PIN) only) :

- **Factory: ON**
- Options: ON / OFF

If the option "MODULATION" is enabled it can be see set parameters of the modulation.

Modulation beginning - set how many °C below set boiler temp. modulation will start (options: -4°C, -3°C, -2°C, -1°C)

Modulation percentage - set in how many steps (percentages of power) modulation will work (options depends of the set burner power)

Burner power:

- power **90, 35 kW** have **4 steps** of modulation (80/65/50/30%)
- power **70, 50, 30, 25 kW** have **3 steps** of modulation (80/60/50%)
- power **60, 40, 20, 14 kW** have **2 steps** of modulation (75/50%)

6. DISPLAY



This option is used to set display/sound parameters.

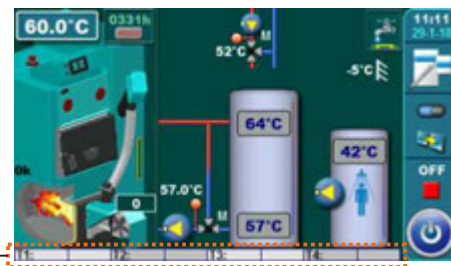
Options:

- **Screensaver** - a time period after which screensaver shows for protecting the screen due to displaying the same image for a long time. By touching the screen Screensaver disappears and the next screensaver time period countdown starts after the last touch. If there is an "Error/Warning" Screensaver disappears and the next screensaver time period countdown starts after an error/warning is confirmed to be seen by a customer or after the last touch.

- **Language selection** - this menu enables or disables displaying of the language selection screen as an initial screen after the controller is switched on. If 'OFF' is selected, the controller will be switched on in the pre-set language and after a certain period of time, 'Initial message time', the main screen will appear. During the first commissioning, an authorized serviceman will select preferred language and disable Language selection option to allow the controller to automatically start after electricity gets back. If Language selection is not disabled, after electricity gets back, the controller will wait a customer to select the preferred language and then continue to work.

- **Initial message time** - time period setup after controller is switched on in case the Language selection option is disabled (after that time main screen will be displayed). Time is counted if Language selection option is disabled only.

- **Show timers** - this option allows a customer to have the timer of each working phase displayed in the main screen. This option makes it easier to monitor working phases of the burner and other components.

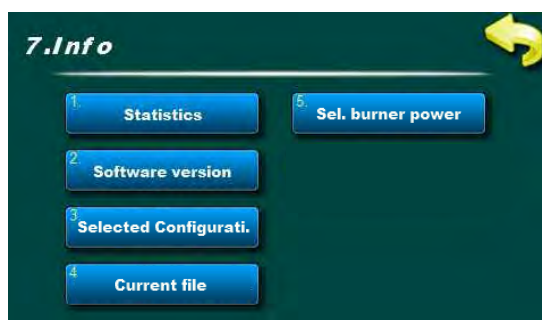


- **Date & Time** - current time and date adjusting. If those parameters are not correct, the scheduled times will not work properly. If time gets reset to 00:00 and date is 1.1.2000. it is necessary to replace the battery on the controller display (CR1220).

- **Sound volume** - to set one of the 3 volume levels or turn the sound off.

- **Sound type** - to select one of the 10 types of the sound.

7. INFO



This option is used to see various informations regarding regulation and burner.

Options:

- **Statistics** - it can be see working times of various parts (burner working / work in Heating type: DHW / rad plamenika u Freezeng guard / start plamenika / vrijeme rada ventilatora plamenika / rad grijača / uključenje grijača / rad transportera / rad pumpe P1)

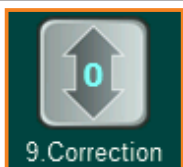
- **Software version** - it can be see burner power (14kW, 20-35kW, 40/50kW ili 90kW), regulation software version and WiFi ID number (if Cm WiFi-box is installed)

- **Selected configuration** - it can be see currently selected configuration

- **Current file** - it can be see which saved file is currently in use

- **Select burner power** - it can be see currently set burner power (it can be selected by an authorized serviceman only – under PIN)

9. CORRECTION



This option is used make correction of pellet delivery. You can decrease delivery by 3 steps. Steps are factory configured. Icon changes according the set step.

"0" - no correction

"1" -> screw feeder supply reduction by 10%

"2" -> screw feeder supply reduction by 20%

"3" -> screw feeder supply reduction by 30%

It is recommended that the customer uses this option if there is, because of the type or quality of pellets, larger amount of sediment left on the burner grate after burning cycle (with regular grate cleaning) or if the customer, during weighing (article 5.4. Weighing check), finds out that screw feeder delivers more pellets than the value entered in "Weighing check" table under "Last weighing".

10. CHIMNEY SWEEPER



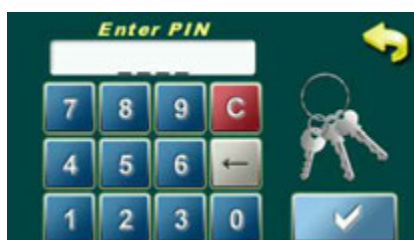
This option is used to enable and set **"CHIMNEY SWEEPER MODE»**

Options:

- **Chimney sweeper** - it can be enabled or disabled "Chimney Sweeper" mode
- **Power** - it can be set burner power for "Chimney Sweeper" mode
- **Minimum boiler temperature** - it can be set the minimum boiler temperature for "CS" mode

"Chimney sweeper MODE" - this mode enables you make flue gas measurement on selected burner power and set minimum boiler temperature. In this mode boiler will be excluded from cascade, external control etc. and work only according boiler temperature. Also in this mode modulation temperatures are lower so burner will modulate later, to enable longer measurement on set power.

11. INSTALLATION



This menu is used only by authorized servicemen.
For entry in "INSTALLATION" menu is necessary to input PIN.

12. BURNER WORKING STAGES



Burner working stage

OFF - burner doesn't work (OFF - burner will not start)

A0 - burner start - only burner fan is working

A1 - start of start up safety time measuring, start of igniter working

A2 - start of transporter working (initial filling)

A3 - end of initial filling (transporter stops), waiting for the flame (in case flame doesn't appear in set time error E2 will appear, ignition fail)

A4 - start of time measuring until entering into the transition stages and additional working time measuring of electric igniter; a flame loss monitoring is started and if there is no flame for more than 4 minutes, the controller gets the burner working mode back to stage A3 (electric igniter is working)

A5 - end of additional igniter working, start of time measuring to enter transition stage PP1

PP1 - transition stage 1

PP2 - transition stage 2

PP3* - transition stage 3*

PP4* - transition stage 4*

PP5* - transition stage 5*

A6 - the burner working mode before reaching the nominal power (fan spins at higher rate than the set value); if there is a flame loss for longer than 15 seconds, the controller gets the burner working mode back to stage A3 (electric igniter is working)

P - (factory selected) burner nominal power

PX*** - burner nominal power (P6, P5, P4, P3, P2 - depends of the burner set power)

M4** - modulation stage 4

M3** - modulation stage 3

M2** - modulation stage 2

M1** - modulation stage 1

PFON230 - power failure and power return stage - (burner tries to establish normal work after power supply failure and return of the power supply)

F1 - (factory selected for CPPL 60/70/90 kW) overload phase of the pellet inlet pipe overload sensor

S7 - (factory selected) the first step in the burner extinguishing phase

- the screw feeder doesn't work, the fan works as in previous phase (if it spins within factory / authorized serviceman min / max value), duration: (factory setting) 7 minutes

S7-1 - (factory OFF, this option can be chosen instead option S7 by an authorized serviceman) - the first step in the burner extinguishing phase

- the screw feeder doesn't work, the fan works as in previous phase (if it spins within factory / authorized serviceman min / max value), duration time is until flame loss is spotted or up to (factory setting) 5 minutes

S7-2 - the second step in the burner extinguishing phase

- the fan spins at maximum rate, duration: (factory setting) 2 minutes

S7-3 - **STANDBY** (phase) – the burner waits for some of the start conditions (temperature difference in the boiler, hydraulic crossover temperature, buffer tank temperature, demand in heating circuit(s), DHW tank heating demand...)

* - transition phase number depends on selected / installed burner heating power

** - (factory selected) modulation number depends on selected / installed burner power and (on) selected modulation level

*** - (disabled by default, an option that can be selected instead of modulation option by an authorized serviceman) the nominal (the maximum rated) heating power depends on selected / installed burner heating power

13. HEATING CONFIGURATION (markings on the display)

CONFIGURATION MARKINGS IN GENERAL: XYZ

Marking description on the individual positions:

X __ - the mark on the first position indicates the mode of the boiler connection on the heating installation (return line safety):

A - marks the boiler connection with the ACCUMULATION TANK via the 3 way thermostatic valve (return line safety 60°C)

B - marks the boiler connection with the ACCUMULATION TANK via the 3 way valve with actuator (return line safety 60°C)

C - marks the boiler connection with the HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER via the 3 way thermostatic valve (return line safety 60°C)

D - marks the boiler connection with the HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER via the 3 way valve with actuator (return line safety)

E - marks the boiler connection with the HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER + SENSOR via the 3 way thermostatic valve (return line safety 60°C)

F - marks the boiler connection with the HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER + SENSOR via the 3 way valve with actuator (return line safety)

H - marks the boiler connection with the 4 WAY VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (return line safety)

I - marks the boiler connection with the ACCUMULATION TANK via the 4 way valve with actuator (return line safety)

J - marks the boiler connection with the HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER via the 4 way valve with actuator (return line safety)

K - marks the boiler connection with the HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER + SENSOR via the 4 way valve with actuator (return line safety)

Y - the mark on the second position indicates if the basic boiler controller steers the production of DHW and recirculation of the DHW and in which form (it is not taken into account one or more CM2K – modules for two heating circuits / DHW) :

0 - there is no DHW and no recirculation of DHW

1 - a DHW tank exists beyond the boiler

2 - a DHW tank exists beyond the boiler and the recirculation of DHW

7 - a DHW tank is embedded in the boiler

8 - a DHW tank is embedded in the boiler and the recirculation of DHW exists

__Z - the mark on the third position indicates if basic regulation steers the central heating circuits, if it steers describes the type and number of circuits (does not consider one or more CM2K modules for two heating circuits / DHW):

0 - boiler regulation does not steer central heating circuits with mixing valves, but with additional selection it can be operated with one or two central heating circuits

1 - the boiler regulation steer with one central heating circuit with the mixing valve

2 - the boiler regulation steer with two central heating circuit with the mixing valve

Several examples of selected configurations (to help you understand the above description)

Example 1:

Configuration A21 - boiler connected with ACCUMULATION TANK via a 3-way thermostatic valve (60 °C return flow protection), DHW tank and DHW recirculation and single central heating circuit steer with mixing valve

Example 2:

Configuration F01 -boiler connected with HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER + SENSOR via a 3-way valve with motor (backflow protection), and single central heating circuit control with mixing valve.

Example 3:

Configuration H00 - boiler connected with 4-WAY MIXING VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (backflow protection) and there is a possibility of controlling one or two direct central heating circuits (if one or more CM2K modules with two heating circuits / DHW are not installed)

Example 4:

Configuration H10 - boiler connected with 4-WAY MIXING VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (backflow protection), DHW tank and there is a possibility of controlling one or two direct central heating circuits (if one or more CM2K modules with two heating circuits / DHW are not installed).

Example 5:

Configuration H20 - boiler connected with 4-WAY MIXING VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (backflow protection), DHW tank with DHW recirculation and there is a possibility of controlling one or two direct central heating circuits (if one or more CM2K modules are not installed for two heating circuits / DHW).

Example 6:

Configuration H70 - boiler connected with 4-WAY MIXING VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (backflow protection), DHW tank installed in the boiler and there is a possibility of controlling one or two direct central heating circuits (if one or more CM2K modules with two heating circuits are not installed / DHW).

Example 7:

Configuration H80 - boiler connected with 4-WAY MIXING VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (backflow protection), DHW tank installed in the boiler, controlled and recirculated DHW and there is a possibility of controlling one or two direct central heating circuits (if no one or more CM2K modules with two heating circuits are installed / DHW).

Example 8:

Configuration H01 - boiler connected with 4-WAY MIXING VALVE WITH ACTUATOR (backflow protection) and steers one central heating circuit with a motor mixing valve (there is no control of one or two direct central heating circuits).

Example 9:

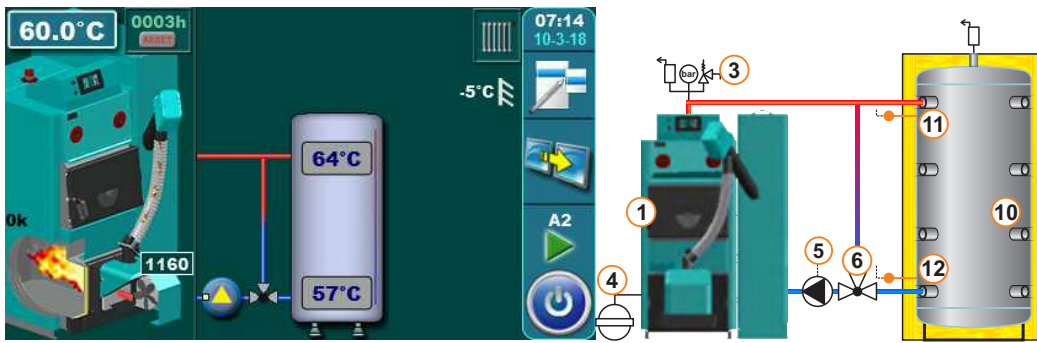
Configuration J71 - boiler connected with HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER via 4-way mixing valve with actuator (backflow protection), DHW tank built into the boiler and steer one central heating circuit with a mixing valve with actuator.

Remark:

Only configuration of H00, H10, H20, H70, H80 can be defined for directing one or two direct heating circuits with or without a pump, room corrector or room thermostat only in the absence of one or more CM2K modules for two circuits heating / DHW.

13.1. Configuration A-0-0

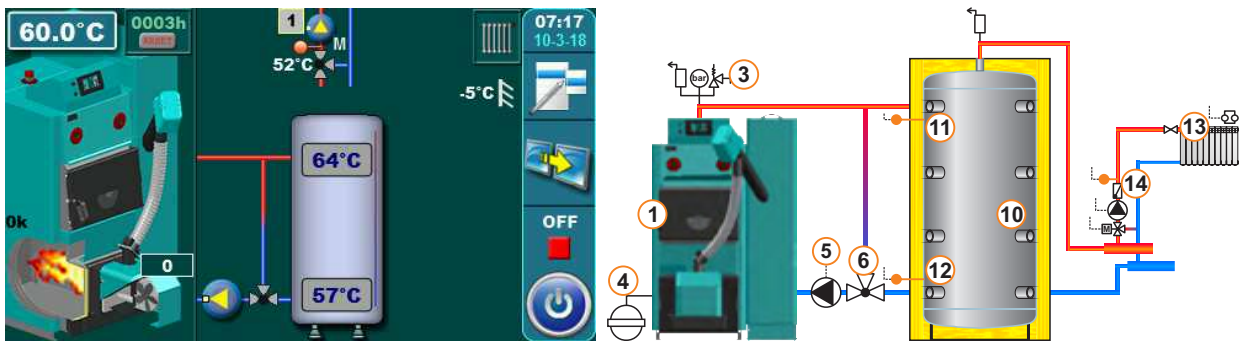
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

13.2. Configuration A-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



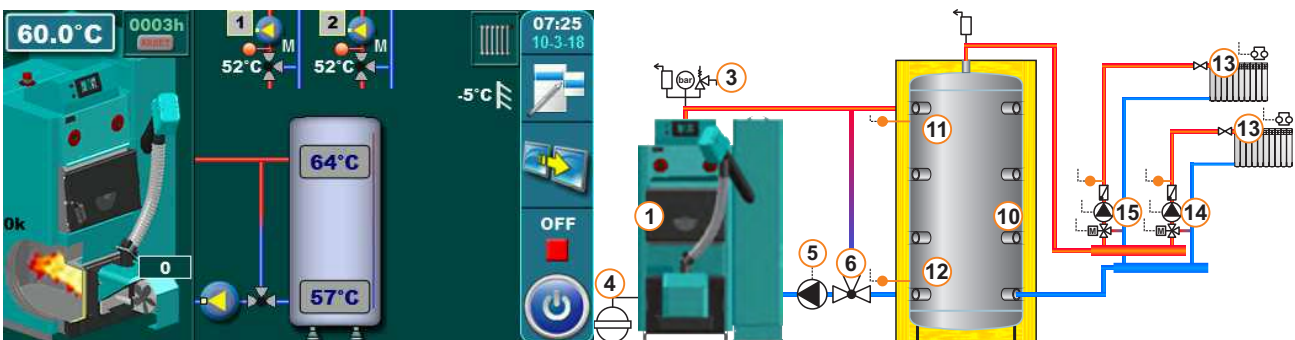
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.3. Configuration A-0-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



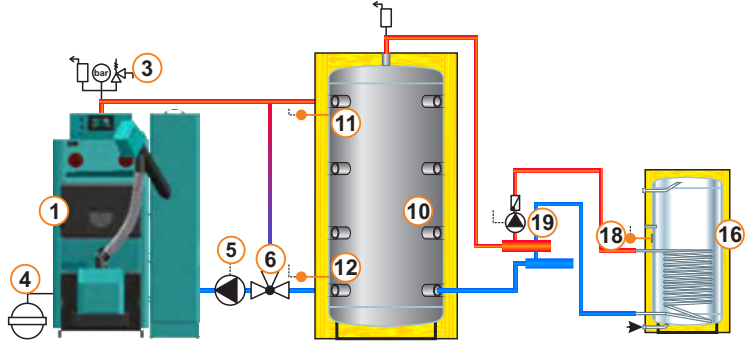
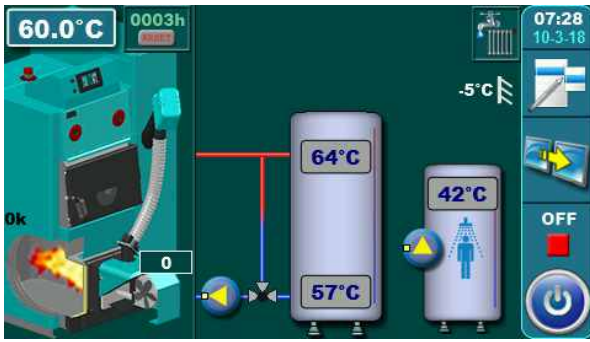
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.4. Configuration A-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

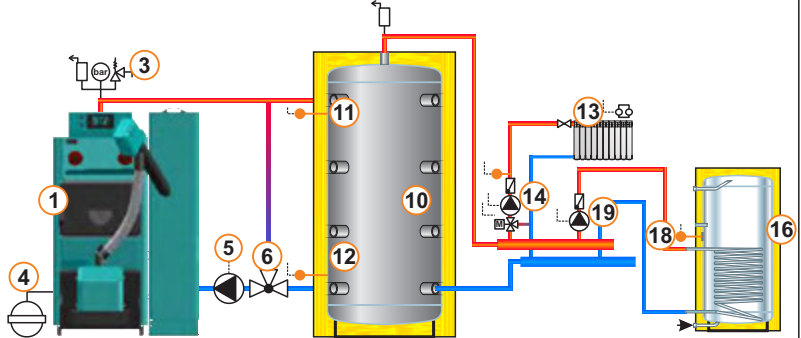
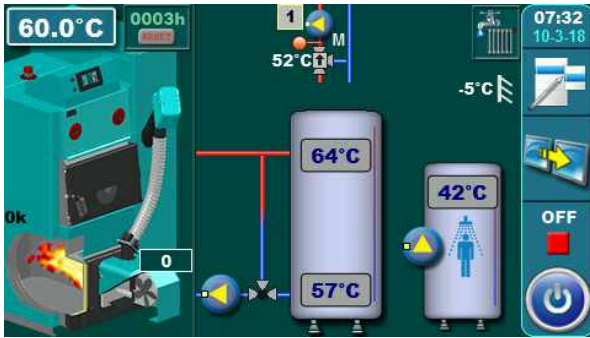


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

13.5. Configuration A-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



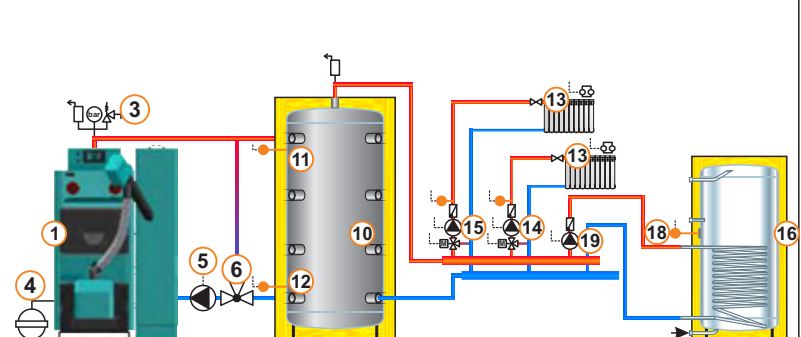
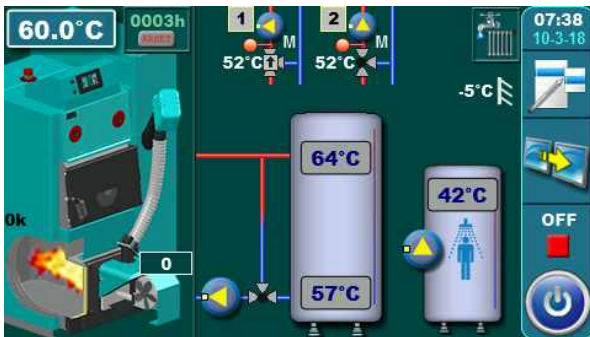
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.6. Configuration A-1-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



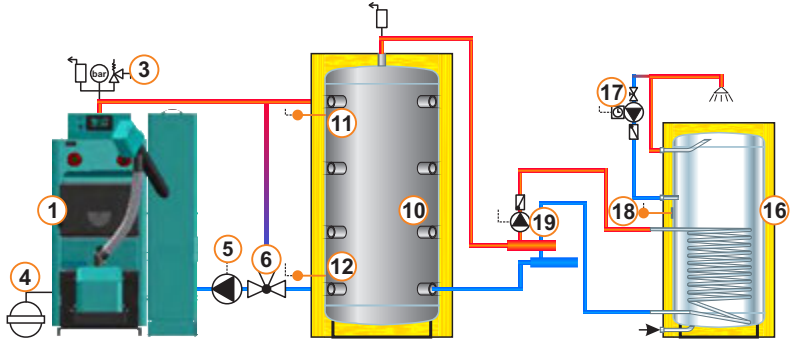
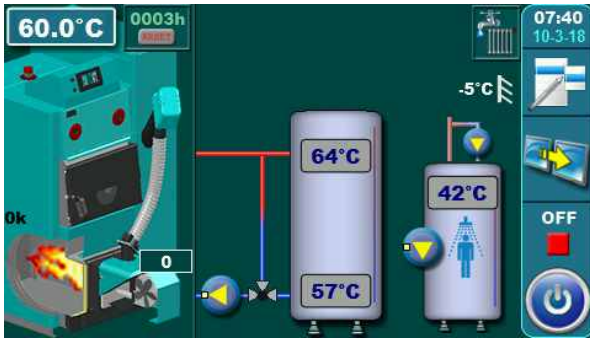
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.7. Configuration A-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

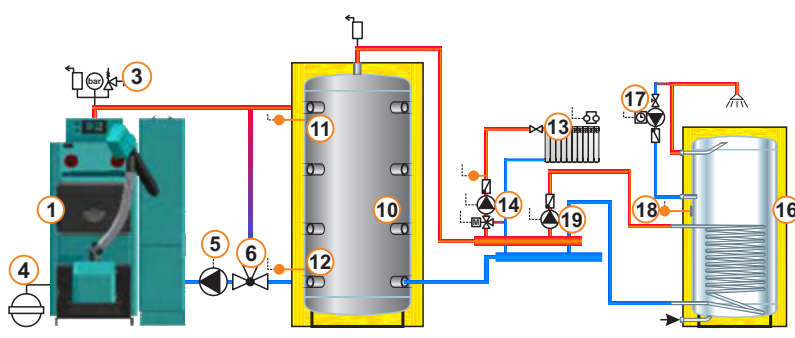
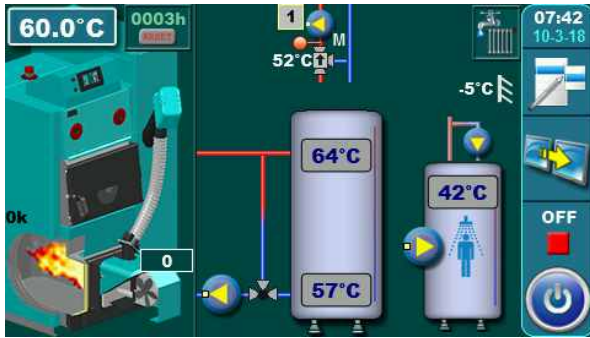


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

13.8. Configuration A-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



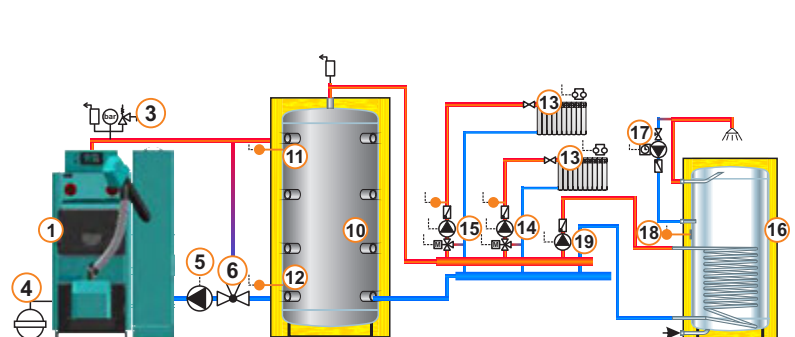
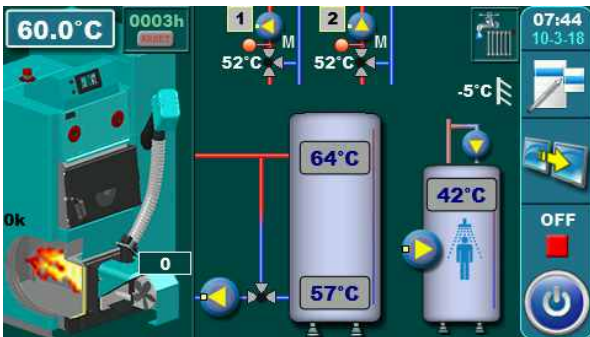
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.9. Configuration A-2-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



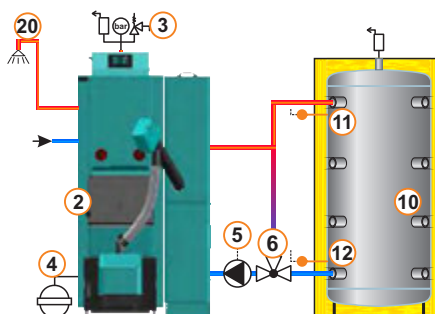
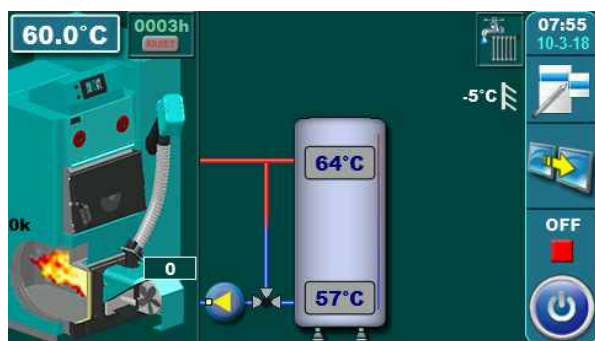
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-60°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit, 2 Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.10. Configuration A-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:

- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
- > DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

dTboiler:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

dTdhw:

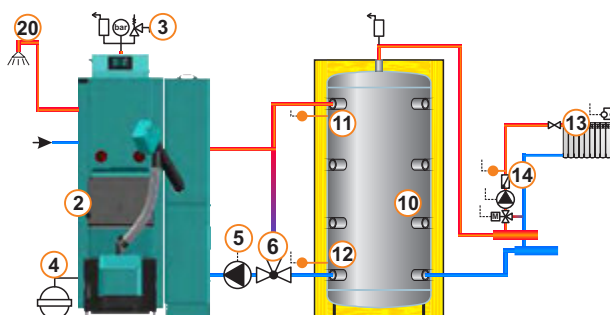
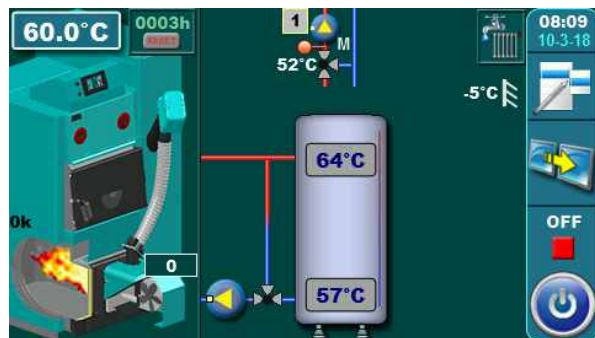
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)

- dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
- dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

13.11. Configuration A-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:

- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
- > DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

dTboiler:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

dTdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)

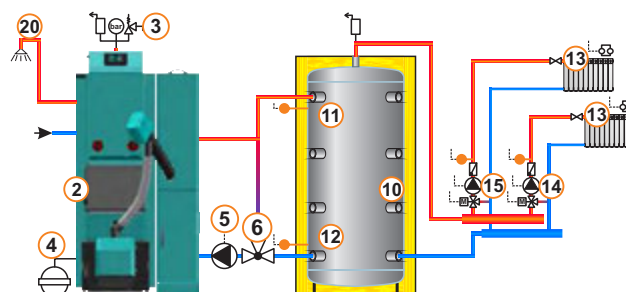
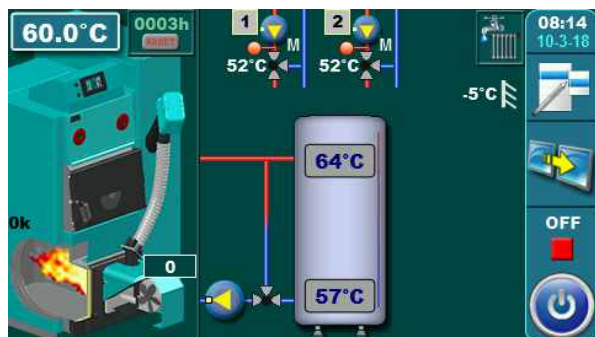
- dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
- dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)
- Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:

- Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
- Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
- Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
- Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.12. Configuration A-7-2

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:

- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
- > DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

dTboiler:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

dTdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)

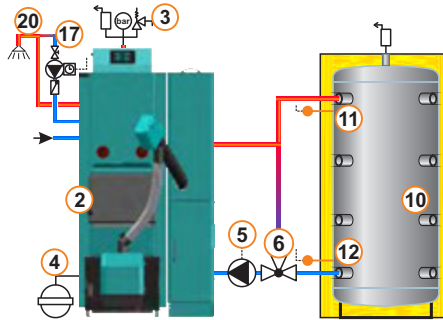
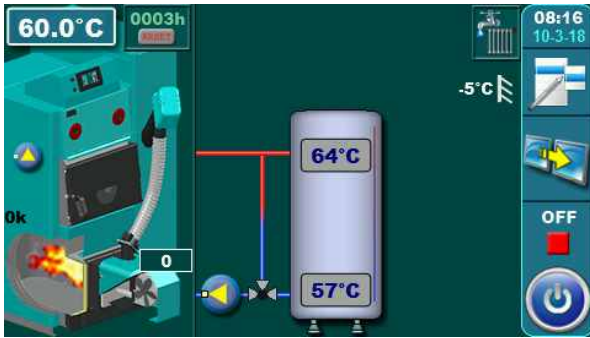
- dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
- dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)
- Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1, Circuit 2:

- Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
- Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
- Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
- Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.13. Configuration A-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



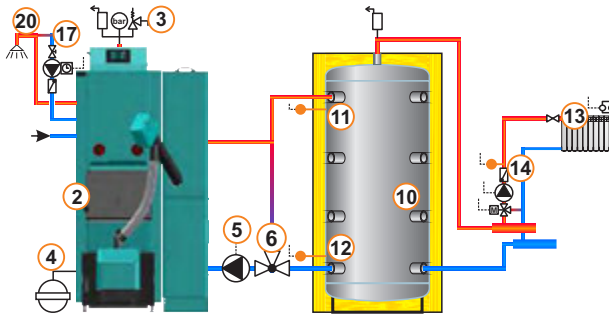
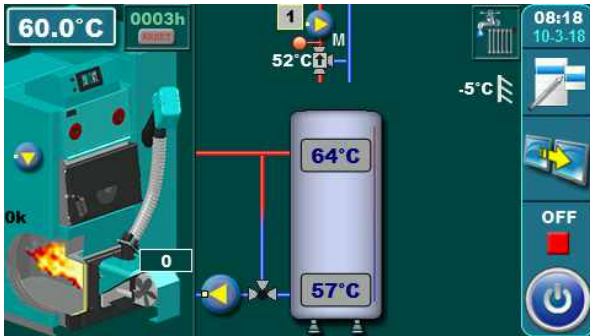
Temperatures:
Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 10°C (3-50°C)

13.14. Configuration A-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

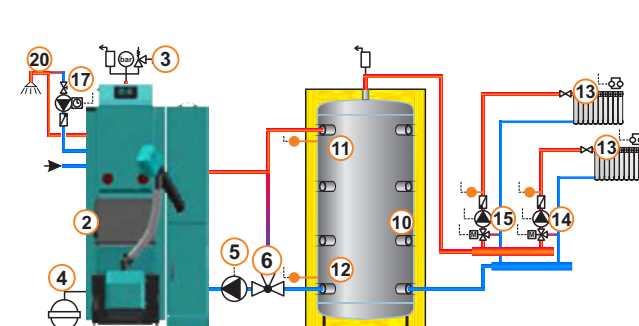
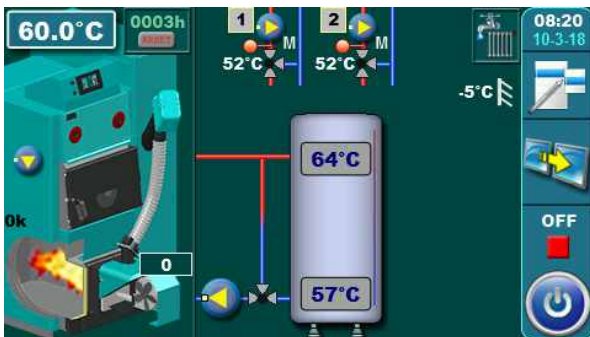
Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.15. Configuration A-8-2

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

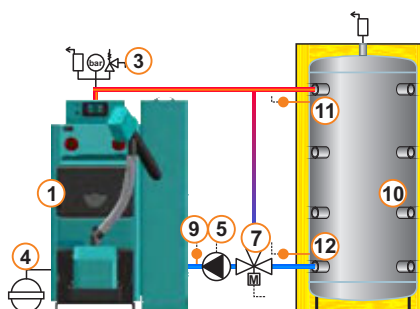
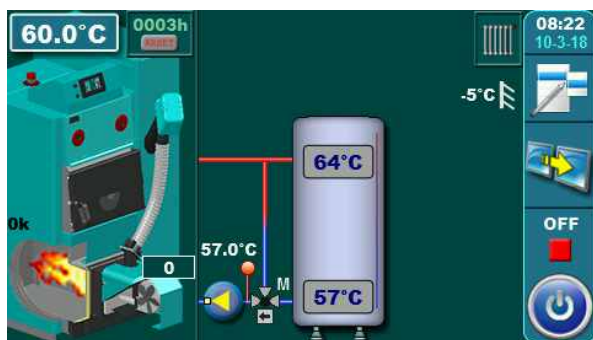
Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 20°C (3-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1, Circuit 2:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.16. Configuration B-0-0

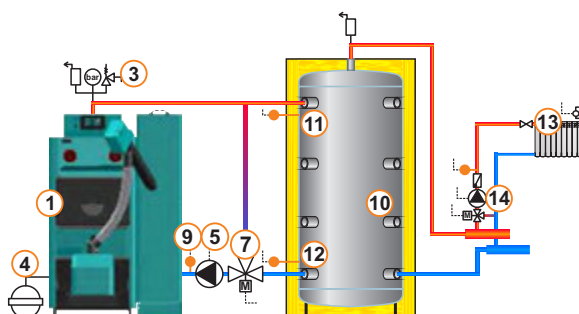
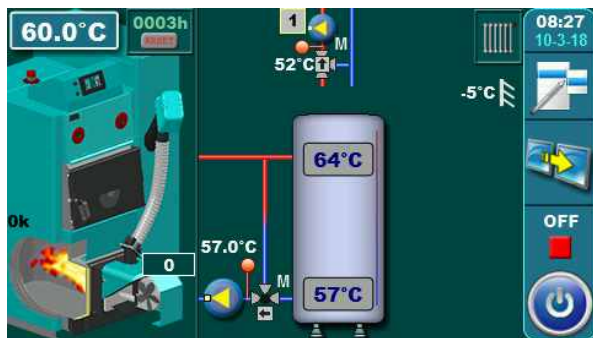
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

13.17. Configuration B-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



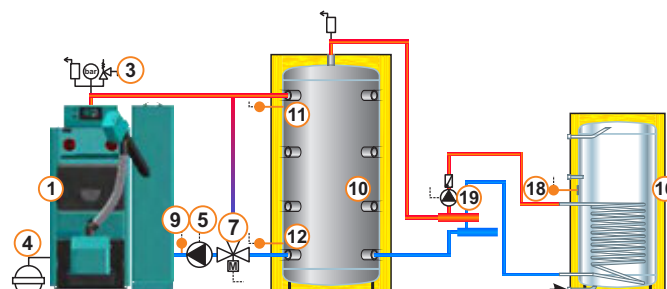
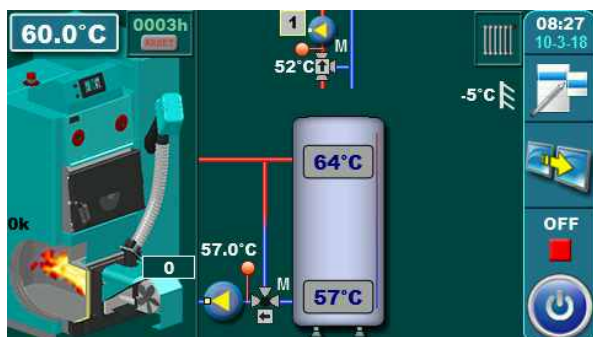
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.18. Configuration B-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

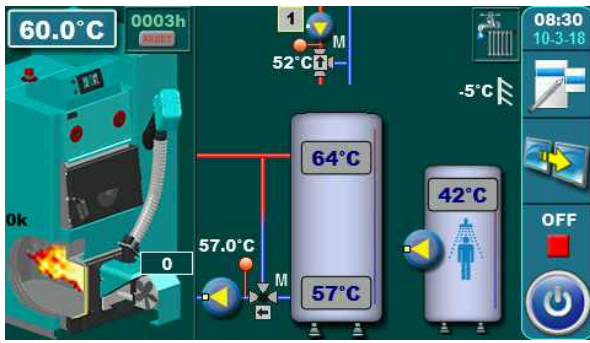


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (10-70°C)

13.19. Configuration B-1-1

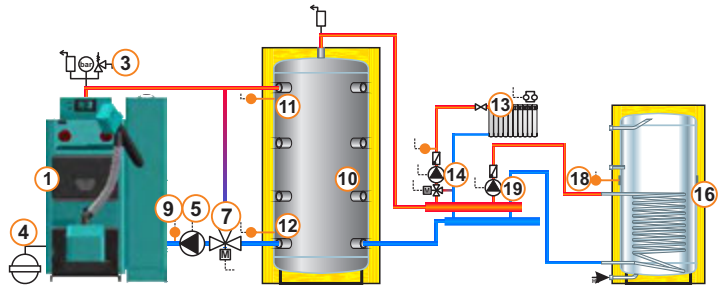
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

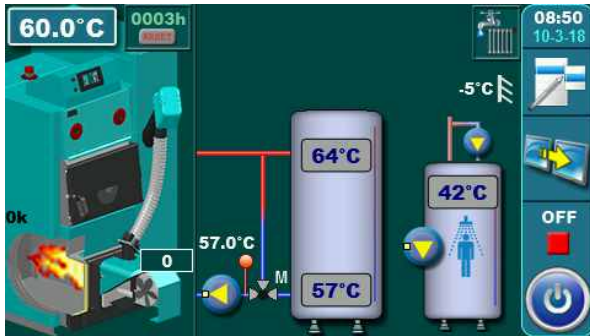
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



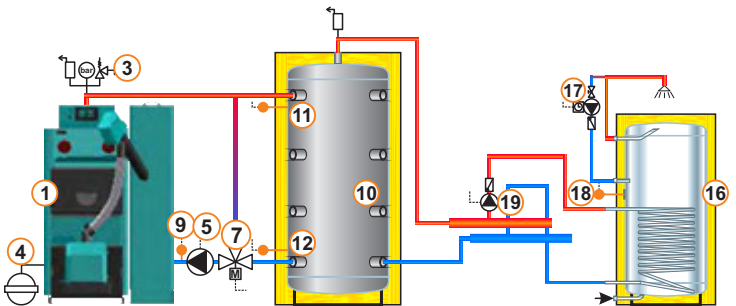
13.20. Configuration B-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



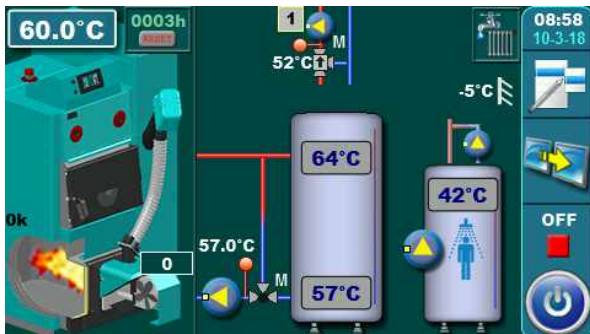
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



13.21. Configuration B-2-1

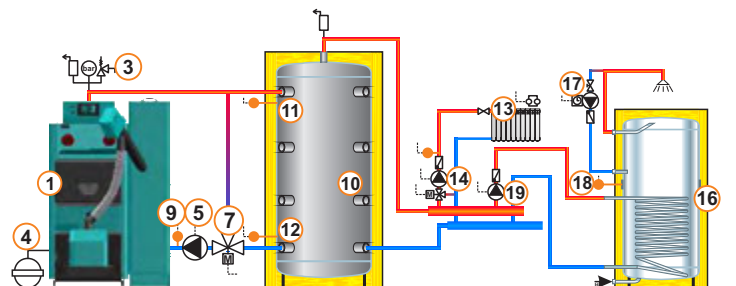
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

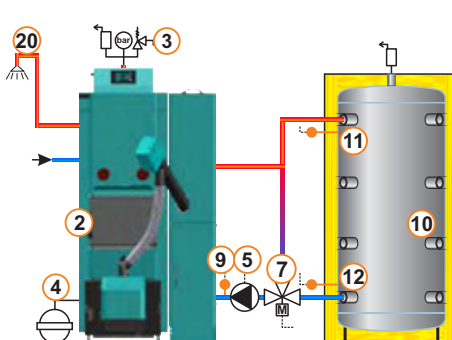
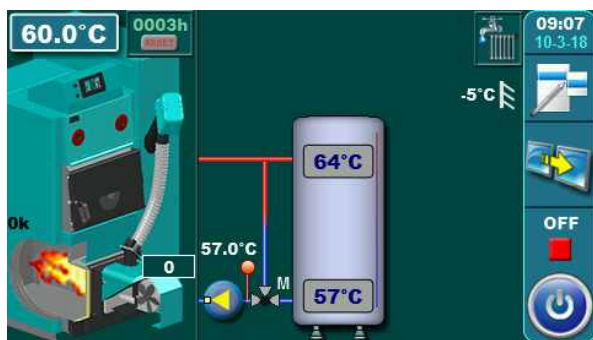
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



13.22. Configuration B-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

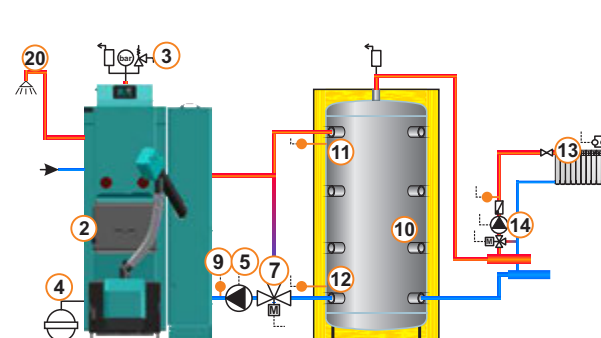
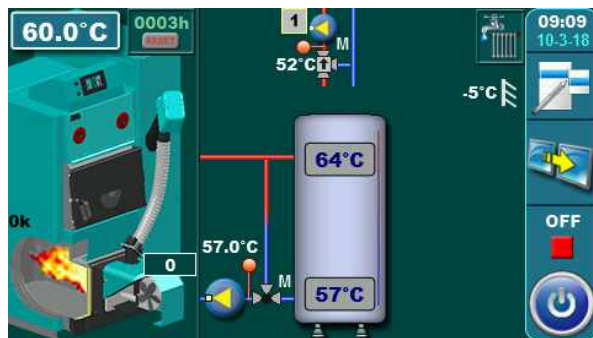
Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 10°C (3-50°C)

13.23. Configuration B-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

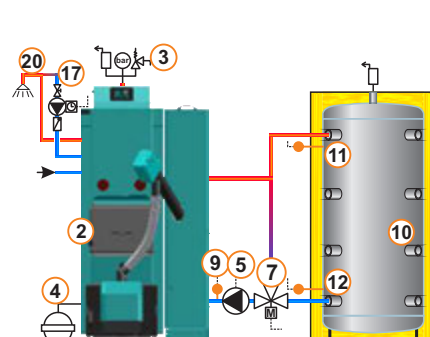
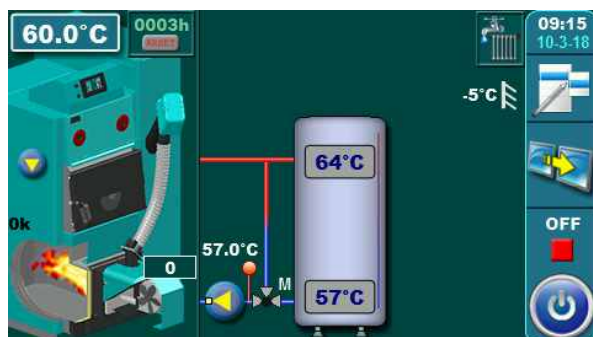
Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.24. Configuration B-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

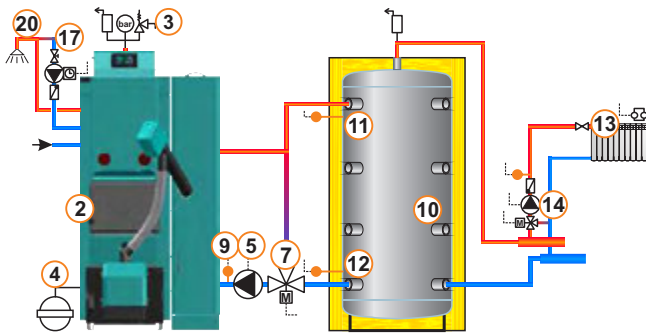
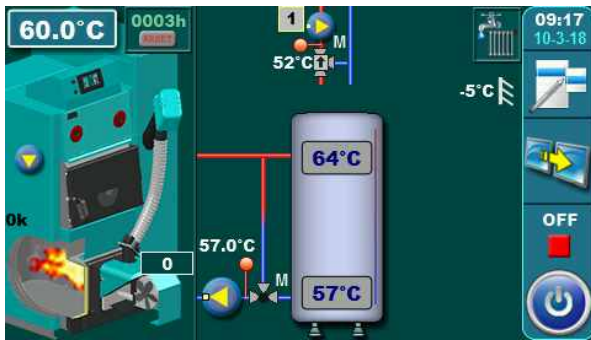
Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 10°C (3-50°C)

13.25. Configuration B-8-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:

- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
- > DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

dTboiler:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

dTdhw:

- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)

dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)

dTbuf-off: 10°C (3-50°C)

Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:

Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)

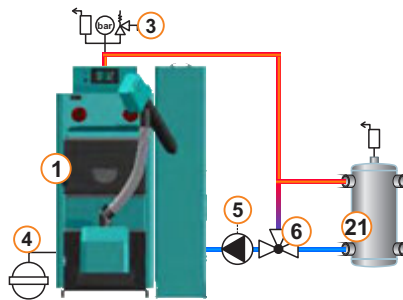
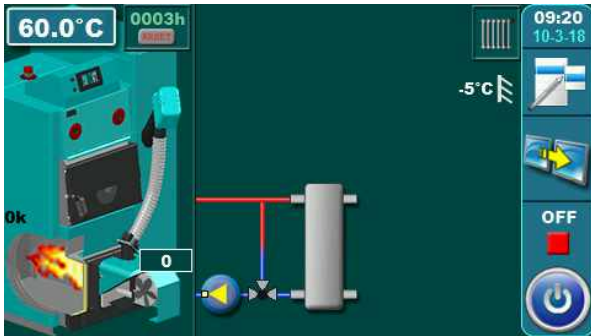
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)

Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.26. Configuration C-0-0

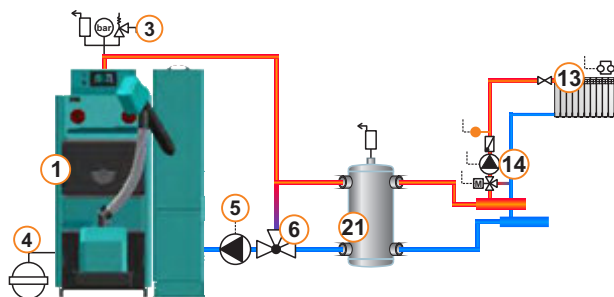
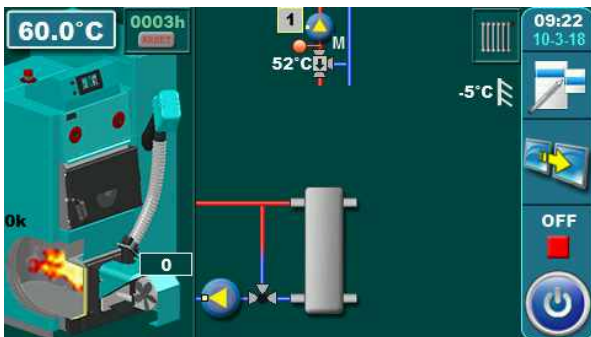
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

13.27. Configuration C-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

Circuit 1:

Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)

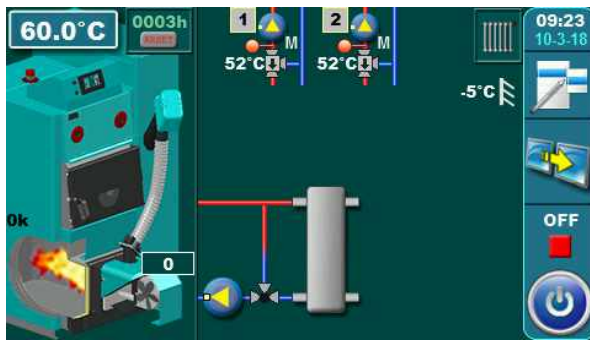
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)

Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

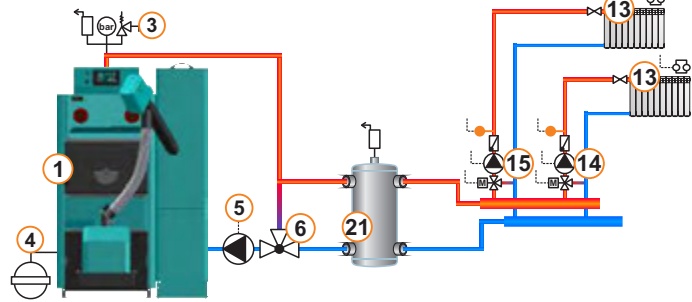
13.28. Configuration C-0-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



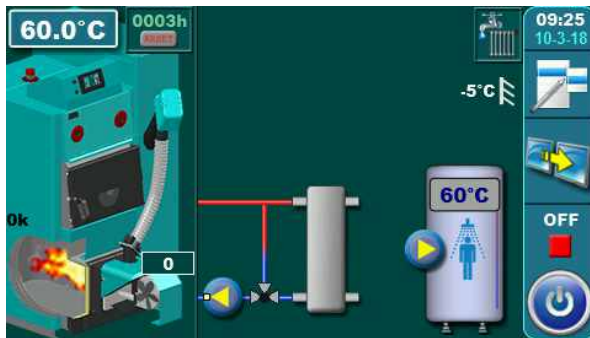
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

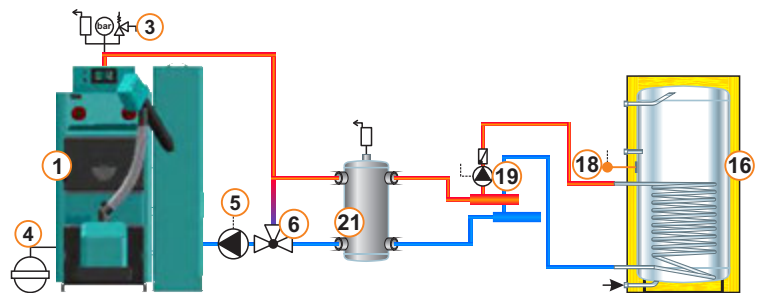


13.29. Configuration C-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

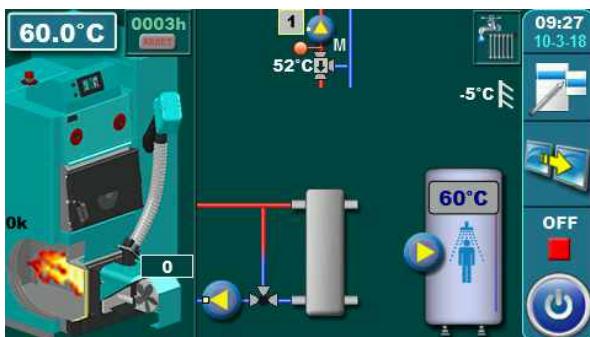


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



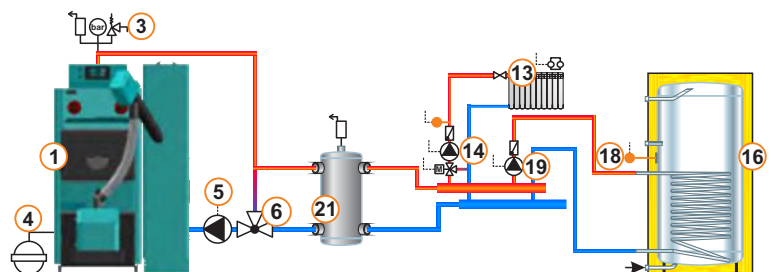
13.30. Configuration C-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



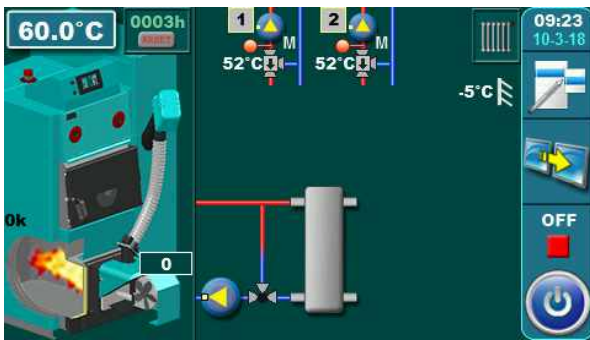
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



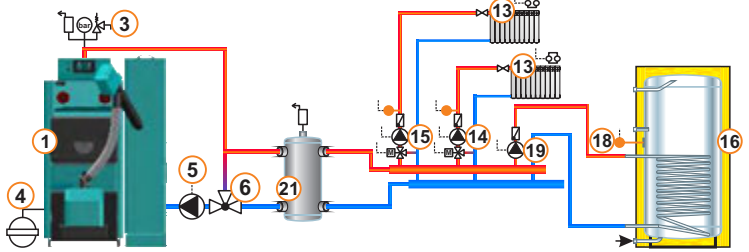
13.31. Configuration C-1-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



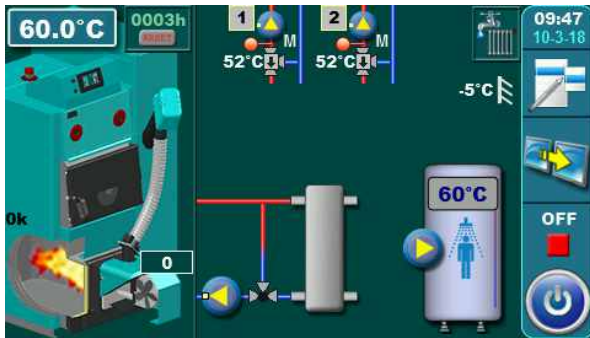
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



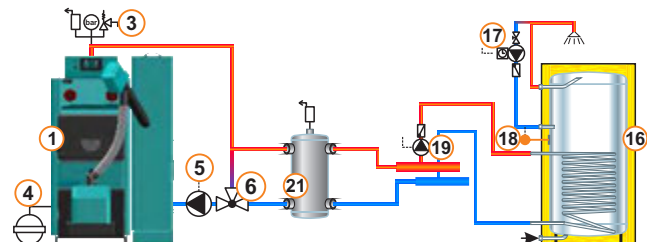
13.32. Configuration C-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



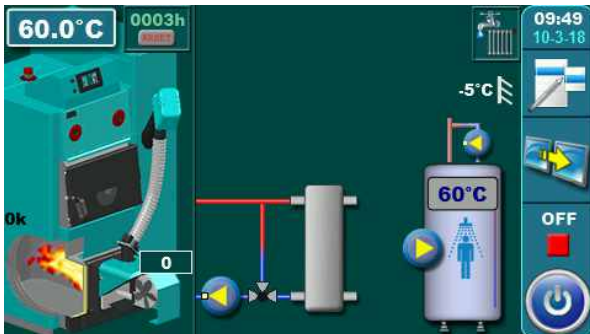
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



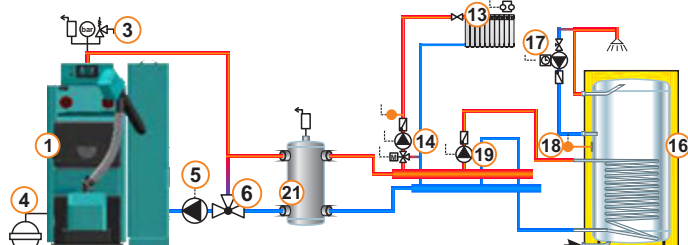
13.33. Configuration C-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



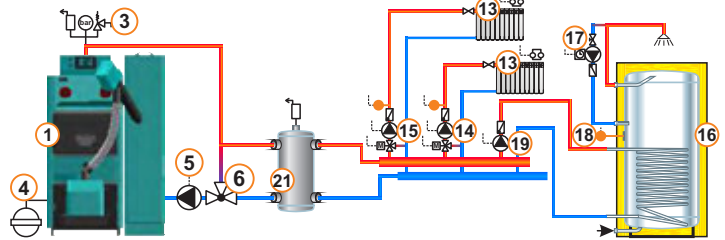
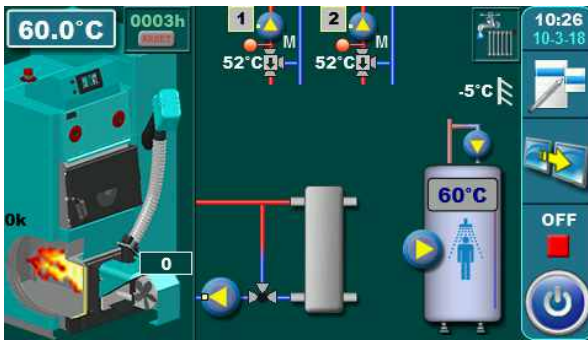
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



13.34. Configuration C-2-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

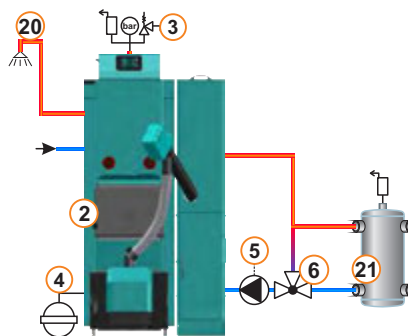
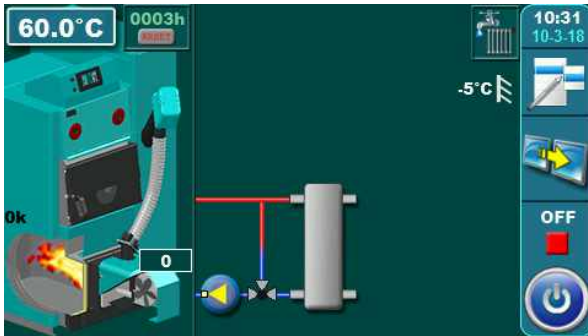


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.35. Configuration C-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

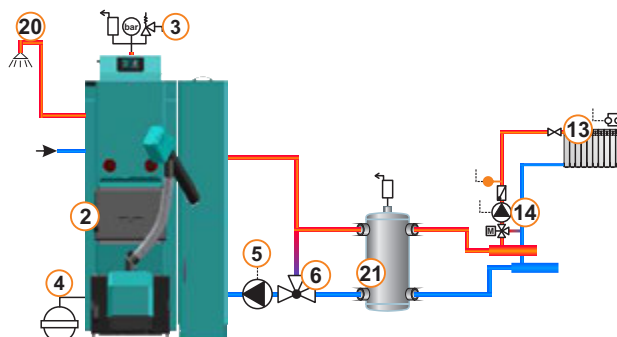
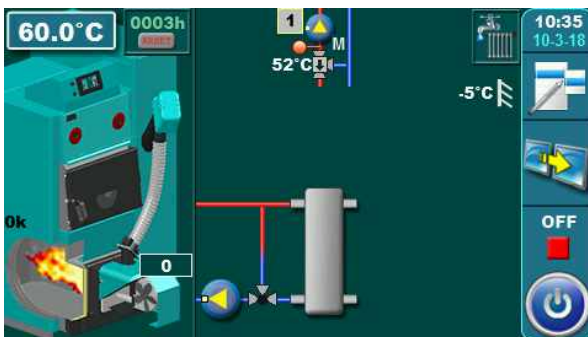


Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.36. Configuration C-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



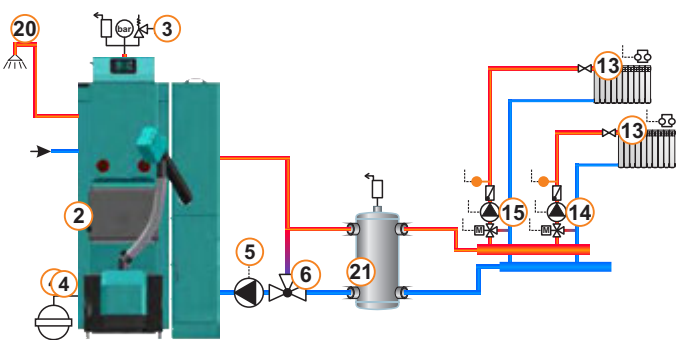
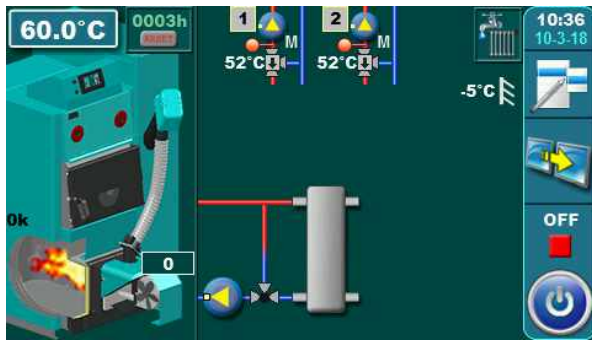
Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.37. Configuration C-7-2

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



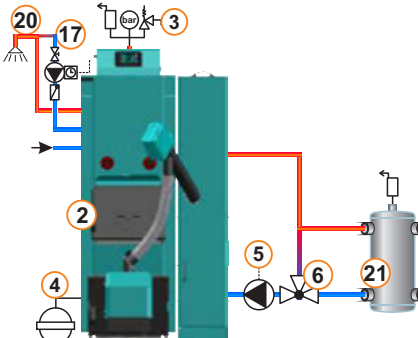
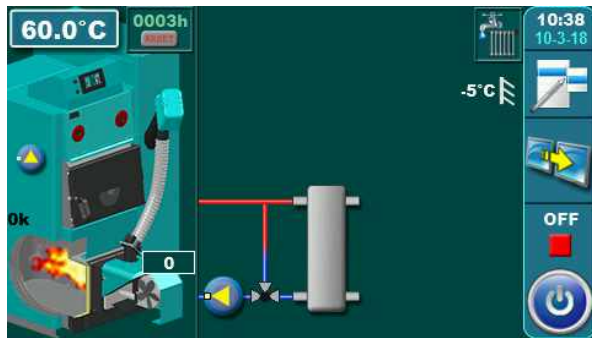
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.38. Configuration C-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

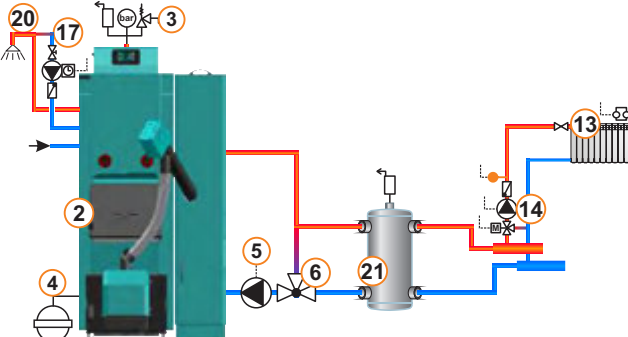
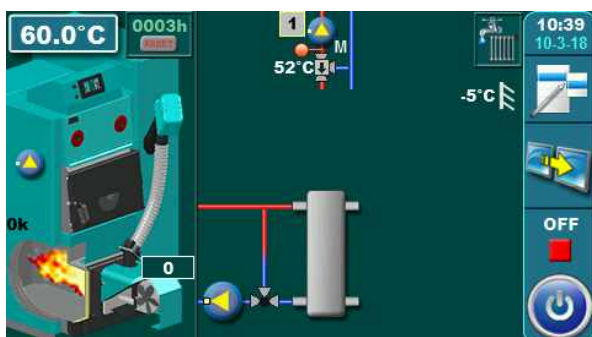


Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:- Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.39. Configuration C-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



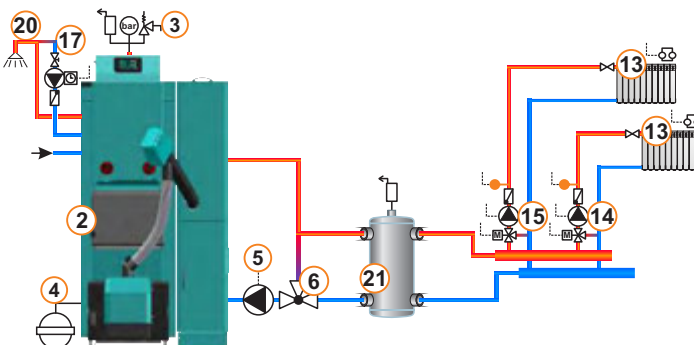
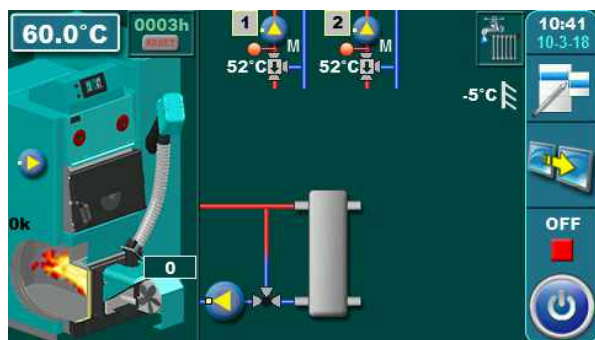
Temperatures:
 Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

1. Circuit :
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.40. Configuration C-8-2

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



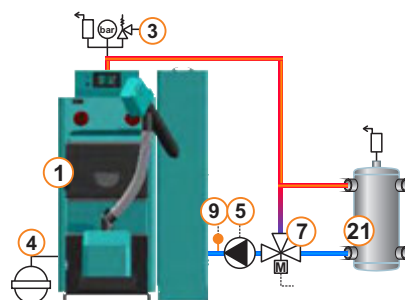
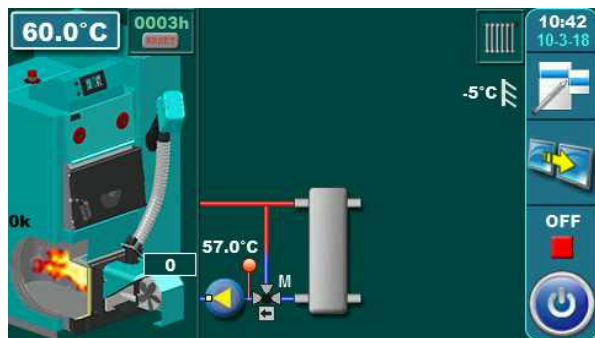
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.41. Configuration D-0-0

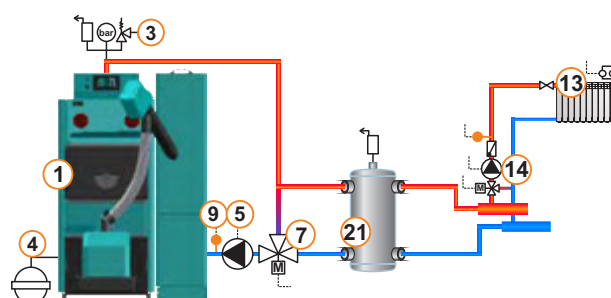
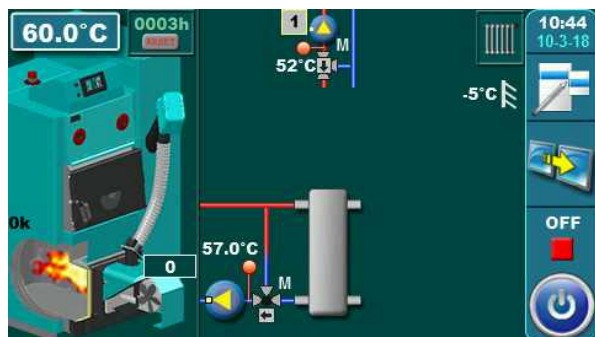
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

13.42. Configuration D-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

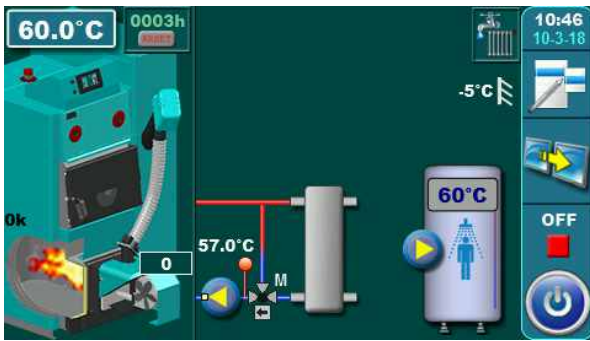


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

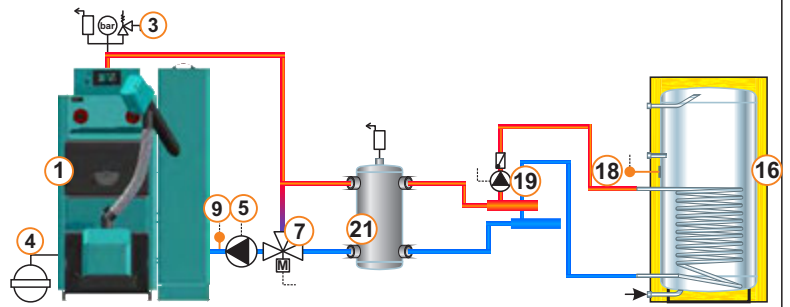
1. Circuit:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.43. Configuration D-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

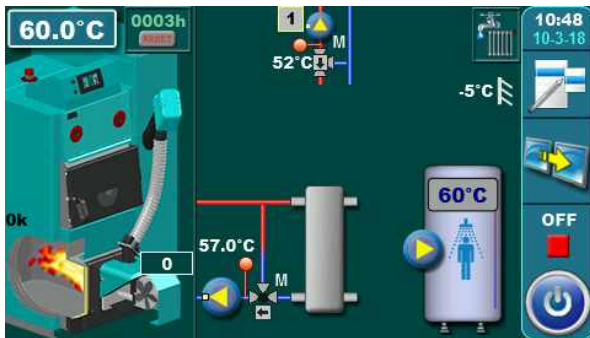


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

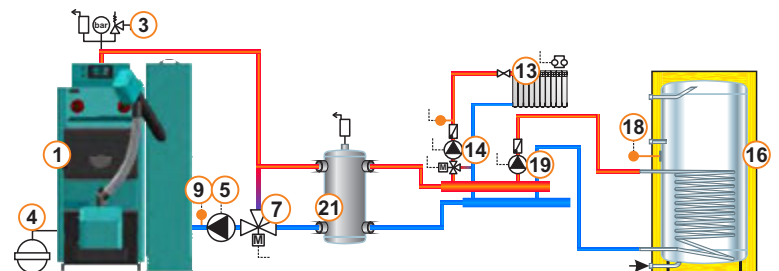


13.44. Configuration D-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



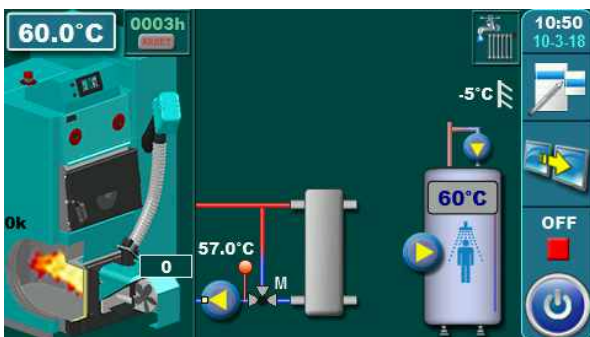
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



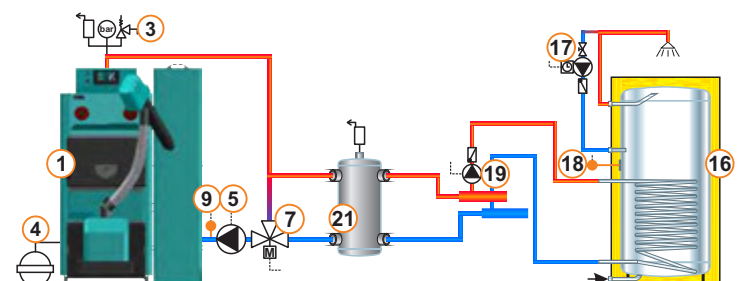
1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.45. Configuration D-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

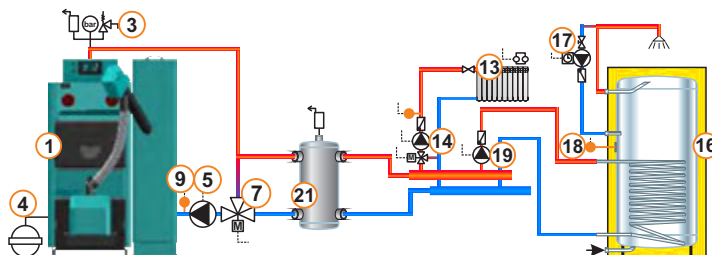
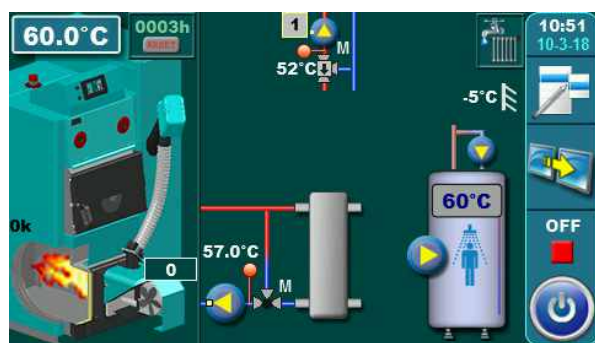


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tboiler: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTboiler: 5°C (5-50°C)



13.46. Configuration D-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

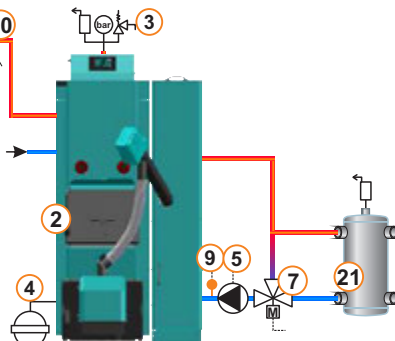
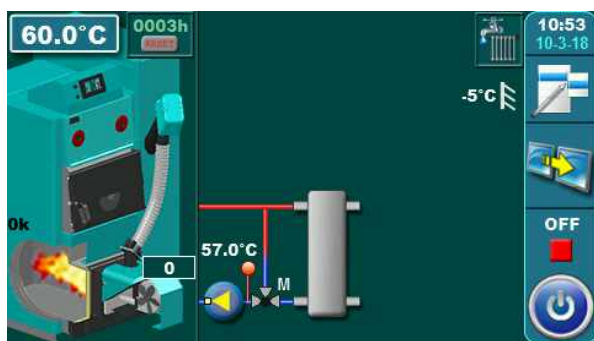


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.47. Configuration D-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

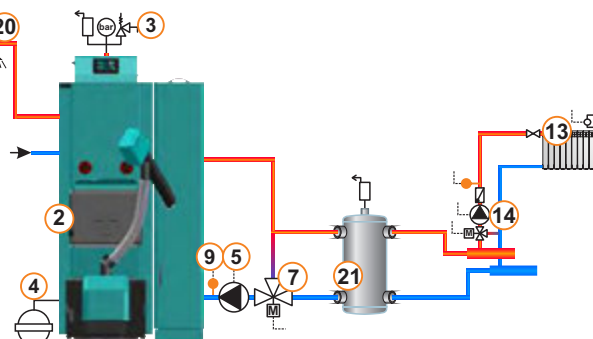
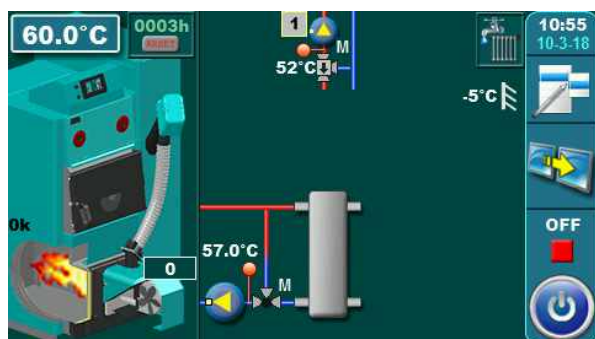


Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.48. Configuration D-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



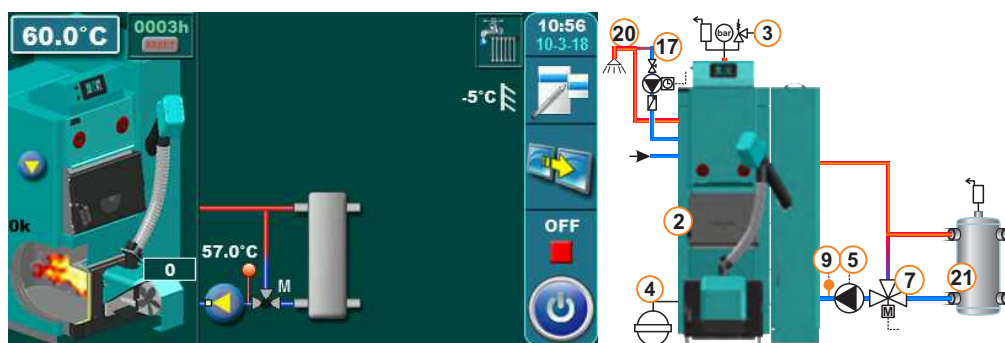
Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.49. Configuration D-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

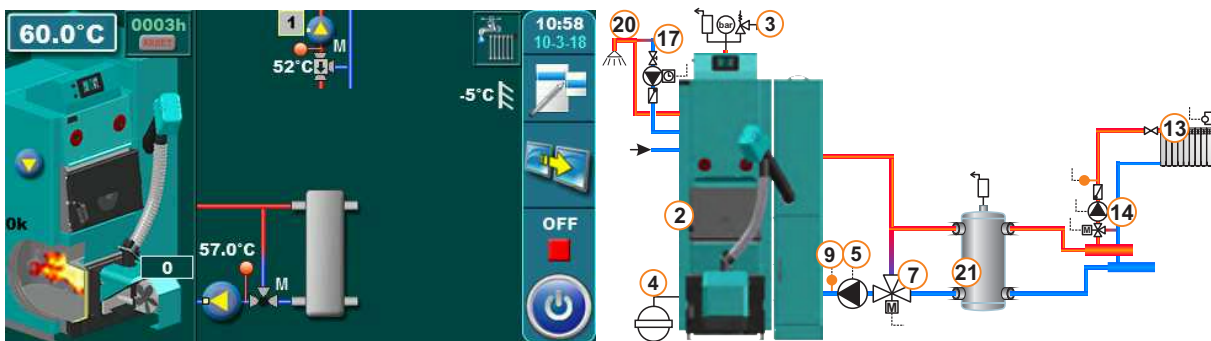


Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.50. Configuration D-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



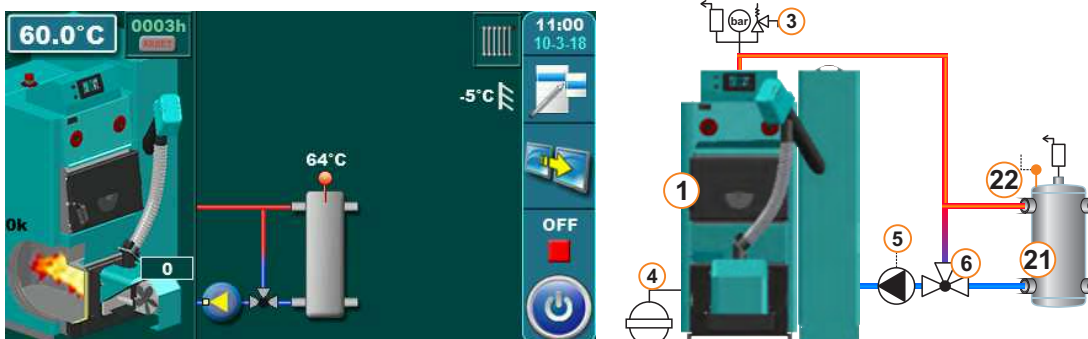
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

1. Circuit:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.51. Configuration E-0-0

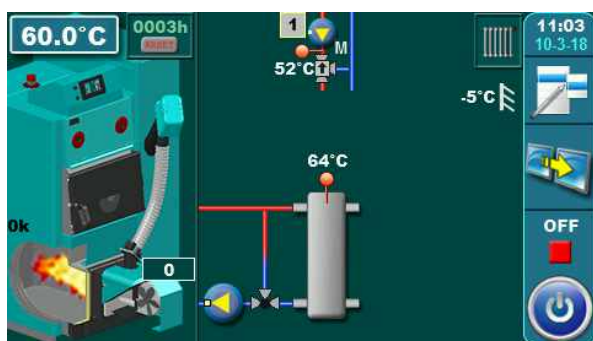
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



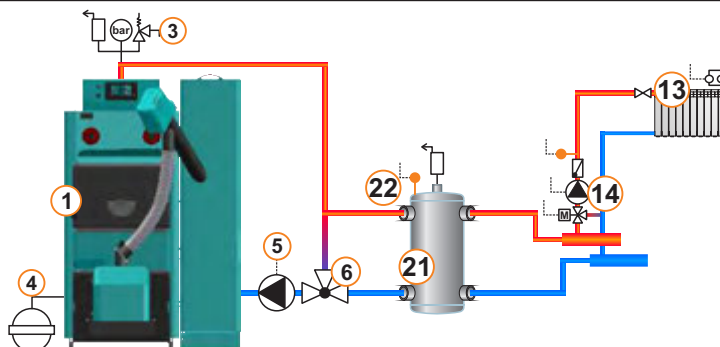
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
 Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.52. Configuration E-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



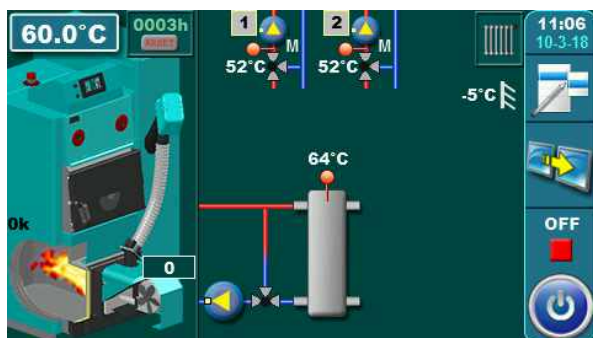
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)



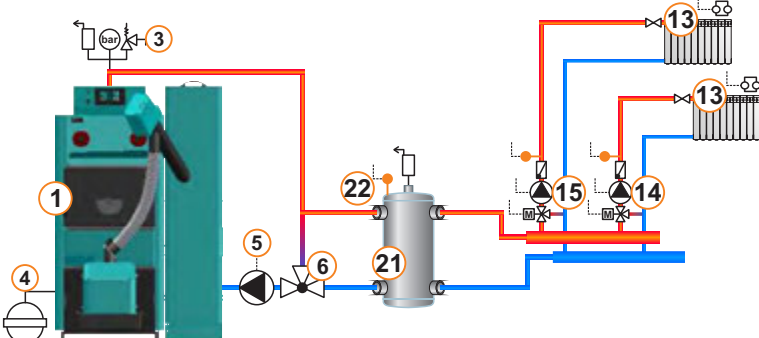
1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.53. Configuration E-0-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



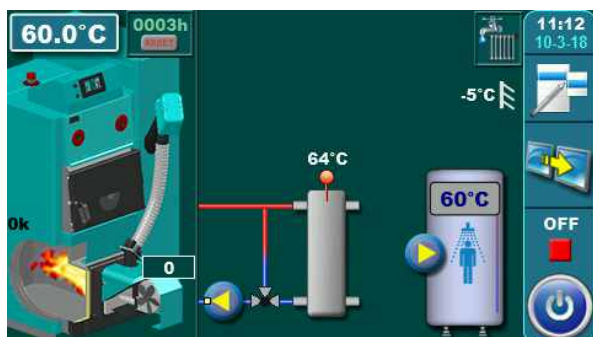
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)



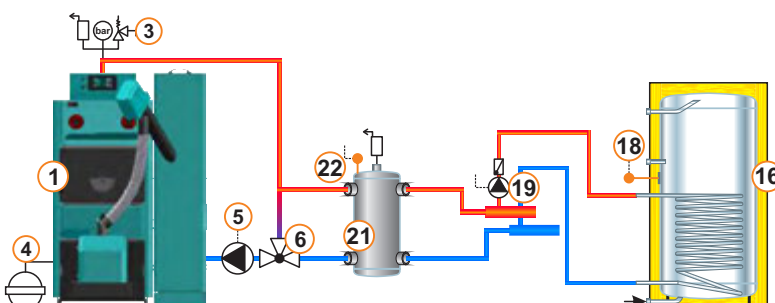
1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.54. Configuration E-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

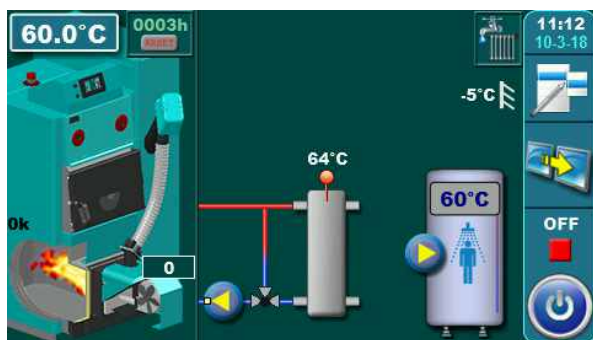


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

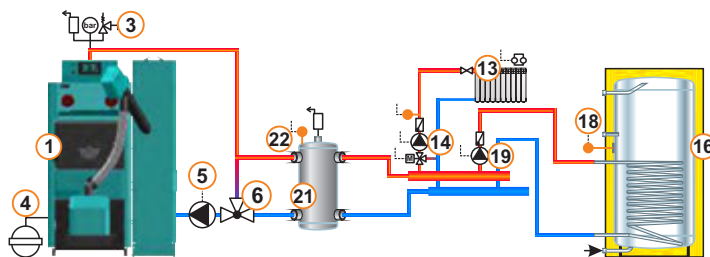


13.55. Configuration E-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



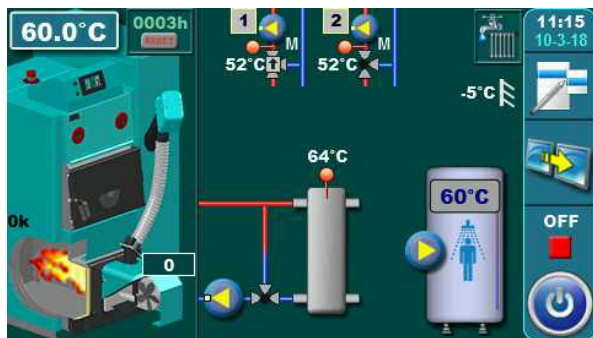
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



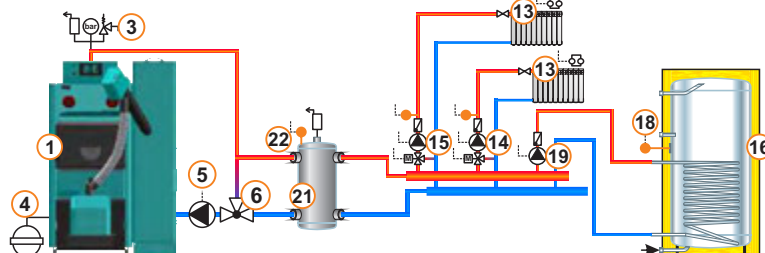
1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.56. Configuration E-1-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



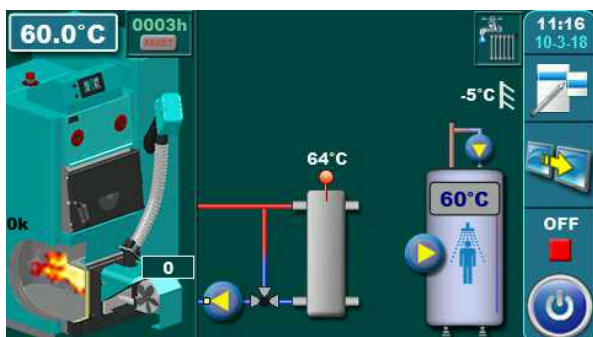
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



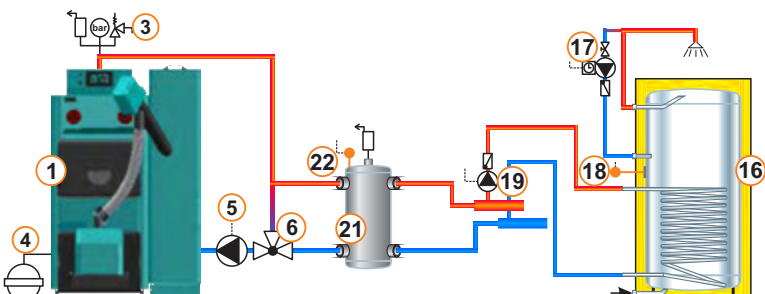
1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.57. Configuration E-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

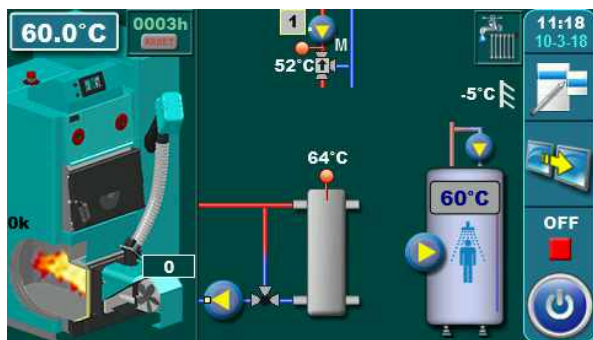


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

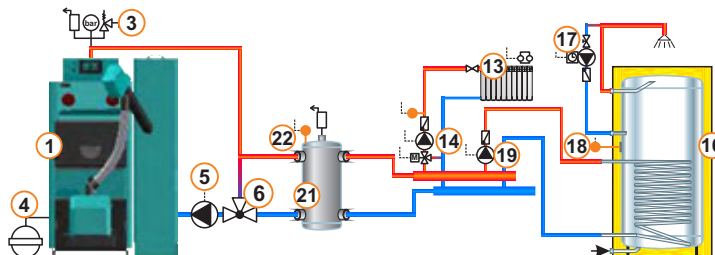


13.58. Configuration E-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



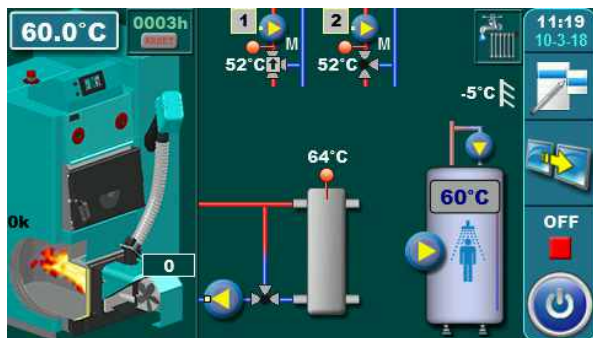
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



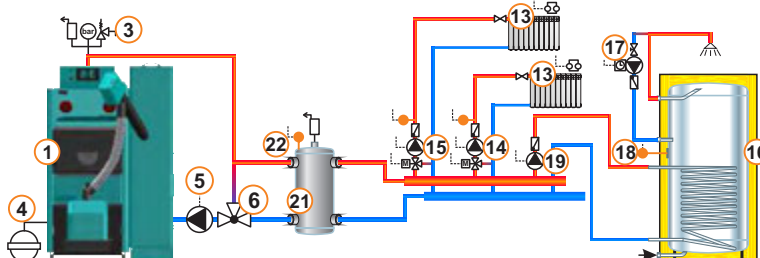
1. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.59. Configuration E-2-2

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



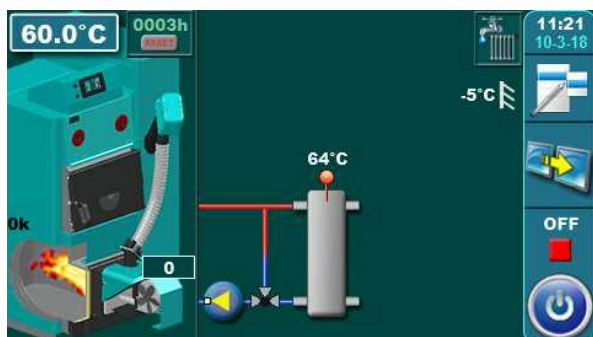
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



1. Circuit, 2. Circuit:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.60. Configuration E-7-0

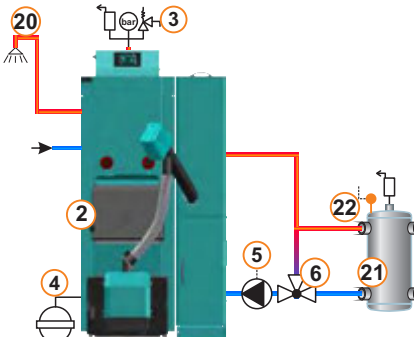
EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

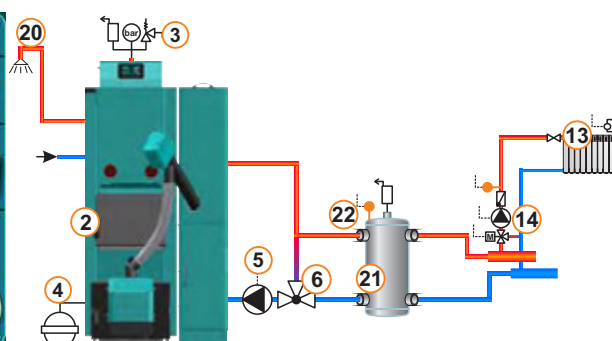
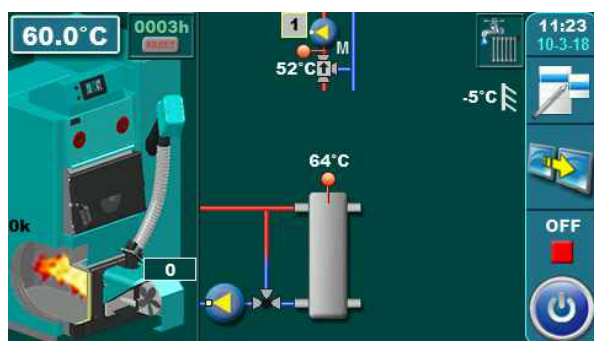
Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)



13.61. Configuration E-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



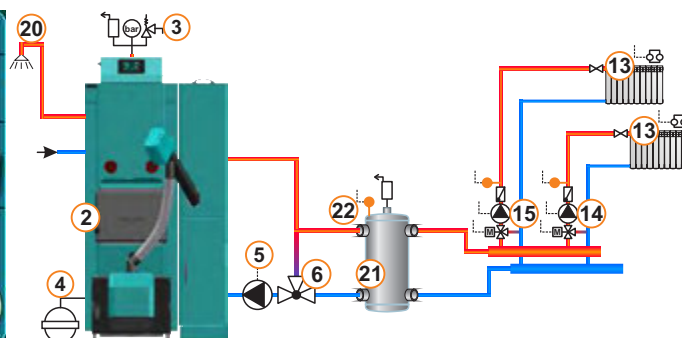
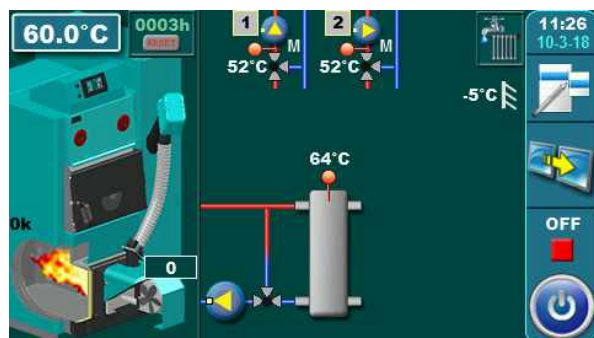
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
 Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.62. Configuration E-7-2

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



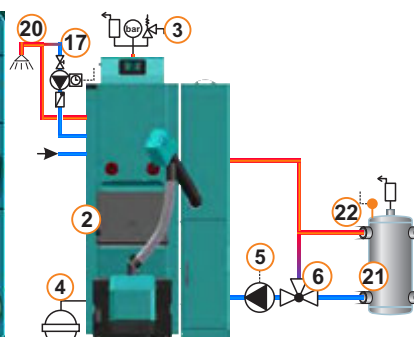
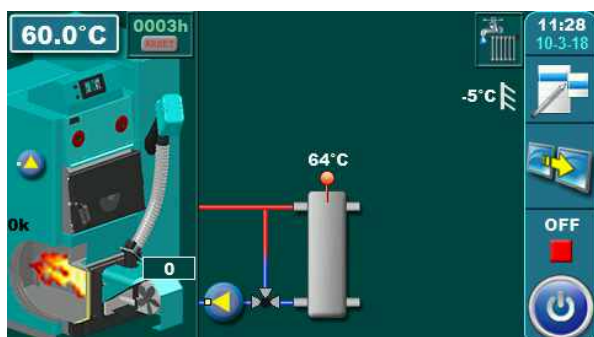
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
 Circuit 1, Circuit 2:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.63. Configuration E-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



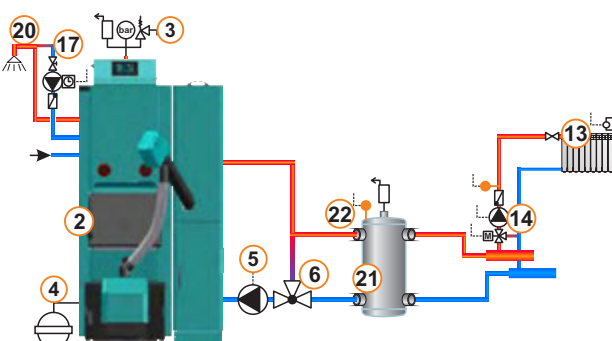
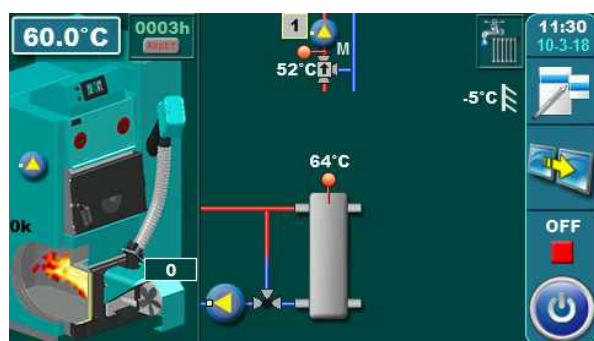
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.64. Configuration E-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



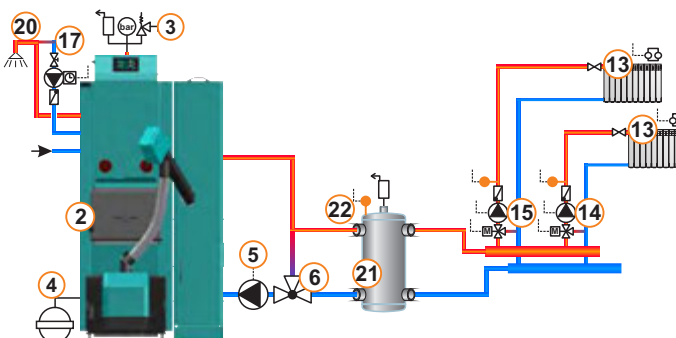
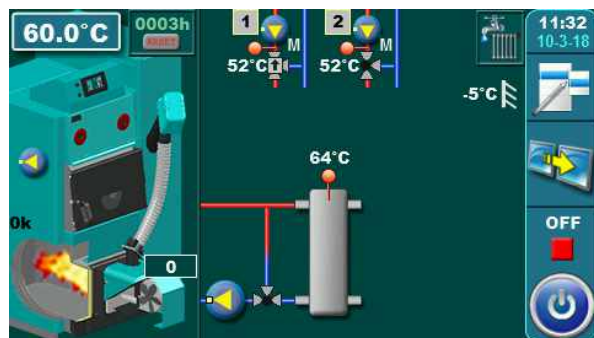
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
 Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.65. Configuration E-8-2

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



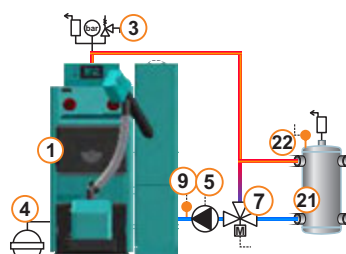
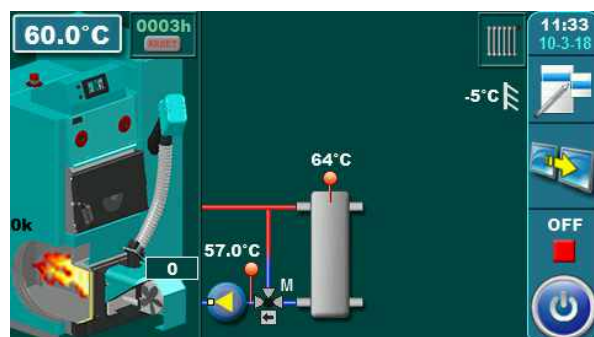
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
 Circuit 1, Circuit 2:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.66. Configuration F-0-0

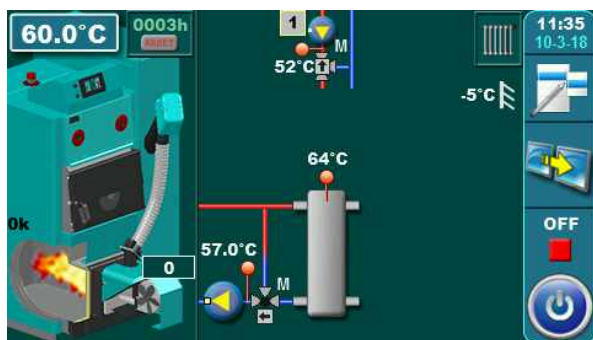
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



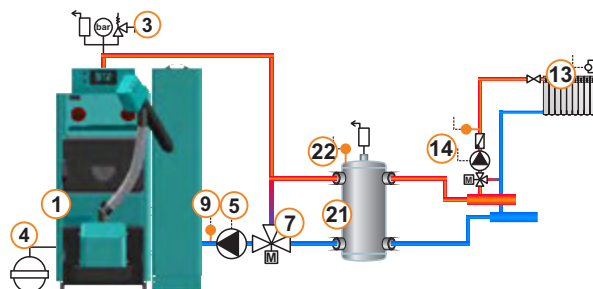
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
 Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.67. Configuration F-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



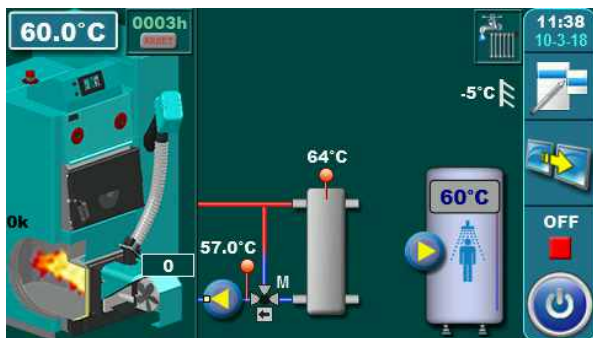
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)



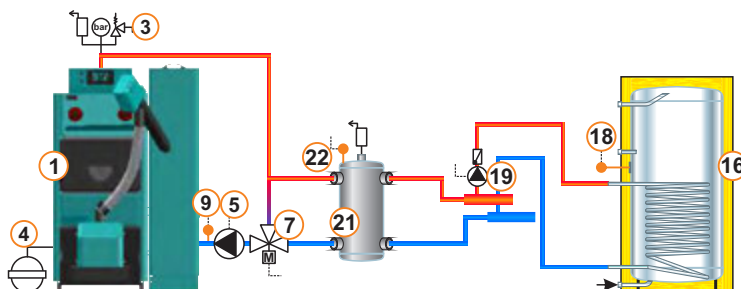
Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.68. Configuration F-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

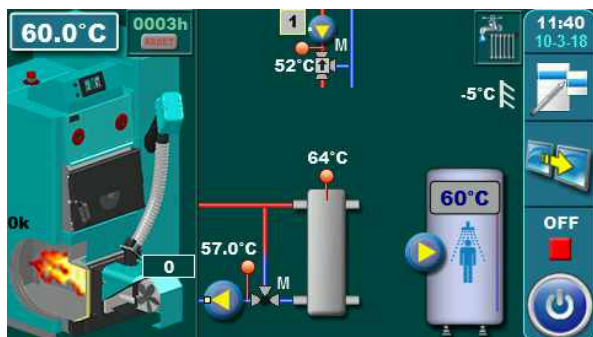


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

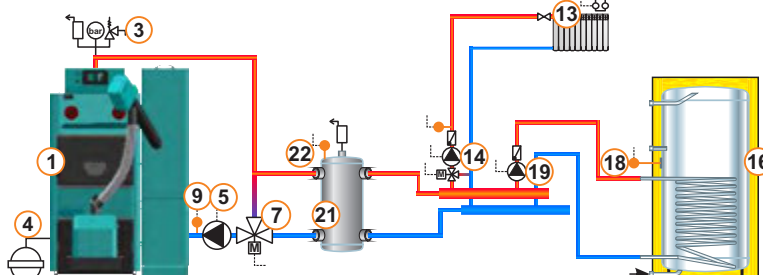


13.69. Configuration F-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



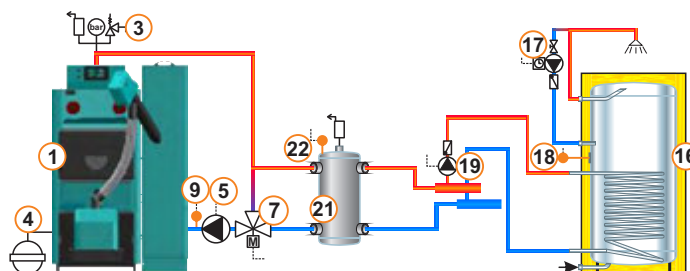
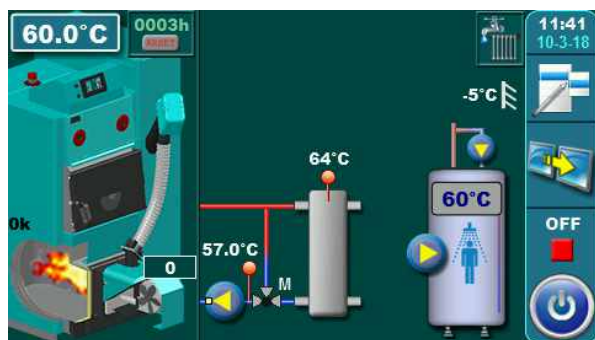
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.70. Configuration F-2-0

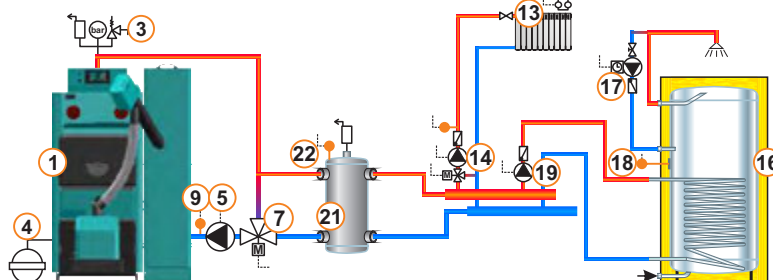
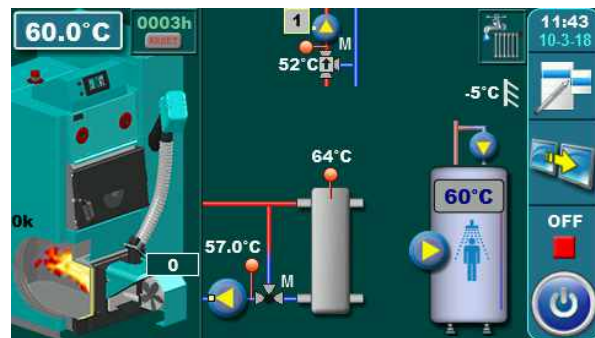
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

13.71. Configuration F-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

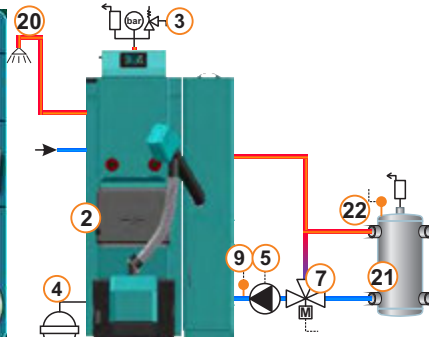
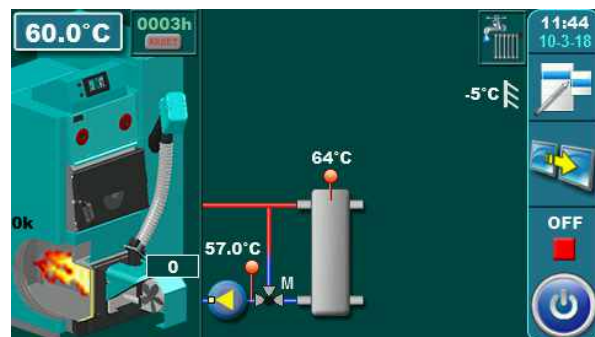


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.72. Configuration F-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



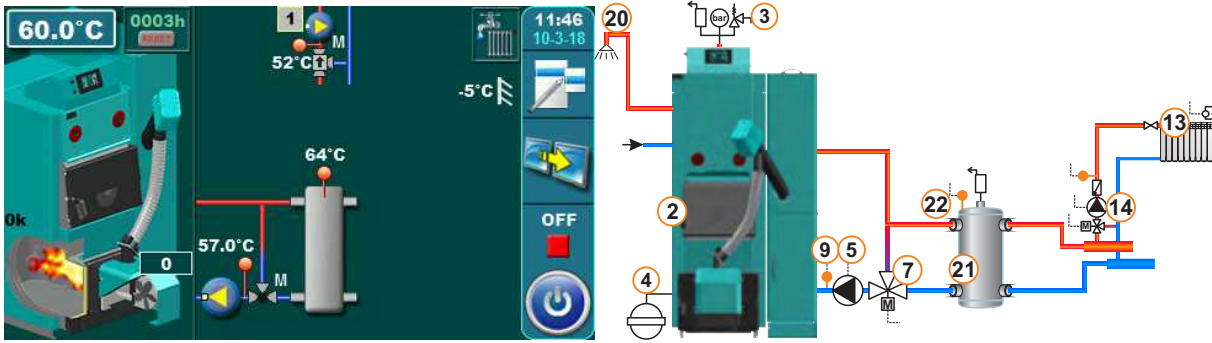
Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.73. Configuration F-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)

dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

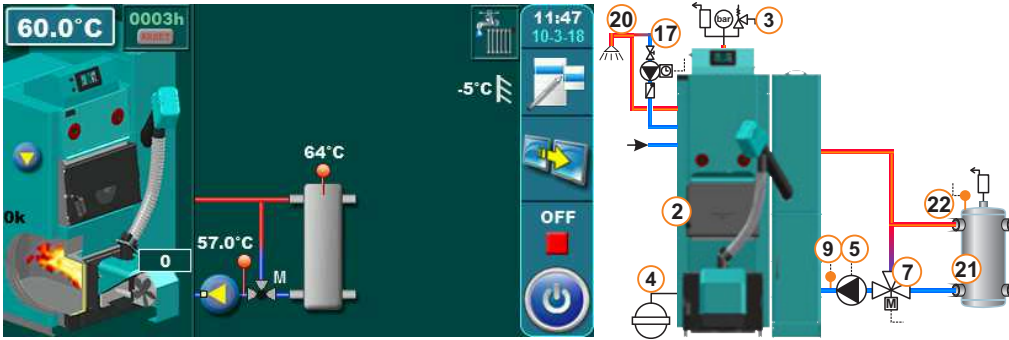
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.74. Configuration F-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)

dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

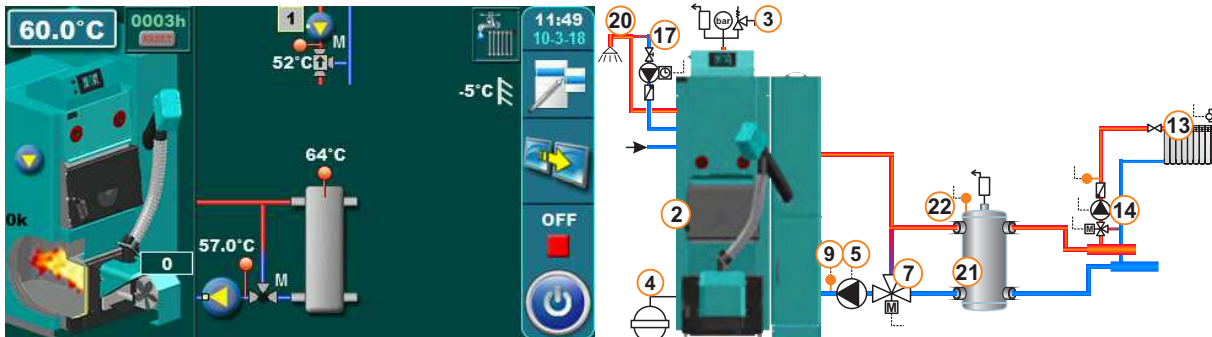
Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.75. Configuration F-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)

dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

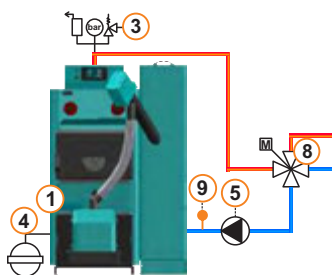
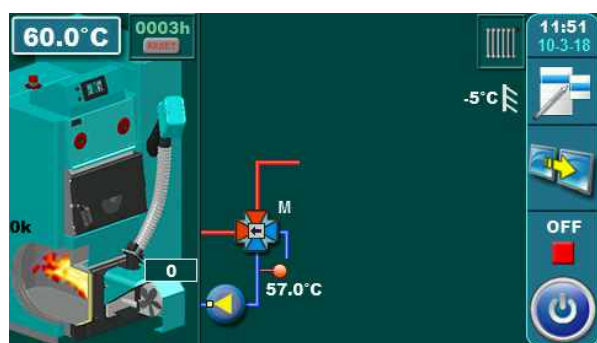
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.76. Configuration H-0-0

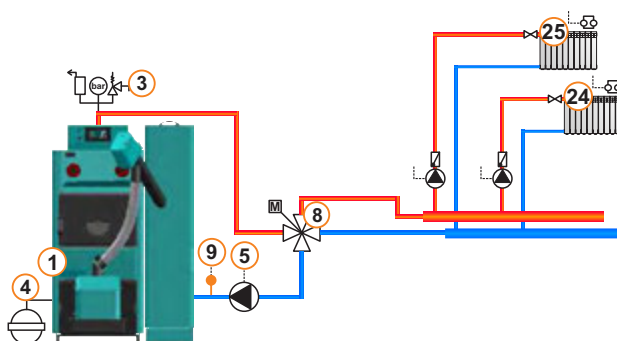
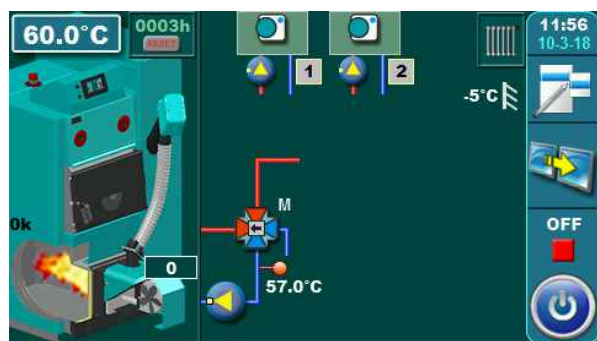
EKO CK P



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

13.76.1. Configuration H-0-0

*EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

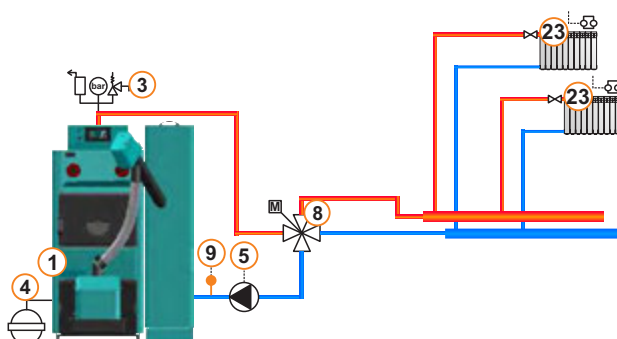
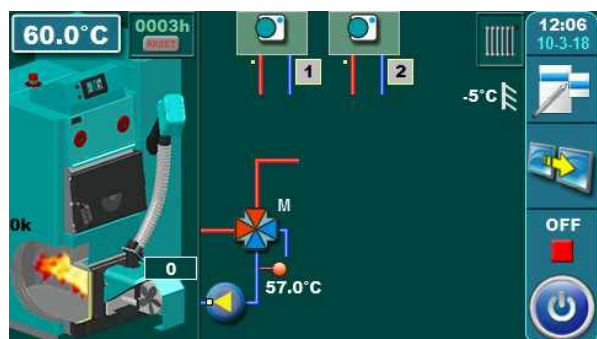


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

**DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITH PUMPS*

13.76.2. Configuration H-0-0

*EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

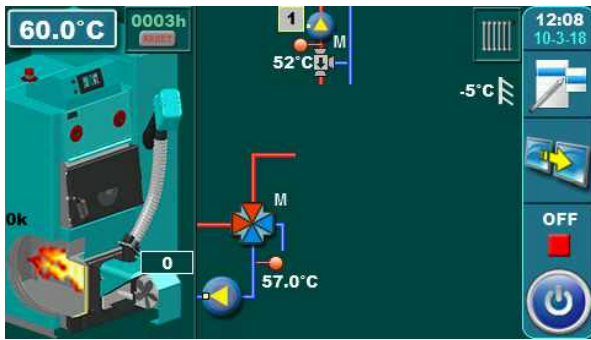


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

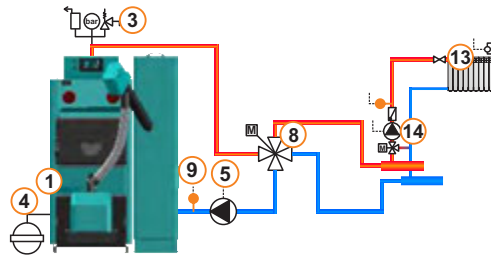
**DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITHOUT PUMPS*

13.77. Configuration H-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



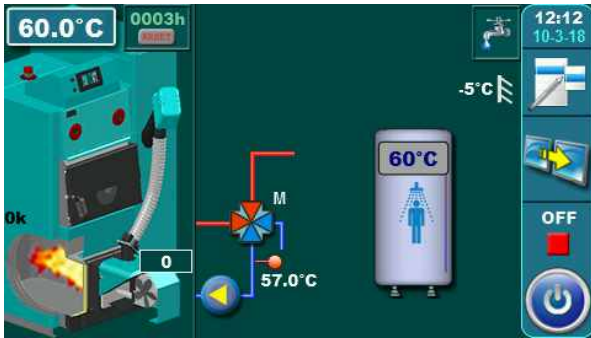
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)



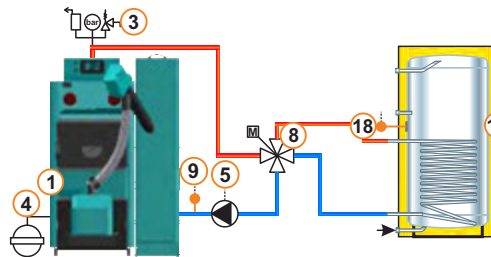
Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.78. Configuration H-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

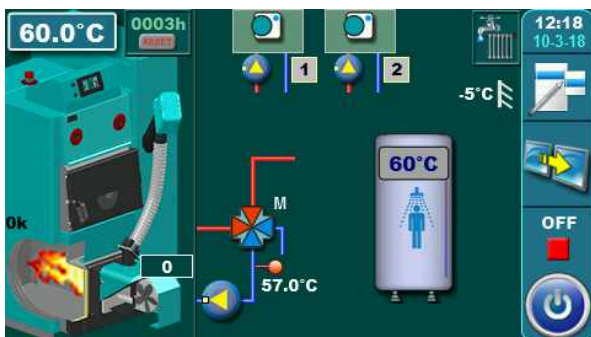


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

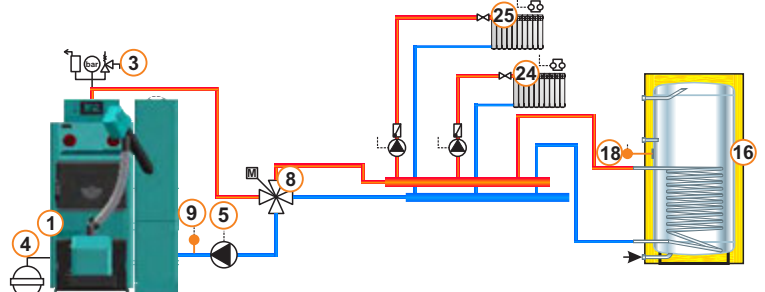


13.78.1 Configuration H-1-0

*EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



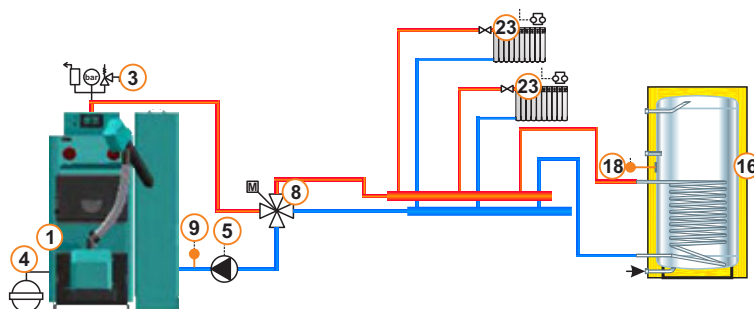
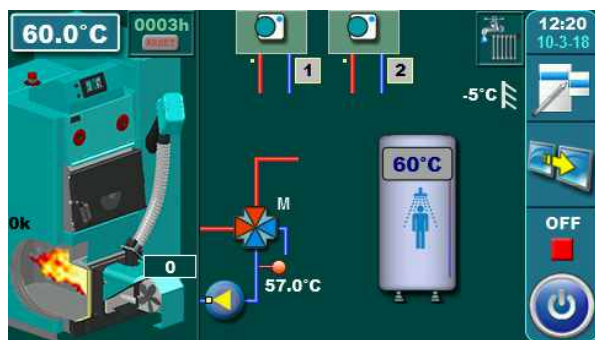
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITH PUMPS**

13.78.2 Configuration H-1-0

*EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

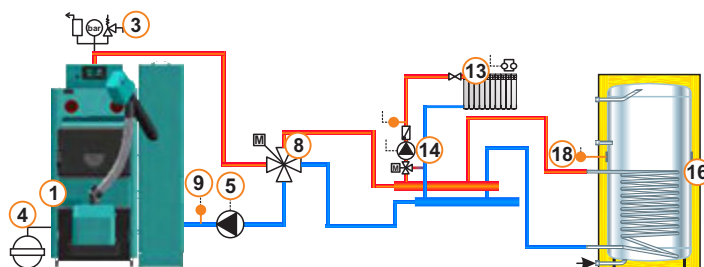
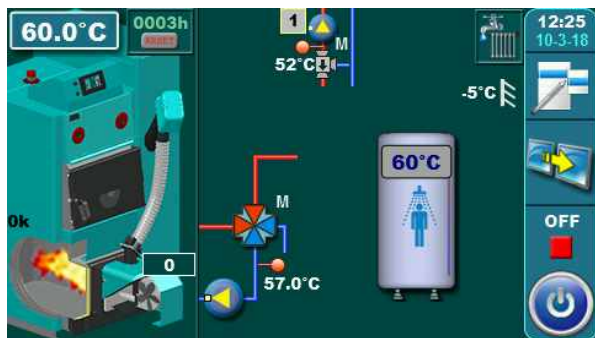


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

*DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITHOUT PUMPS

13.79. Configuration H-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

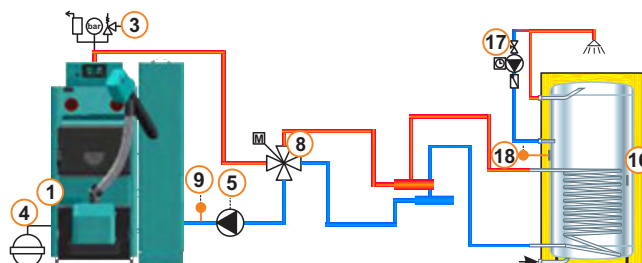
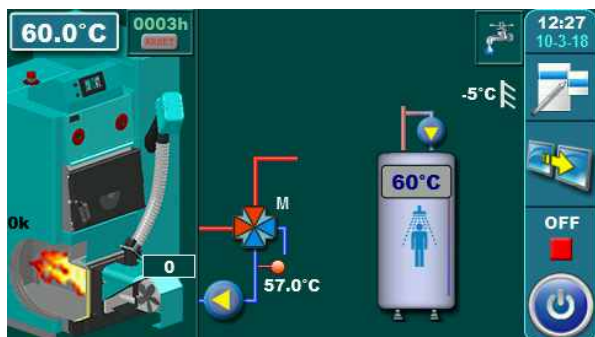


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.80 Configuration H-2-0

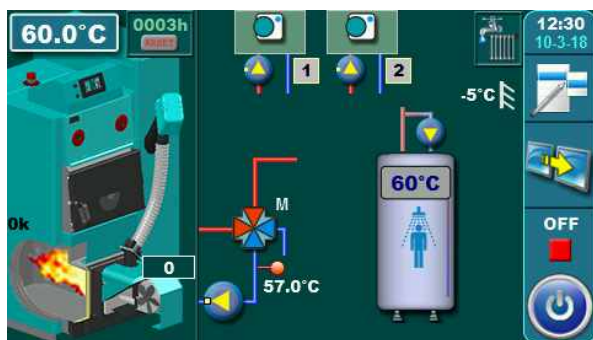
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



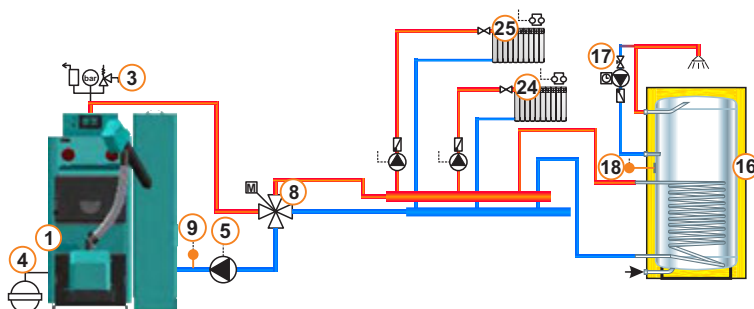
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

13.80.1 Configuration H-2-0

***EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch**



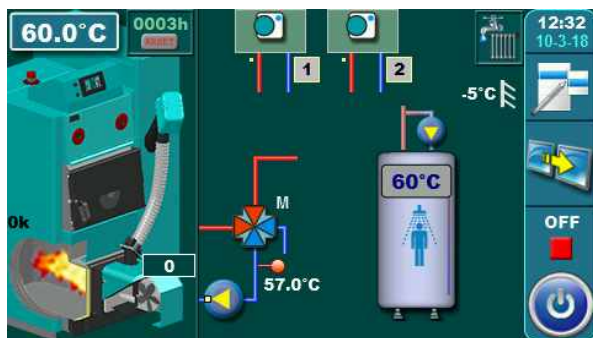
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



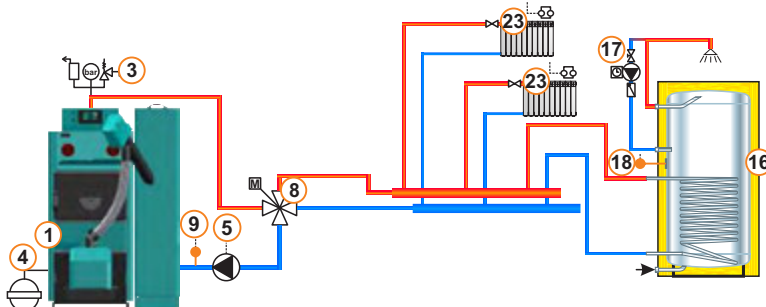
***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITH PUMPS**

13.80.2 Configuration H-2-0

***EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set Touch**



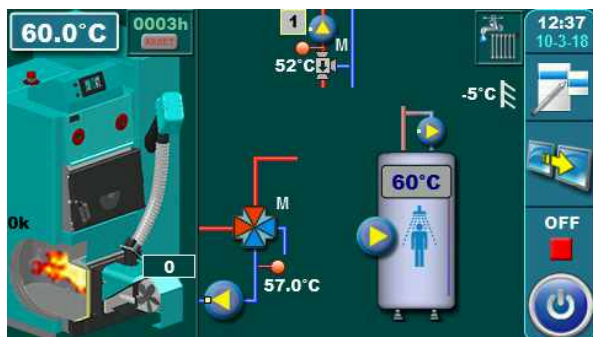
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



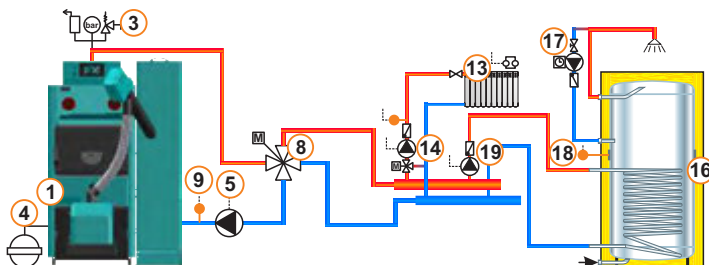
***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITHOUT PUMPS**

13.81. Configuration H-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set Touch



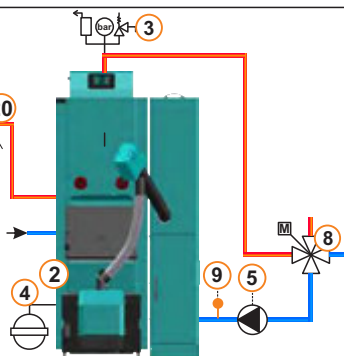
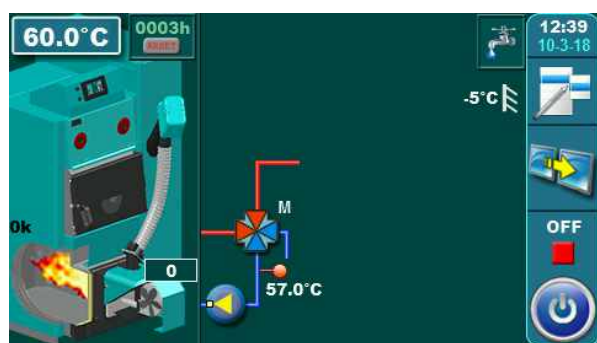
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.82. Configuration H-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
- Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

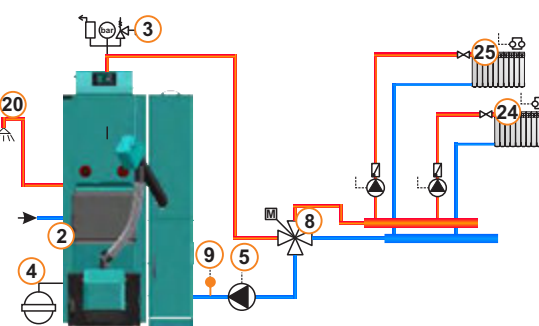
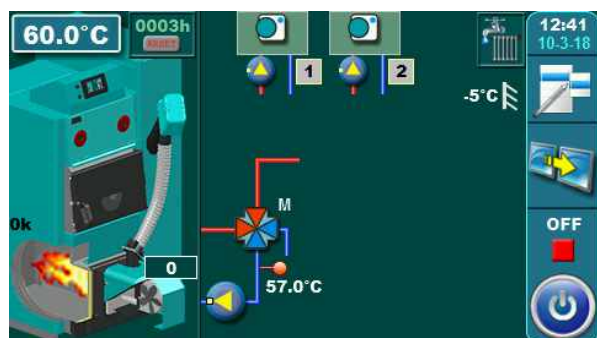
Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.82.1. Configuration H-7-0

*EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
- Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

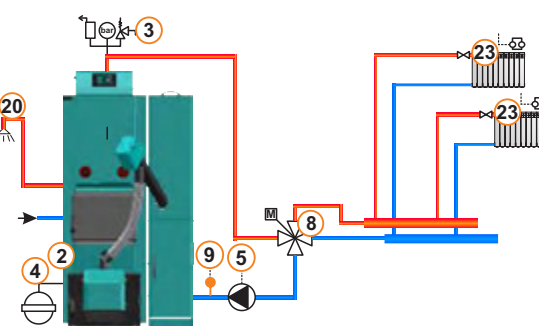
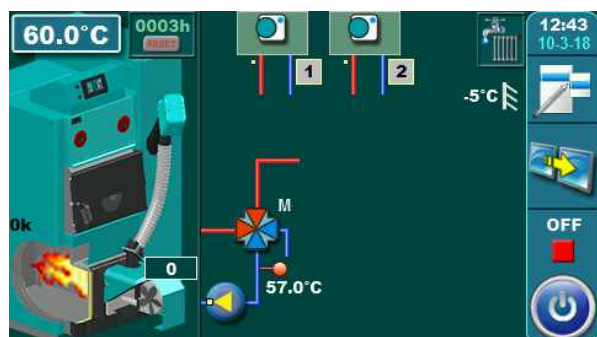
dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITH PUMPS**

13.82.2. Configuration H-7-0

*EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
- Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C

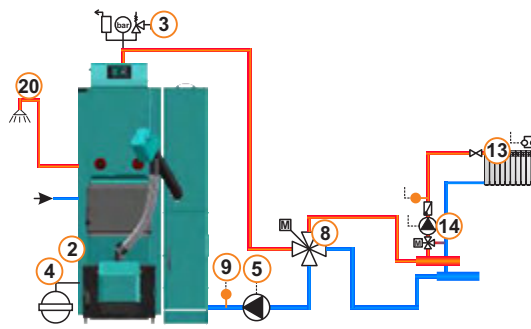
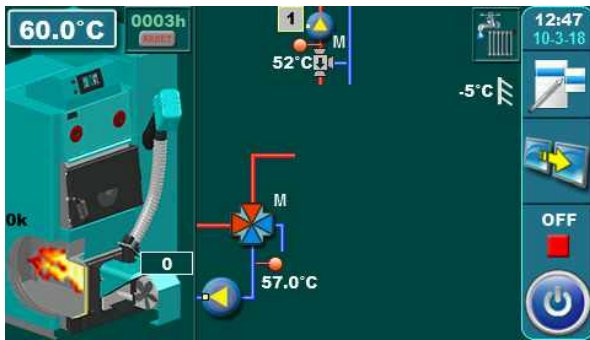
dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITHOUT PUMPS**

13.83. Configuration H-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

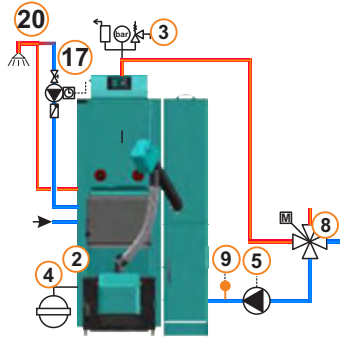
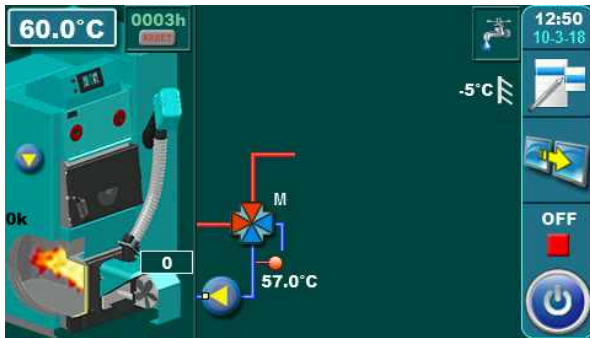
Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.84. Configuration H-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

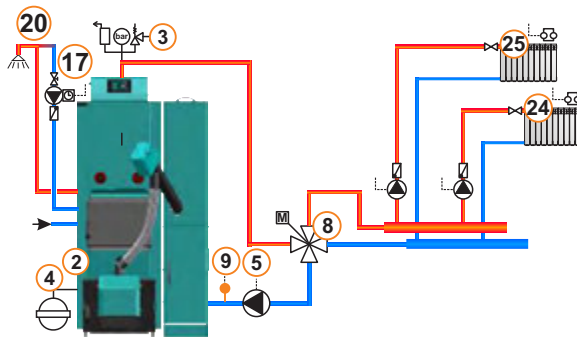
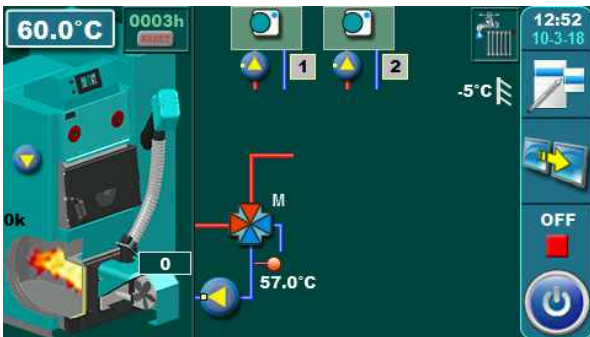


Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.84.1. Configuration H-8-0

*EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



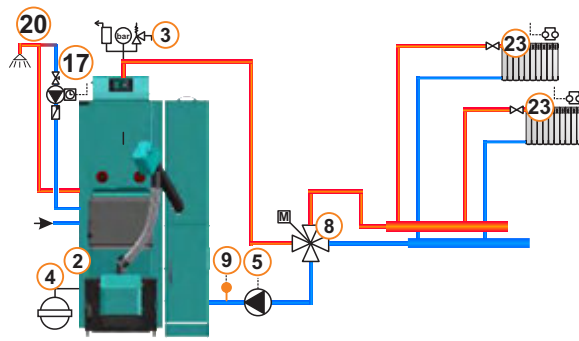
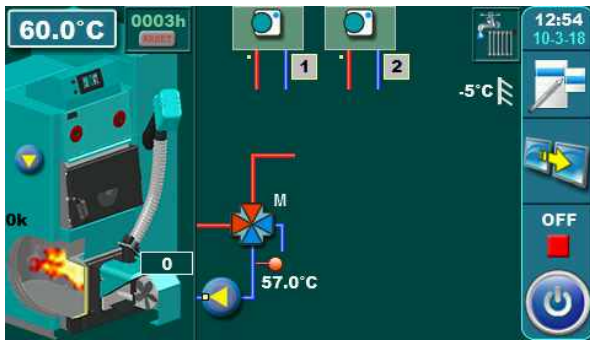
Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITH PUMPS**

13.84.2. Configuration H-8-0

***EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch**



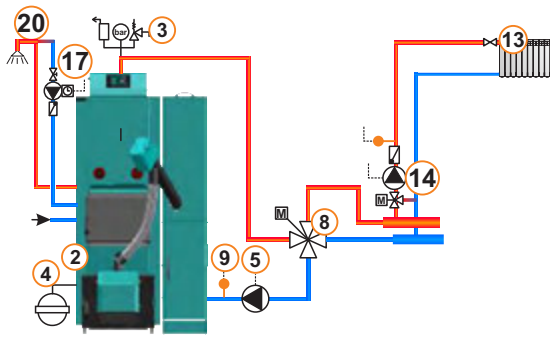
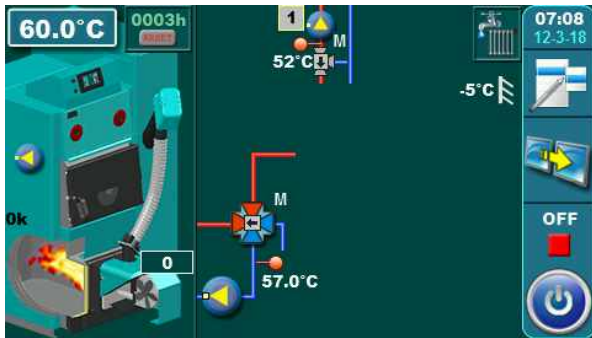
Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

***DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS WITHOUT PUMPS**

13.85. Configuration H-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

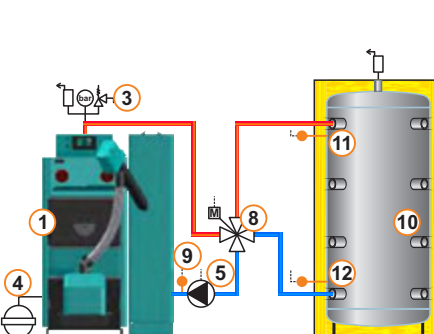
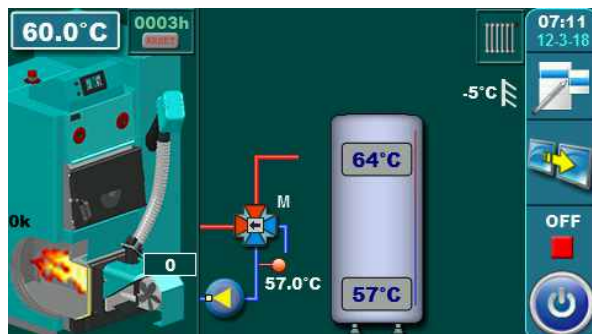
Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.86. Configuration I-0-0

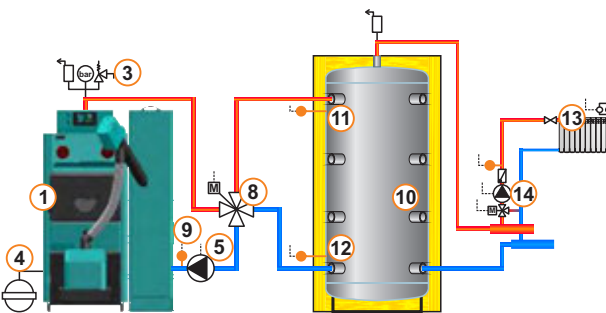
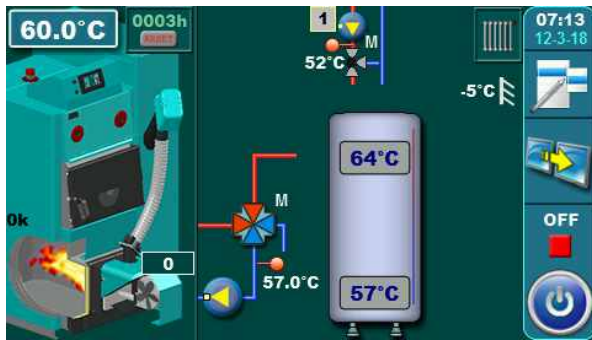
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
 Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
 dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
 dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

13.87. Configuration I-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



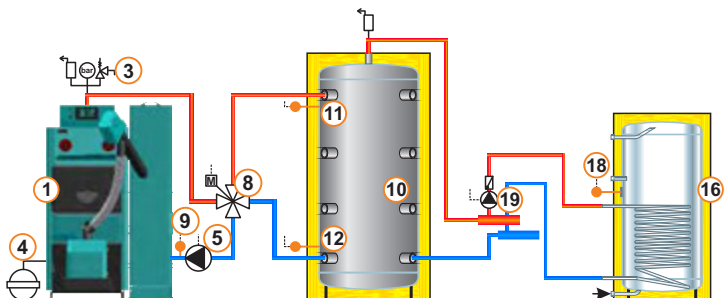
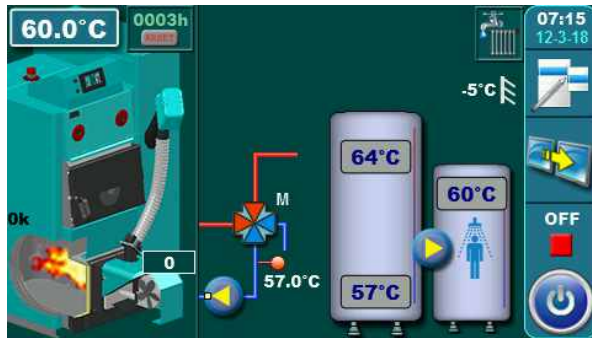
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.88. Configuration I-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

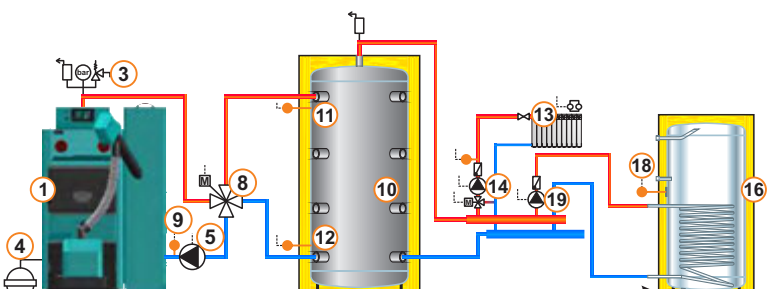
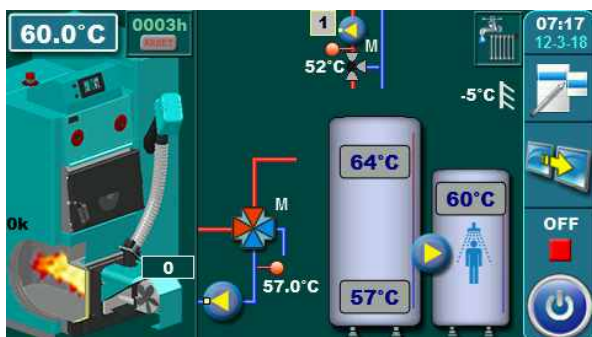


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

13.89. Configuration I-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



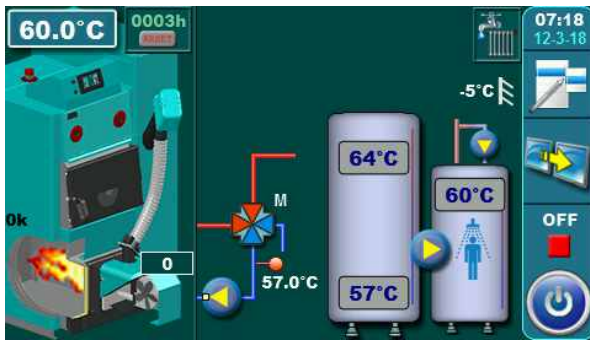
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.90. Configuration I-2-0

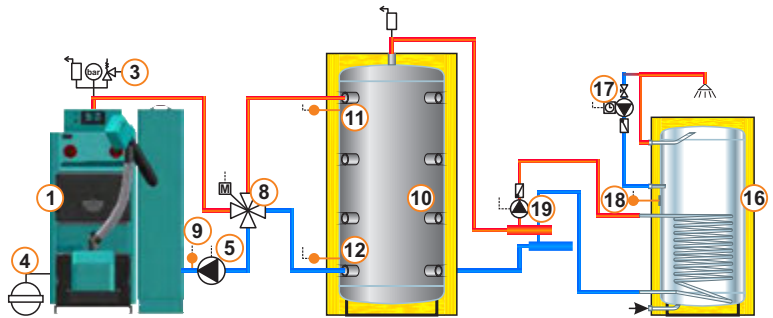
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

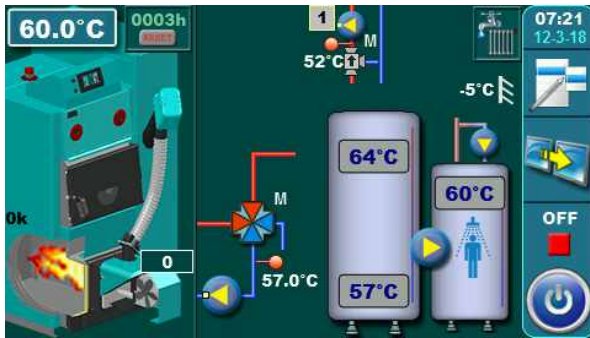
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



13.91. Configuration I-2-1

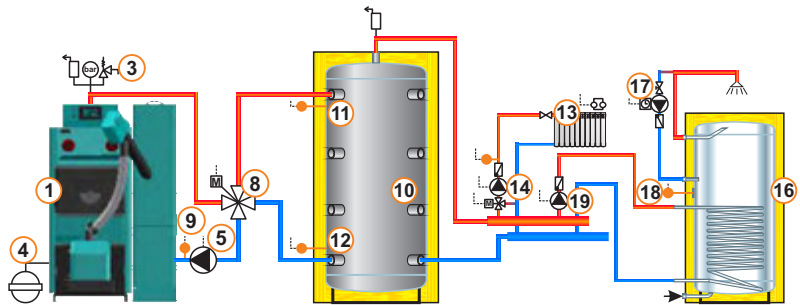
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (80-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

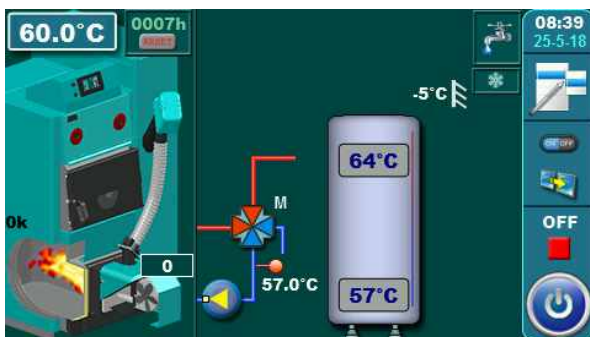
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



13.92. Configuration I-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

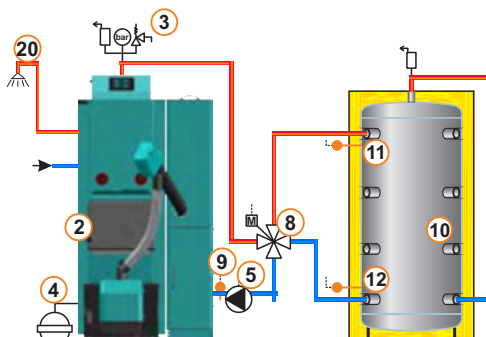


Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

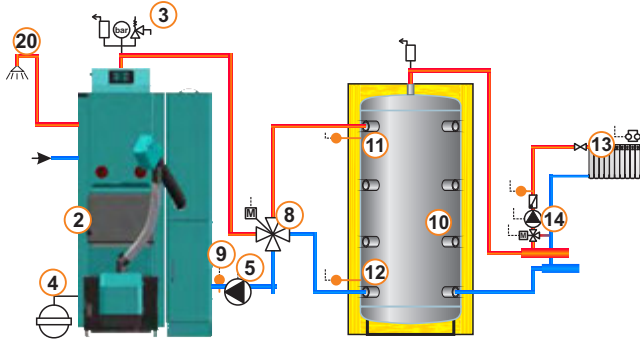
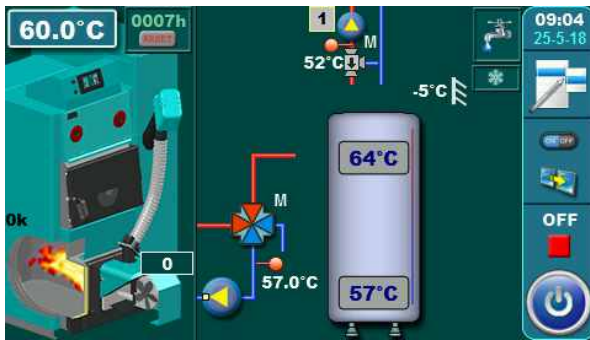
Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)



13.93. Configuration I-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

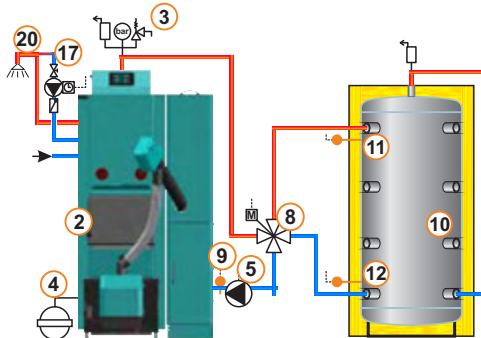
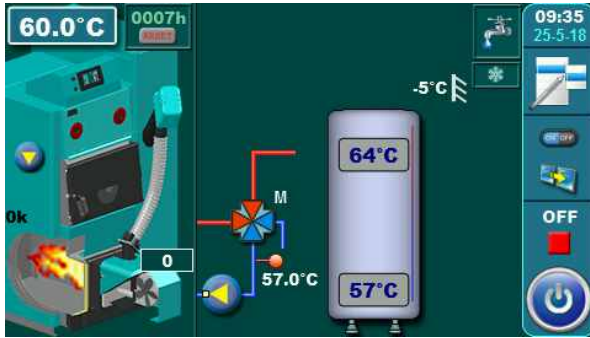
Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.94. Configuration I-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

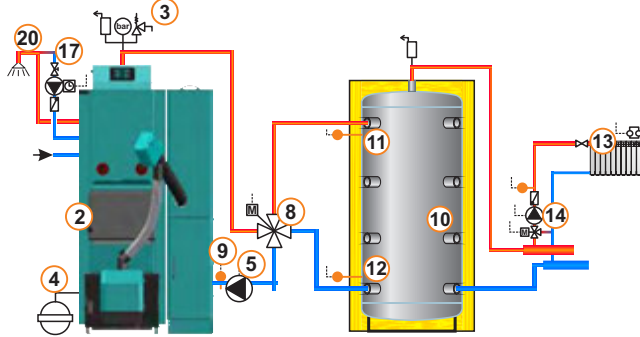
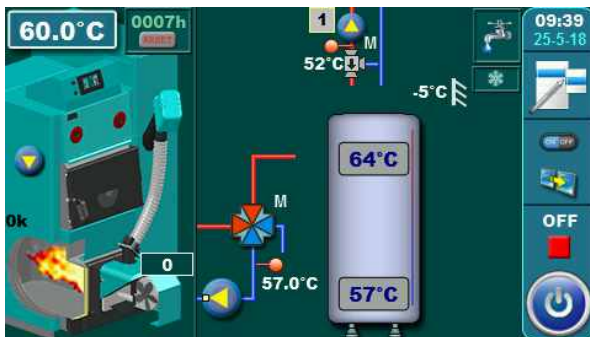
Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)

13.95. Configuration I-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures:

Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (80-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

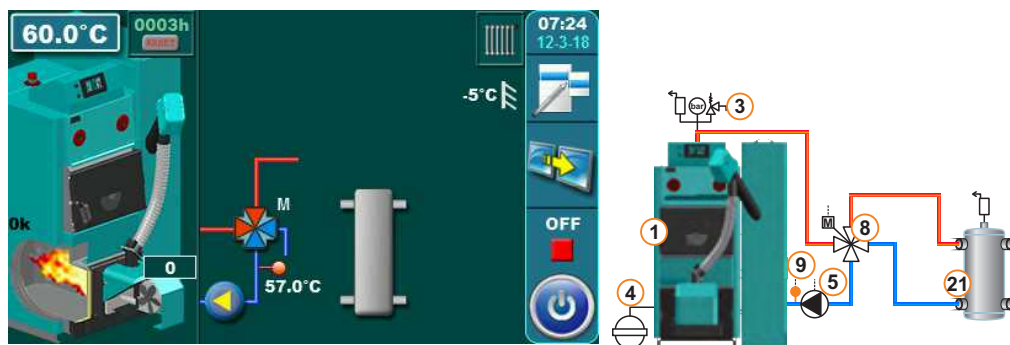
Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Tbuf: 80°C (70-80°C)
dTbuf: 10°C (5-30°C)
dTbuf-off: 5°C (3-50°C)
Tbuf min.: 20°C (5-85°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.96. Configuration J-0-0

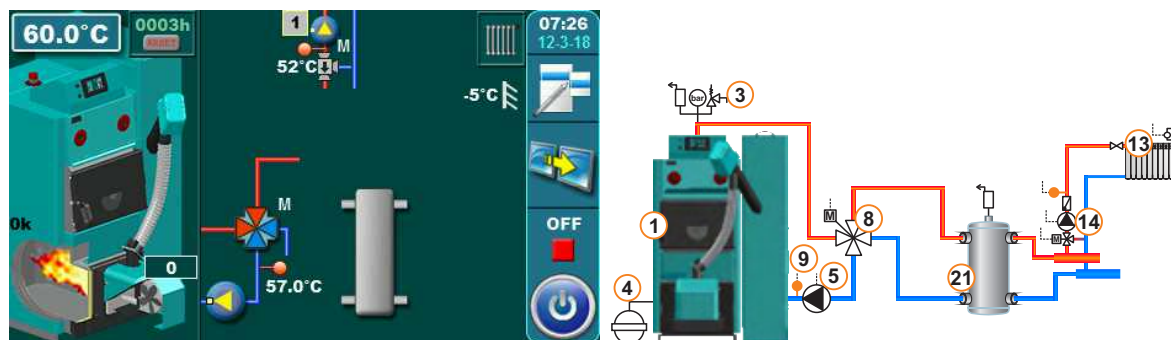
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

13.97. Configuration J-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

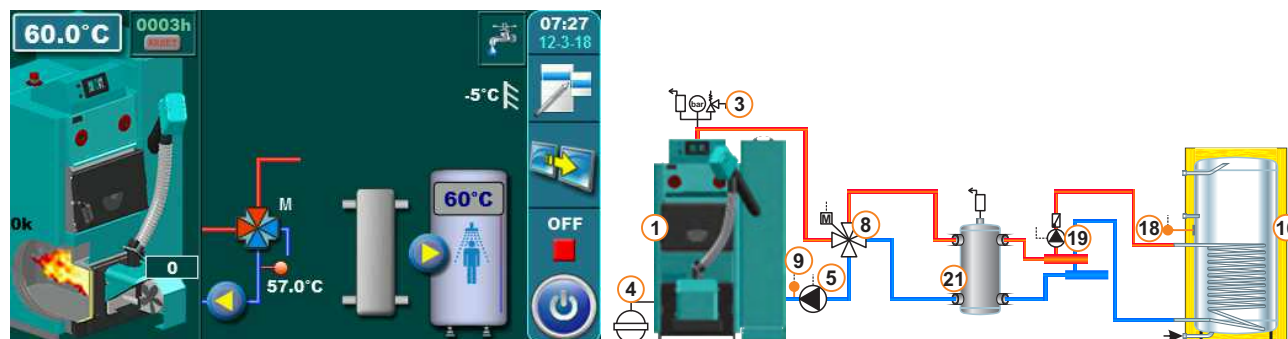


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.98. Configuration J-1-0

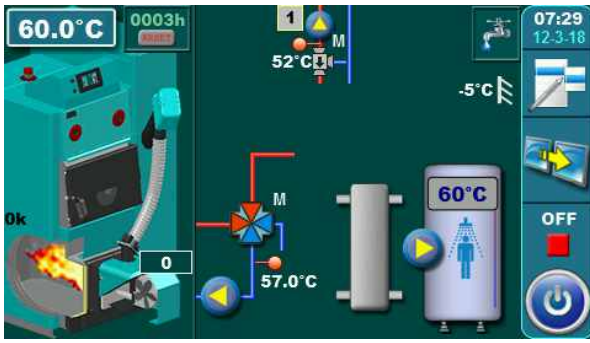
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

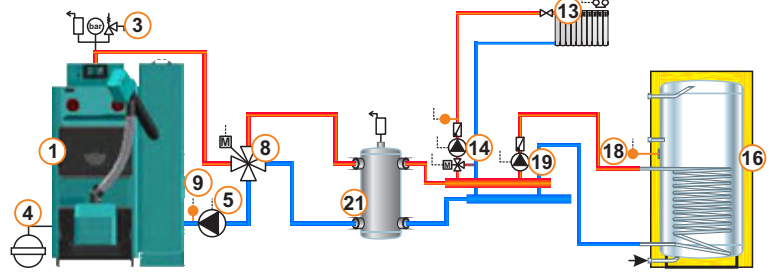
13.99. Configuration J-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



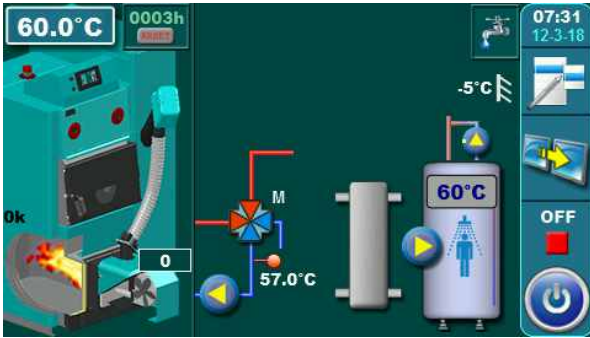
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

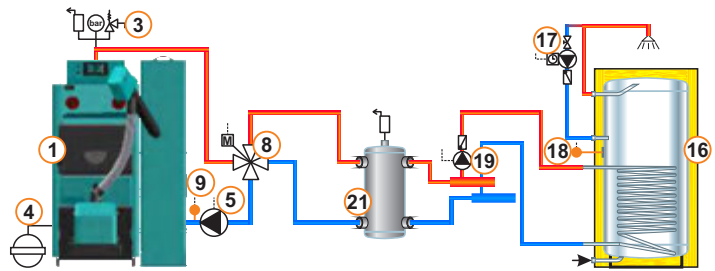


13.100. Configuration J-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

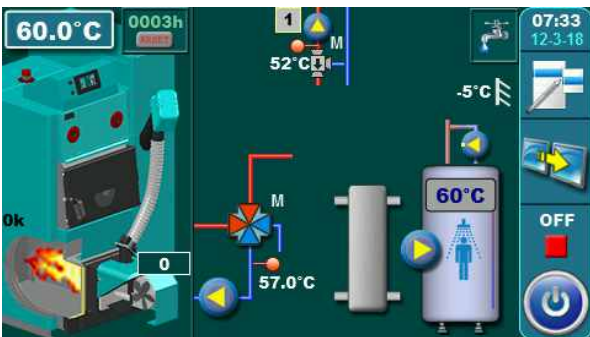


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



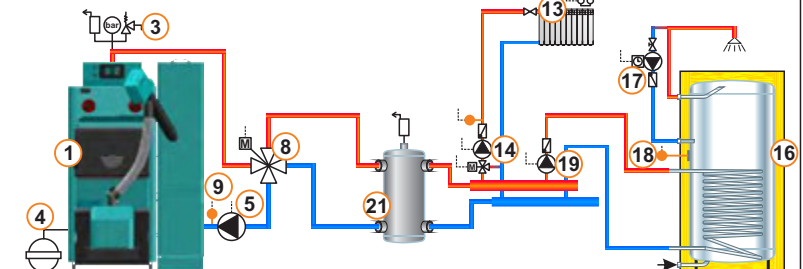
13.101. Configuration J-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



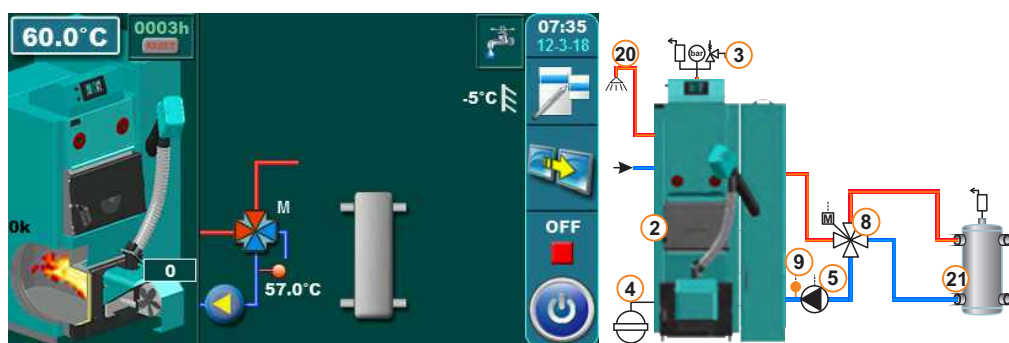
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (70-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-70°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)



13.102. Configuration J-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

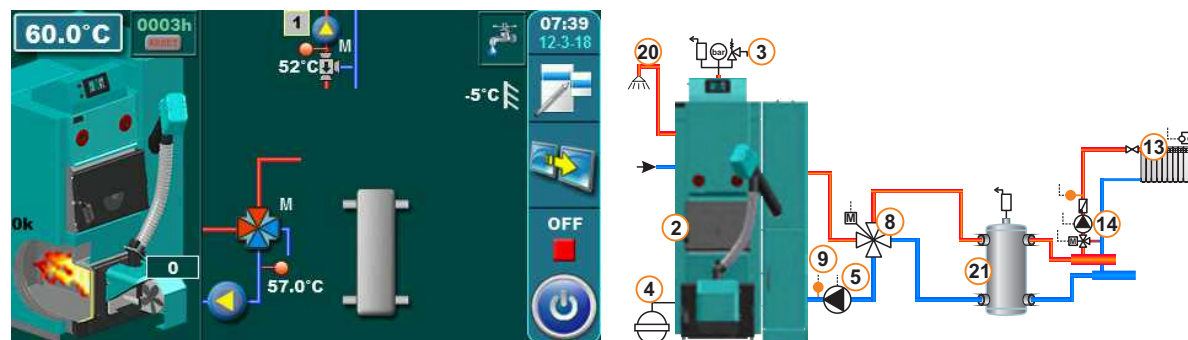


Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.103. Configuration J-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



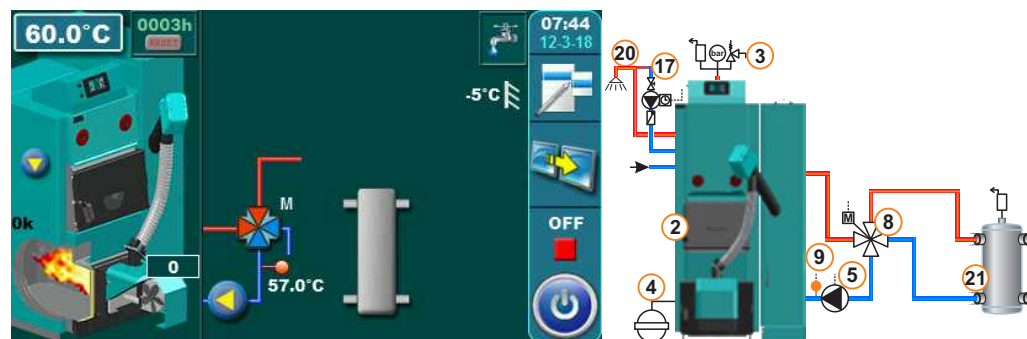
Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.104. Configuration J-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

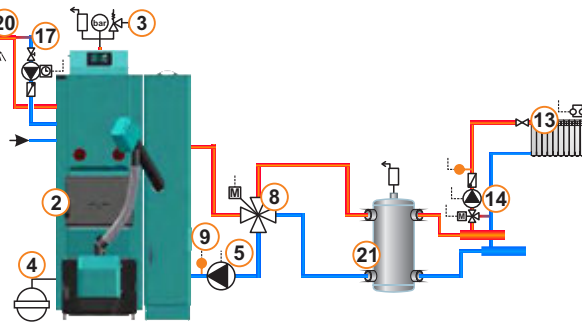
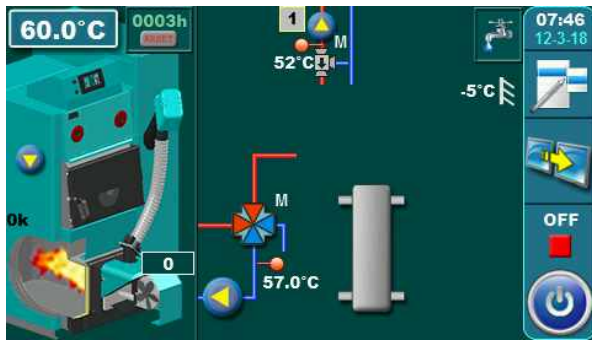


Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.105. Configuration J-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



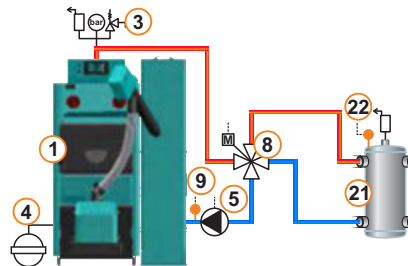
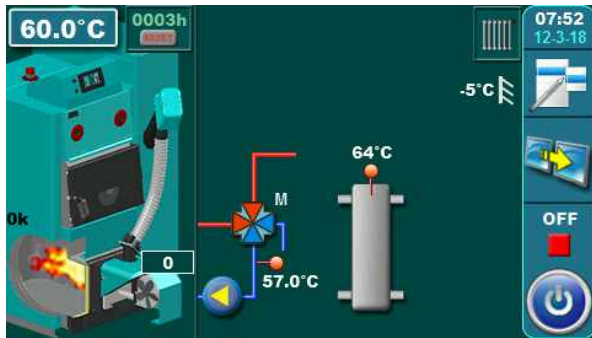
Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (70-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (70-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.106. Configuration K-0-0

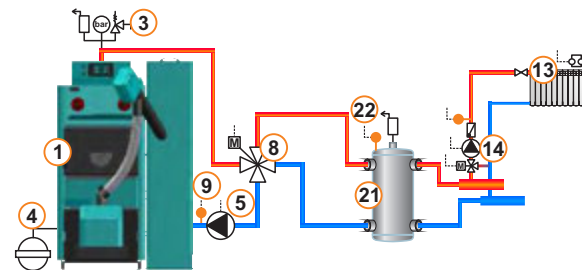
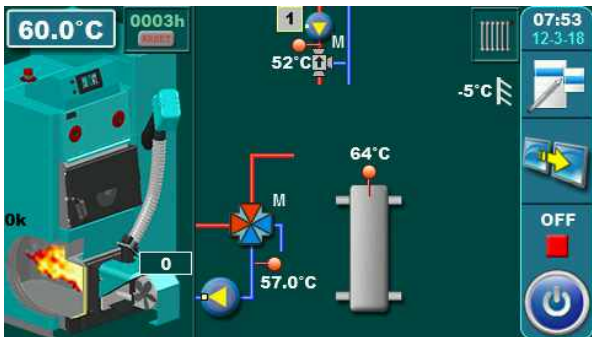
EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
 Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.107. Configuration K-0-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

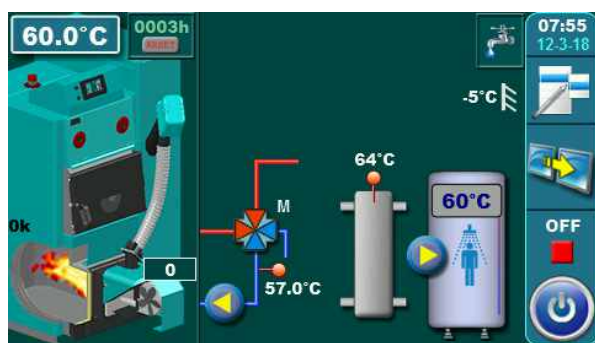


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
 dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
 Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

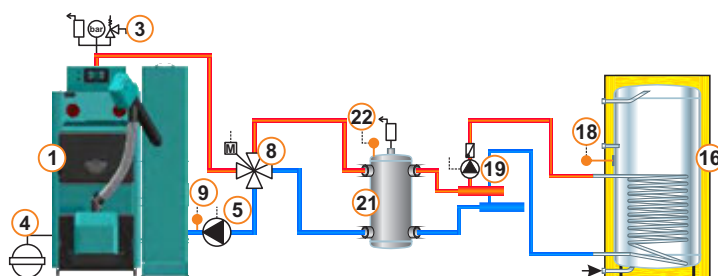
Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.108. Configuration K-1-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

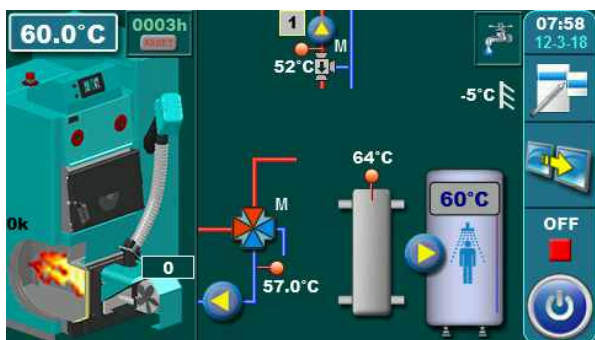


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



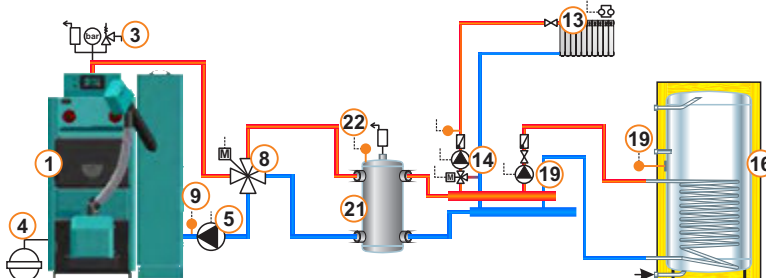
13.109. Configuration K-1-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



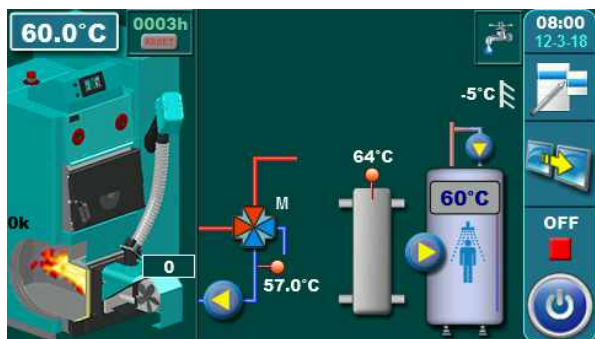
Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

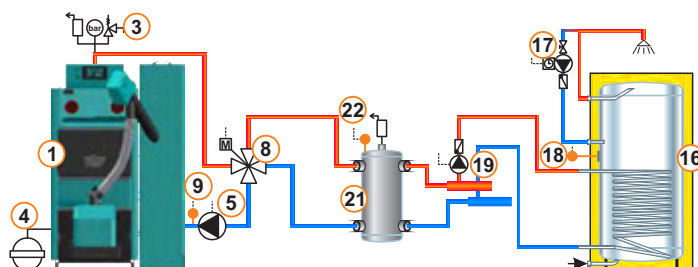


13.110. Configuration K-2-0

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

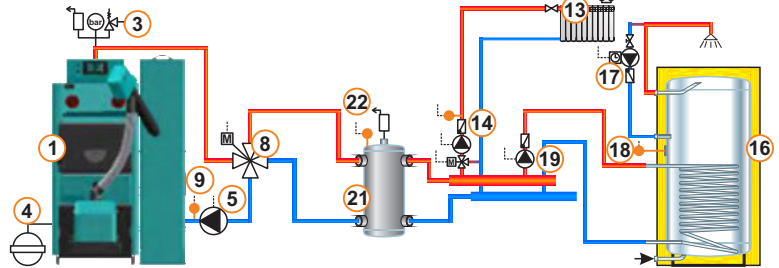
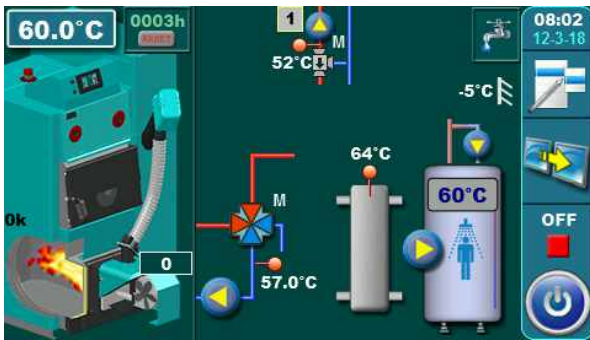


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)



13.111. Configuration K-2-1

EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

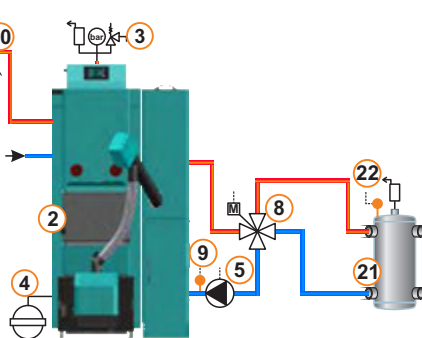
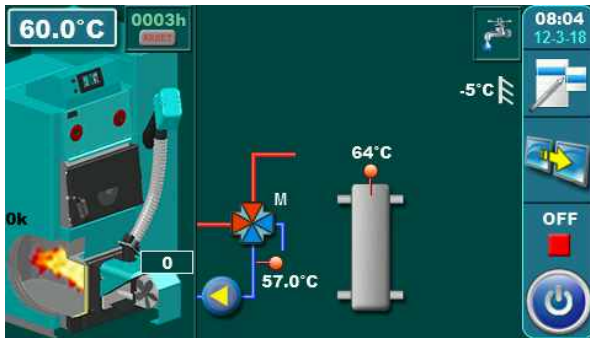


Temperatures: Tboiler: 80°C (75-90°C)
dTboiler: 10°C (5-15°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)
Tdhw: 50°C (10-73°C)
dTdhw: 5°C (5-50°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.112. Configuration K-7-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

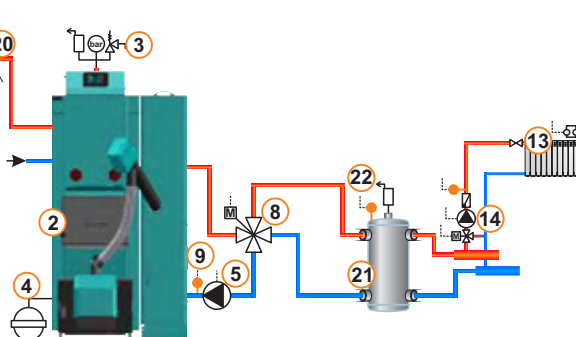
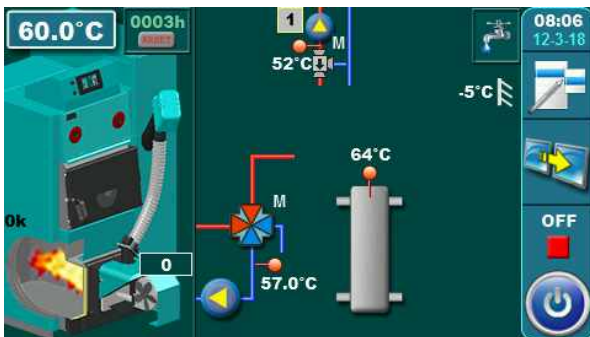


Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
- Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

13.113. Configuration K-7-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



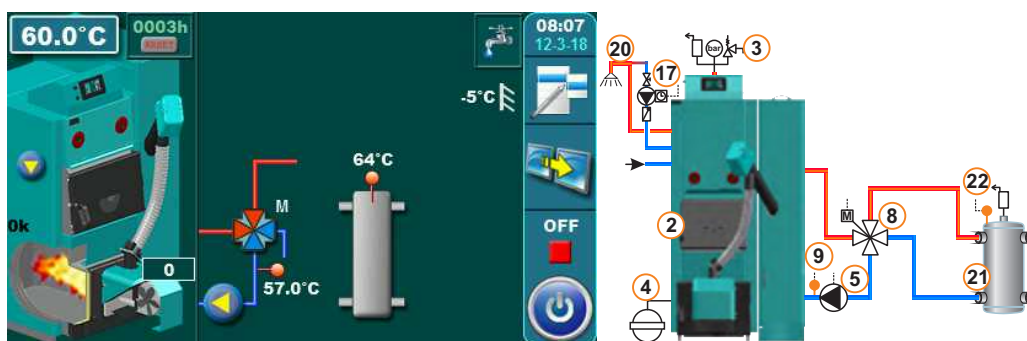
Temperatures: Tboiler:
- Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
-> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
dTboiler:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
- DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
- DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
dTdhw:
- Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
- DHW: 15 (10-40°C)
Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

Circuit 1:
Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
Night roomtemp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

13.114. Configuration K-8-0

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch

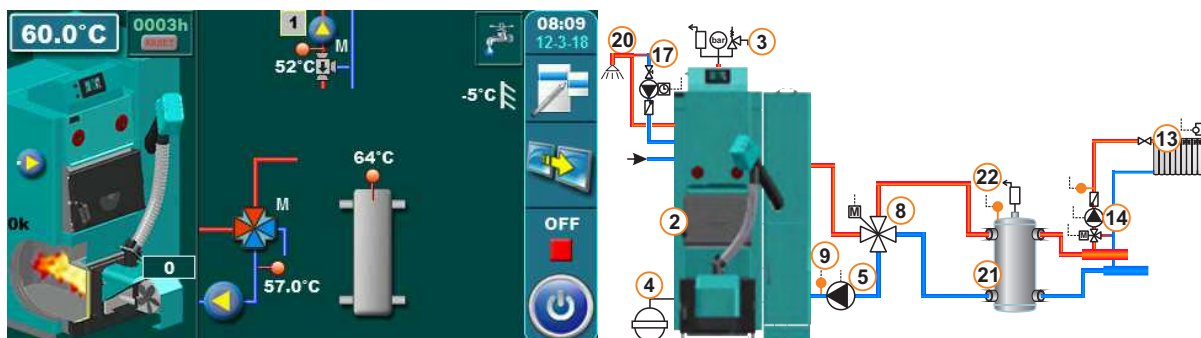


Temperatures: Tboiler: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 - Mode: -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - Mode: - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - Mode: - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)

13.115. Configuration K-8-1

EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet-set_Touch



Temperatures: Tboiler:
 - Mode: -> Heating+DHW: 80°C (75-90°C)
 -> DHW: 70°C (75-80°C)
 dTboiler:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 10°C (5-15°C)
 - DHW: 10°C (5-10°C)

Tdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=80°C
 - DHW: Tdhw=Tboiler=70°C
 dTdhw:
 - Mode: - Heating+DHW: 15°C (10-40°C)
 - DHW: 15 (10-40°C)
 Tcro: 75°C (70-80°C)

Circuit 1:
 Const. temp. day: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Const. temp. night: 60°C (20-90°C)
 Day room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)
 Night room temp.: 20°C (5-30°C)

Legend:

- 1 - Boiler **EKO-CK P + Cm Pelet set_Touch**
- 2 - Boiler **EKO-CKB P + Cm Pelet set_Touch**
- 3 - Safety-vent group (safety valve 2,5 bar)
- 4 - Closed expansion vessel
- 5 - Pump **P1**
- 6 - Backflow protection:
 - 3-way mixing valve (min. 60 C)
- 7 - Backflow protection:
 - 3-way mixing valve with actuator (**MVAL2**)
- 8 - Backflow protection:
 - 4-way mixing valve with actuator (**MVAL2**)
- 9 - Backflow sensor (**CIRCUIT2**)
- 10 - Accumulation tank
- 11 - Upper sensor of the accumulation tank (**BUFFER1**)
- 12 - Lower sensor of the accumulation tank (**BUFFER2**)
- 13 - Mixing heating circuit
- 14 - 1. circuit flow sensor (**CIRCUIT1**) + pump (**P4**) + actuator (**MVAL1**)
- 15 - 2. circuit flow sensor (**CIRCUIT2**) + pump (**P5**) + actuator (**MVAL2**)
- 16 - DHW tank
- 17 - DHW recirculation (**P3**)
- 18 - DHW tank sensor (**DHW**)
- 19 - DHW tank pump (**P2**)
- 20 - DHW tank in the boiler
- 21 - Hydraulic crossover (**CRO**)
- 22 - Hydraulic crossover temperature sensor (**HS**)
- 23 - Direct heating circuit (radiator) with room thermostat or room corrector
- 24 - Direct heating circuit (radiator) with room thermostat or room corrector + pump (**P4**)
- 25 - Direct heating circuit (radiator) with room thermostat or room corrector + pump (**P5**)

14.0 ERRORS AND WARNINGS

14.1 LIST AND TROUBLESHOOTING OF ERRORS

| ERROR | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--|--|
| E0 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH THE PCB BOARD | <p>Possible cause: No communication between the PC board and other parts of the boiler.</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Ensure that all UTP cable connectors are properly inserted into the connector on the PC board, whether all connectors have good contact with the printed circuit board, and that all UTP cables are correct.</p> |
| E1 | PRESSURE IN THE COMBUSTION CHAMBER | <p>Possible cause: Excessive furnaces resistance</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check the filling of the boiler furnace and flue gas passes, chimney filling, and correct operation of the pressure switch.</p> |
| E2 | IGNITION ERROR | <p>Possible cause: In safety time (12 min.) the flame did not appear.</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check that there is a pellet in the pellet tank/transporter, if there are any foreign bodies in the transportwer, that the flexible pellet delivery tube has a drop to the burner so that the pellets can fall smoothly into the burner, whether the burner grate is well placed in the burner (is not installed ON the el. heater), whether the pellets are not too humid, whether the pellets of the appropriate dimensions (for these burner settings are 6 mm in diameter), whether the burner blows hot air (whether the electric heater has blown), whether the initial pellet supply is sufficient.</p> |
| E2_1 | IGNITION ERROR AFTER POWERLOSS | <p>Possible cause: In safety time (12 min.) the flame did not appear, and before that, the current disappeared in one of the burner stages except "OFF", "A0" I S7-3.</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check that there is a pellet in the pellet tank, whether there is a pellet in the transporter, if the flexible pellet tube has a drop in the burner so that pellets can fall smoothly into the burner, that the flexible tube is not damaged (blown or burnt) whether the burner grate is overcrowded with the remains of burnt pellets, whether the burner grid is well positioned in the burner (is not installed ON the el. heater), whether the pellets are not too humid, whether the pellets are of adequate dimensions (for these burner diameters 6 mm in diameter) the burner grate is crammed with the remains of burnt pellets, whether the burner blows hot air (whether the el. heater has blown), whether the photocell is clean. Clean the grate and burner.</p> |

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| E3 | HIGH TEMPERATURE ON THE INLET TUBE | <p>Possible cause: The temperature of the pellet flexible filling tube on the burner is higher than 80° C.</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Possible fulfilling of the burner furnace and flexible tube due to incorrectly adjusted combustion air, incorrectly tuned delivery parameters, inadequate dimensions or pellet quality, possible hole on the flexible tube or fall of the flexible tube from the delivery tube, possible fan stoppage, possible impassable flue gas passages in boiler and chimney.</p> |
| E4 | DEFECTIVE BOILER SENSOR | <p>Possible cause: Break in the cables between the sensor and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective boiler sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: departure to shutdown mode.S7 (S7-1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the sensor location in the tank, check for sensor/cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E5 | DEFECTIVE DHW SENSOR | <p>Possible cause: Break in the cables between the sensor and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective boiler sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: departure to shutdown mode S7 (S7-1). If the user turns off the DHW fault stops and the boiler can start.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the sensor location in the tank, check for sensor/cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E6 | LOSS OF FLAME DURING OPERATION | <p>Possible cause: The photocell does not see the flame in the burner furnace.</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check that the fault is caused by the loss of pellets (in the tank/transporter), the congestion of the transporter motor, the spiral of the transporter, the foreign body in the transporter, the improper supply, the supply of too humid pellets, the burning of the burner grate to the remains of pellet combustion or the scorching of the photocell.</p> |
| E6_1 | LOSS OF FLAME AFTER POWER LOSS | <p>Possible cause: The photocell does not see the flame during the burner operation in the burner furnace, before which the current has disappeared in one of the burner stages except "OFF", "A0" and "S7-3".</p> <p>Boiler status: departure to shutdown mode S7 (S7-1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check that the fault is caused by the loss of pellets (in the tank / transporter), faulty feeding ,feeding of the too humid pellets, the burning of the burner grate to the remains of pellet combustion or the scorching of the photocell. Clean grate and burner.</p> |

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| E7 | DATE AND TIME ARE NOT SET | <p>Possible cause: Low or fully charged battery. Clock reset at 00:00 and date on 1.1.2000. after switching off or unplugging (or not configured), and at least one switching time (boiler/DHW/recirculation) is switched on. If no switching time is on, this error will not occur, but Warning W2. This burner failure can not be detected by itself, it can only occur if a switch-on time is triggered in the work while we have a W2 warning, in which case the burner goes into the S7 (S7-1) shutdown phase. If any currents, during the burner operation (all stages except "OFF", "A0" and S7-3) are disconnected, then the current is returned and the E7 is acknowledged, the boiler will perform the necessary actions after power failure and will not start due to mistakes. If the currents are gone when the burner is in the "OFF", "A0" and "S7-3" stages, and then the currents return to the E7, the boiler will not start due to an error.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler can operate, if all the switching times are off, otherwise it can not operate. The boiler states under different circumstances are described above, „Possible cause“.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: It is necessary to replace the battery (CR1220) on the control panel PC board.</p> |
| E8 | FAN FAILURE | <p>Possible cause: The RPM sensor does not see the fan rotation.</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check for the possible rotation of the RPM sensor, due to the arrangement of the fan bearings (to see if the sprocket is free to rotate), due to the input of the external body into the fan coil, due to the release of the thermal protection of the fan (after cooling the 30°C fan can be started again) due to too low network voltage.</p> |
| E9 | FILLING IN WITH PELLETS IN THE SUPPLY TUBE | <p>Possible cause: fulfilling the pellet filling tube with pellets</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check the fullness of the burner grate, burner furnace, boiler furnace, and chimney, whether the burner grate is well positioned in the burner (is not installed ON the el. heater) - valid for CPPL 14-50), whether pellets are not too humid, inadequate dimensions or quality pellets (for these burner diameters 6 mm), possible holes on the flexible tube pipe, too much pellet delivery / low rpm, incorrectly loaded filling parameters, incorrect combustion air.</p> |

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| E9_1 | FILLING IN WITH PELLETS IN THE SUPPLY TUBE | <p>Possible cause: Filling the flexible tube with pellets - variant_1 - when it is in operation reduced pellet supply over a period of time in which it failed to return to the normal filling regime with fulfilling (factory only active on CPPL 90)</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check the fullness of the burner gate, burner furnace, boiler furnace, and chimney, whether the burner grate is well positioned in the burner (is not installed ON the el. heater) - valid for CPPL 14-50), whether pellets are not too humid, inadequate dimensions or quality pellets (for these burner diameters 6 mm), possible holes on the flexible tube pipe, too much pellet delivery/low rpm, incorrectly loaded filling parameters, incorrect combustion air.</p> |
| E9_2 | FILLING IN WITH PELLETS IN THE SUPPLY TUBE | <p>Possible cause: Filling the flexible tube with pellets - variant_2 - when it is in operation reduced pellet supply over a period of time in which it failed to return to the normal filling regime with fulfilling (factory only active on CPPL 90)</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check the fullness of the burner gate, burner furnace, boiler furnace, and chimney, whether the burner grate is well positioned in the burner (is not installed ON the el. heater) - valid for CPPL 14-50), whether pellets are not too humid, inadequate dimensions or quality pellets (for these burner diameters 6 mm), possible holes on the flexible tube pipe, too much pellet delivery/low rpm, incorrectly loaded filling parameters, incorrect combustion air.</p> |
| E10 | DEFECT UPPER SENSOR IN THE ACCUMULATION TANK | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in cables between sensors and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor in the accu tank upper part.</p> <p>Boiler status: Departure to the Shutdown phase S7 (S7-1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the sensor location in the tank, check for sensor/cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E11 | DEFECT LOWER SENSOR IN THE ACCUMULATION TANK | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in cables between sensors and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor in the accu. tank lower part.</p> <p>Boiler status: Departure to the Shutdown phase S7 (S7-1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the sensor location in the tank, check for sensor/cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |

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| E12 | DEFECT SENSOR HYDRAULIC CROSSOVER | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in cables between sensors and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor</p> <p>Boiler status: Departure to the Shutdown phase S7 (S7-1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the location of the sensor, check for sensor / cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E13 | DEFECT SENSOR OF THE RETURN | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in cables between sensors and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: Departure to the S7 (S7-1) phase, if the pump P1 is in operation and there is a mixing valve (return protection) it goes to 50% openness.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the location of the sensor, check for sensor / cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E14 | DEFECT OUTER TEMPERATURE SENSOR | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the sensor and control (CM2K), control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operate normally, but all heating circuits which are using external temperature sensor shutdown the pump and the freeze protection condition (if it is switched on) automatically assumes that the outside temperature meets the freeze protection condition (unless the authorized service person has switched off the external temperature requirement).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the location of the sensor, check for sensor / cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E15 | SENSOR 1. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Termination in cables between the 1st heating circuit and control sensor, control contact, cold connection or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operate normally, the 1st circuit stops to operate, shutdown the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the location of the sensor, check for sensor / cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E16 | CORRECTOR 1. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Termination in cables between the 1st heating circuit regulator and control, control contact, cold connection or defective corrector.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operate normally, the 1st heating circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call a qualified service person to check the location of the corrector, check for damage/correctness of the correctors and cable, check the connectors on the connectors.</p> |

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| E17 | SENSOR 2. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Termination in cables between the 2nd heating circuit and control sensor, control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operate normally, 2 circuit stop to operate, switch off the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized service person to check the location of the sensor, check for sensor / cable damage, check connections at the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |
| E18 | CORRECTOR 2. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Termination in the cables between the 2 heating circuit connector and control unit. Control unit contacts, cold connection or defective corrector.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operate normally, the 2nd heating circuit continues to operate as if the converter is off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call a qualified service person to check the location of the corrector, check for damage / correctness and cable, check the connection of the connectors.</p> |
| E19 | PHOTOCELL ERROR | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in cables between the photocell and control, control contacts, cold or faulty photocell.</p> <p>Boiler status: Departure in phase of shutdown S7 (S7-1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Contact an authorized service person to check the damage / correctness of the photocell and the cable, check the connections on the connectors.</p> |
| E20 | SAFETY THERMOSTAT OR DOOR MICROSWITCH | <p>Possible cause: Too high boiler water temperature (above 101 ° C) or open lower boiler door, poorly positioned microprocessor at the bottom boiler door (not pressed enough when the door is closed), defective microprocessor with lower boiler door.</p> <p>Boiler status: The pellet transporter and the burner fan momentarily stop operating, ie the boiler is currently in the OFF phase. The fan and the transporter lose power and do not even run the manual test.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: If the lower boiler doors are open they should be closed, if they are closed, check the position of the microprocessor (if it is pressed sufficiently) and its correctness. If everything is checked with the microprocessor and the fault is still active, check that it has released the safety thermostat. Wait for the water temperature in the boiler to be below 70 ° C and perform the procedure from "SAFETY THERMOSTAT_Case of boiler operation".</p> |
| E21 | DEFECT RECIRCULATION SENSOR | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in cables between sensors and control, control contacts, cold connection or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: boiler operate normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call a qualified service person to check the location of the sensor, check for sensor / cable damage, check connectors on the connectors, check the ohmic resistance of the sensor.</p> |

Errors

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| E22 | UNKNOWN BOILER POWER | <p>Possible cause: Problem with the “code key “ for the power reading:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the key is not placed, not recognized, has a malfunction, we have a cold junction or the key is defective. <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the damage/accuracy of the “ key “ and the connections.</p> |
| E23 | WRONG BOILER POWER | <p>Possible cause: A wrong “ key “ is placed for the power reading or a wrong screen (used on another boiler – with another power).</p> <p>Boiler status: Currently goes to OFF mode</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman to check the accuracy of the key/screen.</p> |
| E24 | FUEL LEVEL | <p>Possible cause: Too low pellet level in the tank for a normal operation.</p> <p>Boiler status: Entering the extinguishing phase S7(S7 – 1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Fill the tank with pellets minimal above the pellet level sensor in the tank.</p> |
| E100_1 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CM2K (1+&2+) | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the controller's PCB boards and CM2K.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting : Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_2 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CM2K (3+&4+) | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the CM2K controller's PCB boards.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_3 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CM2K (5+&6+) | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the CM2K controller's PCB boards.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_4 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CM2K (7+&8+) | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the CM2K controller's PCB boards.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_5 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CMGSM | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the controller's PCB boards and CMGSM.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting : Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_6 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CM WIFI-BOX | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the controller's PCB boards and WiFi box.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |

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| E100_7 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CMNET | <p>Possible cause: Defective UTP cable or connections on the controller's PCB boards and CMNET.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally as an individual boiler (does not operate in a cascade).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_8 | COMMUNICATION ERROR WITH CMVAC | <p>Possible cause: Error communication with the vacuum suction, defective UTP cable or connections on the controller's PCB boards and CMVAC.</p> <p>Boiler status : The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check all.</p> |
| E100_9 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| E101 | SENSOR CM2K 1. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 1st circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 1st CM2K circuit stops to operate , stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position , check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable , check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |
| E102 | CORRECTOR CM2K 1. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 1st circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K , cold junction or defective corrector.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 1st CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position , check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E103 | SENSOR CM2K 2. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 2nd circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 2nd CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |

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| E104 | CORRECTOR CM2K 2. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 2nd circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective corrector.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 2nd CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position, check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E105 | SENSOR CM2K 3. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 3rd circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 3rd CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |
| E106 | CORRECTOR CM2K 3. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 3rd circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective corrector.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 3rd CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position, check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E107 | SENSOR CM2K 4. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 4th circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 4th CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position , check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |
| E108 | CORRECTOR CM2K 4. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 4th circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K , cold junction or defective corrector</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 4th CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position, check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |

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| E109 | SENSOR CM2K 5. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 5th circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 5th CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |
| E110 | CORRECTOR CM2K 5. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 5th circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective corrector</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 5th CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position, check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E111 | SENSOR CM2K 6. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 6th circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 6th CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable , check the contacts on the connectors , check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |
| E112 | CORRECTOR CM2K 6. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 6th circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective corrector</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 6th CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position , check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E113 | SENSOR CM2K 7. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 7th circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 7th CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |

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| E114 | CORRECTOR CM2K 7. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 7th circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective corrector</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 7th CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position, check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E115 | SENSOR CM2K 8. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 8th circuit sensor and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 8th CM2K circuit stops to operate, stops (turns off) the pump.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors, check the sensor's ohm resistance.</p> |
| E116 | CORRECTOR CM2K 8. CIRCUIT | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the 8th circuit corrector and CM2K, connections on the CM2K, cold junction or defective corrector</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally, the 8th CM2K circuit continues to operate as if the corrector is turned off.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the corrector position, check the damage/accuracy of the corrector and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E117 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| E118 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| E119 | FUEL SENSOR | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the cables between the sensor and controller, connections on the controller, cold junction or defective sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: Entering the extinguishing phase S7 (S7 – 1).</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the sensor position, check the damage/accuracy of the sensor and cable, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |

| | | |
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| E120 | ERROR THE FLAP IS NOT CLOSED | <p>Possible cause: The vacuum suction flap is blocked with pellets, dirty or too far away flap sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check if the vacuum suction flap is blocked with pellets, check if the flap sensor is dirty with dust, check if the flap sensor has a 1 mm distance from the flap, check if the flap sensor responds to the flap (the LED light on the sensor lights).</p> |
| E121 | NO PELLETS | <p>Possible cause: No pellets in the pellet tank, blocked flexible tubes, the turbine net is filled with dust, the exit from the bigger tank is filled with dust.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Please check the pellet level in the tank, check if the flexible tubes are blocked, check if the turbine net is full with dust, check if the exit from the bigger tank is full with dust.</p> |
| E122 | THE MOLE OR FEEDER SCREW DOES NOT OPERATE | <p>Possible cause: Interruption in the el. cables between the controller and the mole/screw (feeder) in the tank.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler operates normally.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Call an authorized serviceman who will check the el. connections on the mole/screw(feeder) in the tank, check the contacts on the connectors.</p> |
| E123 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| E124 | NOT ACTIVE | |

14.2 LIST AND TROUBLESHOOTING OF WARNINGS

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|----|------------------------------|--|
| W1 | FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS | <p>Possible cause: It occurs when the controller automatically loads the factory parameters as the data in the data base is faulty/incorrect. Under normal circumstances the warning occurs during the first start after changing the software.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler does not operate and it cannot continue to operate.</p> <p>What needs to be done: Call an authorized serviceman who has to make the first commissioning and set all parameters one more time.</p> |
| W2 | DATE AND TIME ARE NOT SET | <p>Possible cause: The hour resets to 00:00 and the date to 1.1.2000. after switching off the controller on the main switch or due to power outage.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler can operate (if the boiler switching times are used the E7 error occurs and the boiler does not operate).</p> <p>What needs to be done: It is necessary to change the battery on the controller screen (CR 1220), set the date and hour on the controller.</p> |
| W3 | LOW RETURN TEMPERATURE | <p>Possible cause: Problem with the mixing valve/actuator (safety of the return), return sensor.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler will continue to operate normally.</p> <p>What needs to be done: The cause needs to be removed as with a longer operation the boiler will condense and the flue gas passages will be blocked.</p> |
| W4 | FUEL LEVEL | <p>Possible cause: Low pellet level in the tank, the level is sufficient for a shorter boiler operation.</p> <p>Boiler status: The boiler will operate a certain time and if the tank will not be supplemented with pellets minimal above the fuel sensor level the error "E121 - no fuel" will appear which means that there are no pellets to continue the boiler operation any longer and the boiler will stop.</p> <p>What needs to be done: Fill the tank with pellets minimal above the fuel sensor level in the pellet tank.</p> |
| W5 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| W6 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| W7 | NOT ACTIVE | |
| W8 | NOT ACTIVE | |

| | | |
|-------|------------------------|---|
| IW1-1 | POWER OUTAGE | <p>Possible cause: Power outage or switching off the controller on the main switch (0/1) unrelated in which operation phase the burner is in, including also the phase OFF.</p> <p>Boiler status: The information is written in the warning history and is not announced on the screen. The record time is the moment of the power outage/switching off the controller on the main switch.</p> |
| IW1-2 | POWER ARRIVAL | <p>Possible cause: Return of power or switching on the controller on the main switch (0/1).</p> <p>Boiler status: The information is written in the warning history and is not announced on the screen. The record time is the moment of the power return/switching on the controller on the main switch.</p> |
| IW1-3 | ENTERING INTO STATE F1 | <p>Possible cause: The tube backfilling sensor has signaled the backfilling of the pellet supply tube.</p> <p>Boiler status: The information is written/recorded in the warning history and is not announced on the screen. It is factory active only for CPPL 90. The boiler operates in a special regime (reduces the pellet supply into the burner) with the goal to continue the work in a standard regime, if it fails during the set time the error E9_1 or E9_2 is notified.</p> <p>Troubleshooting: Check the backfilling of the burner grate, burner combustion chamber, boiler combustion chamber, flue gas passages, backfilling of the flue and chimney, check if the burner grate is properly set in the burner (check that the burner grate is not set ON the electric heater – this is valid for CPPL 14 – 50), check if the pellets are too humid, inadequate dimensions or pellet quality (for this burner setting the diameter 6 mm), possible hole in the flexible tube, too big pellet supply (too low fan's rpm).</p> |

15.0 MALFUNCTION / IMPROPER BOILER OPERATION

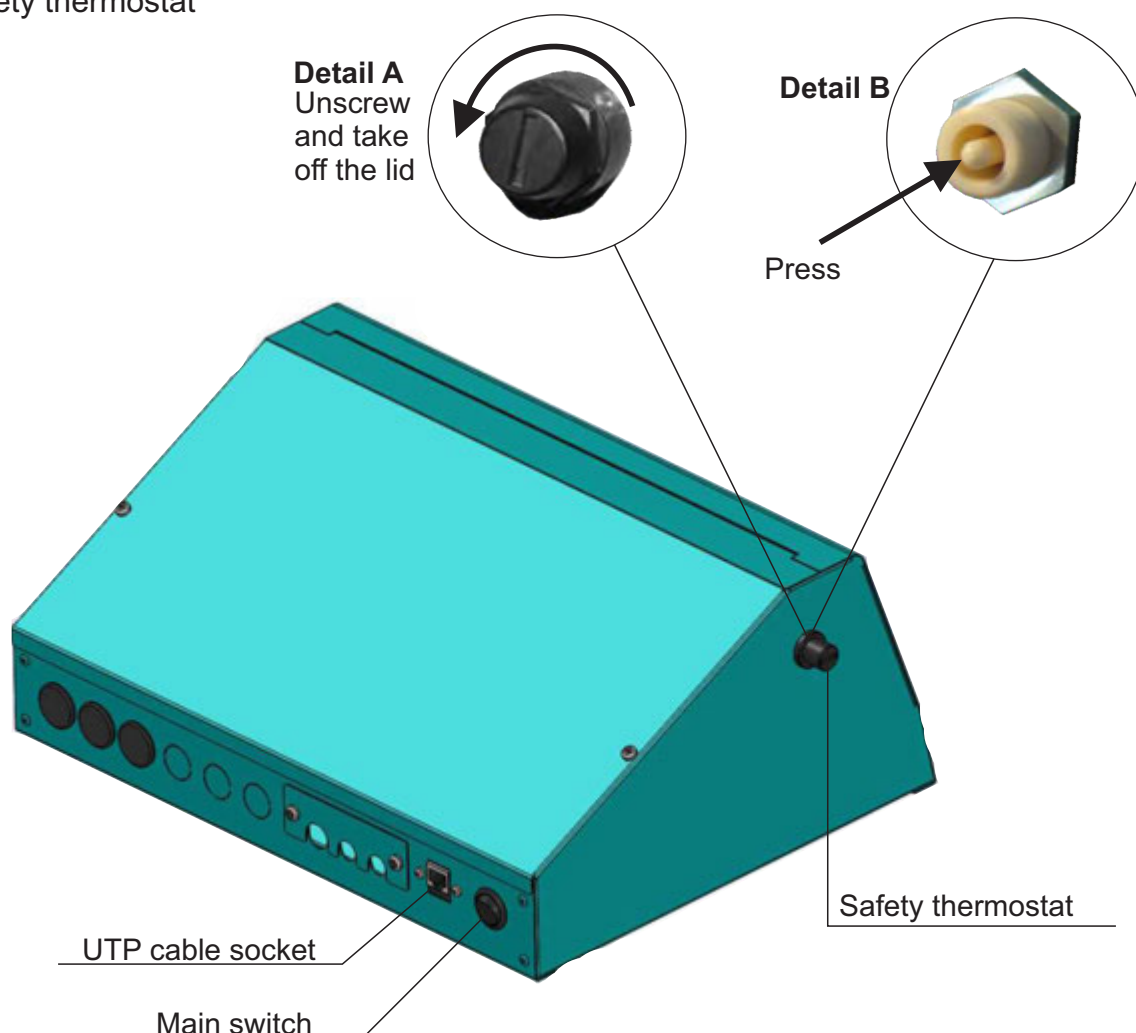
15.1 SAFETY THERMOSTAT - boiler malfunction

On the boiler controller screen following error is announced (E 20 SAFETY THERMOSTAT OR DOOR MICROSWITCH), the boiler behaves itself according to the description of the error E20. If the cause of the E20 error is not the open boiler lower door, bad positioned microswitch along the lower boiler door (the microswitch is not sufficiently pressed when the door is closed), faulty microswitch along the lower boiler door – the cause of this error is a reached to high water temperature in the boiler (above 101°C) as the safety thermostat interrupts the burner fan operation and pellet feeder if the boiler temperature exceeds the maximum permitted temperature (110 – 9 °C).

For a reactivation of the safety thermostat (STB) following needs to be done:

- Wait until the boiler temperature falls below 70°C.
- Unscrew and take off the safety thermostat lid (detail A).
- Press the thermostat restart button (detail B).
- After pressing the thermostat restart button the fan error will be removed/eliminated, the boiler is ready for operation.
- In case the same problem occurs again during the first next boiler firing or if it occurs frequently, ask an advice from the authorized servicemen.

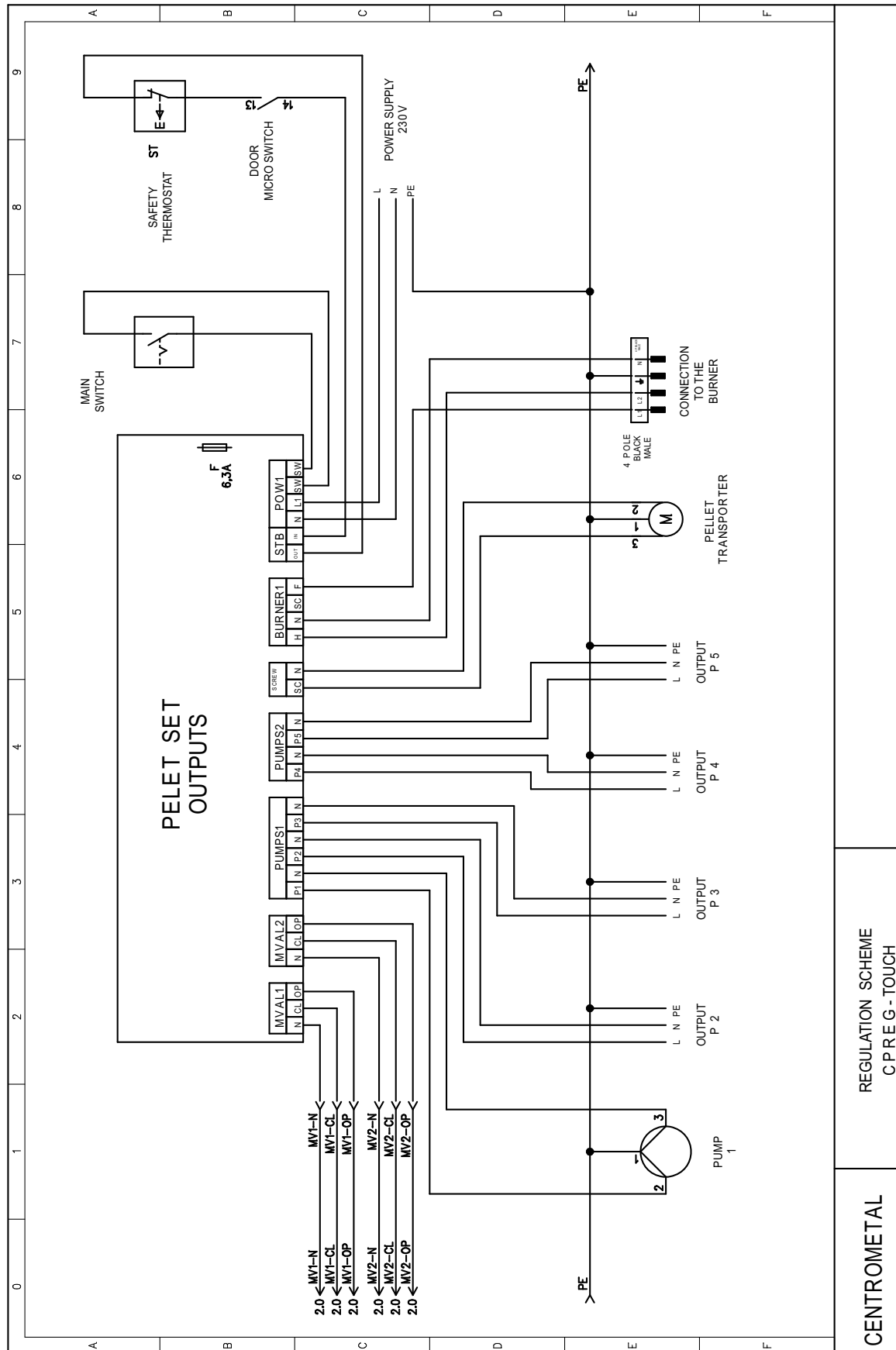
Picture – Safety thermostat



CAUTION!!!

If the thermostat frequently shuts down the fan please call an authorized serviceman to check the system.

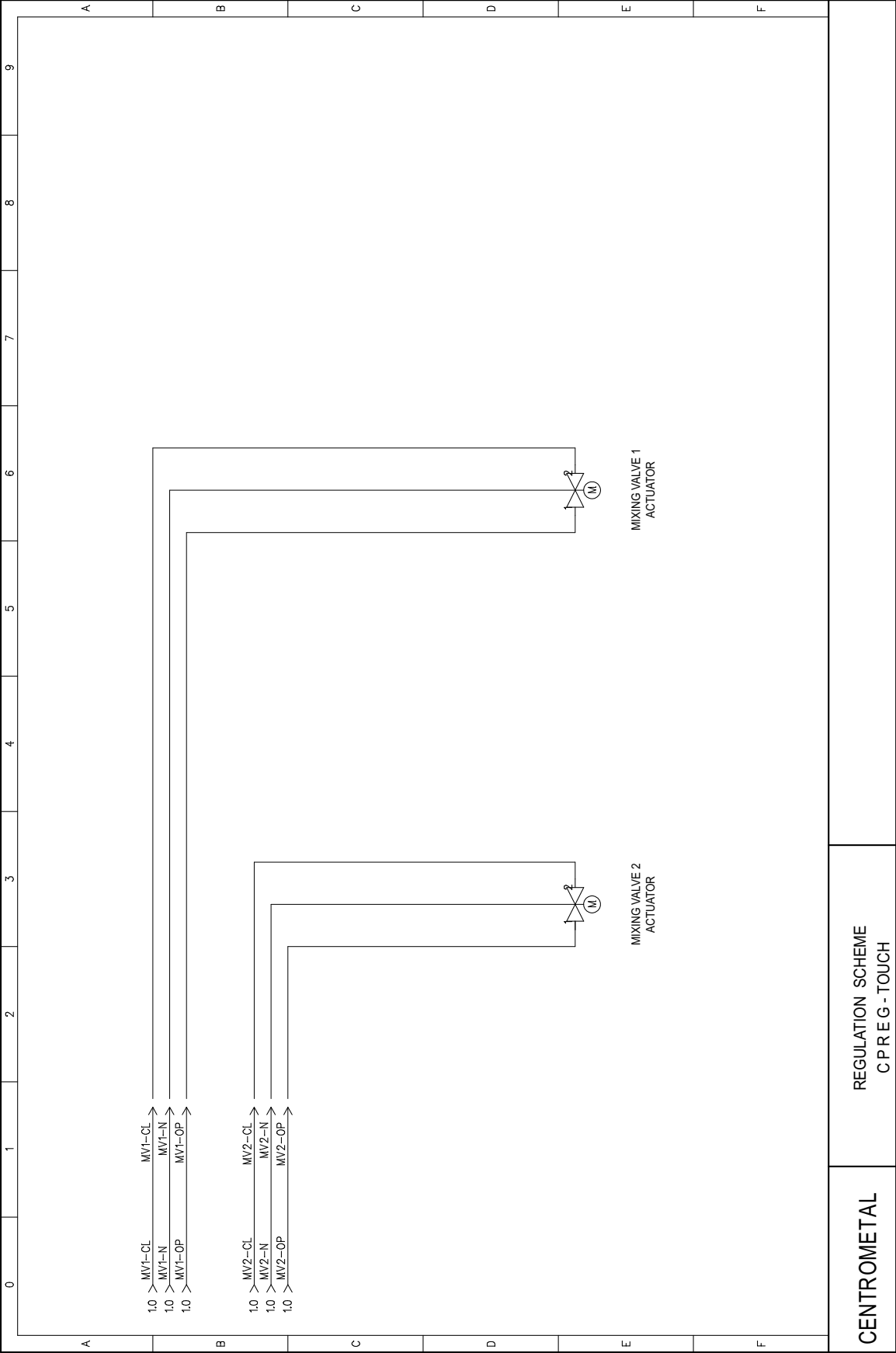
ELECTRIC SCHEME 1/8



Note:

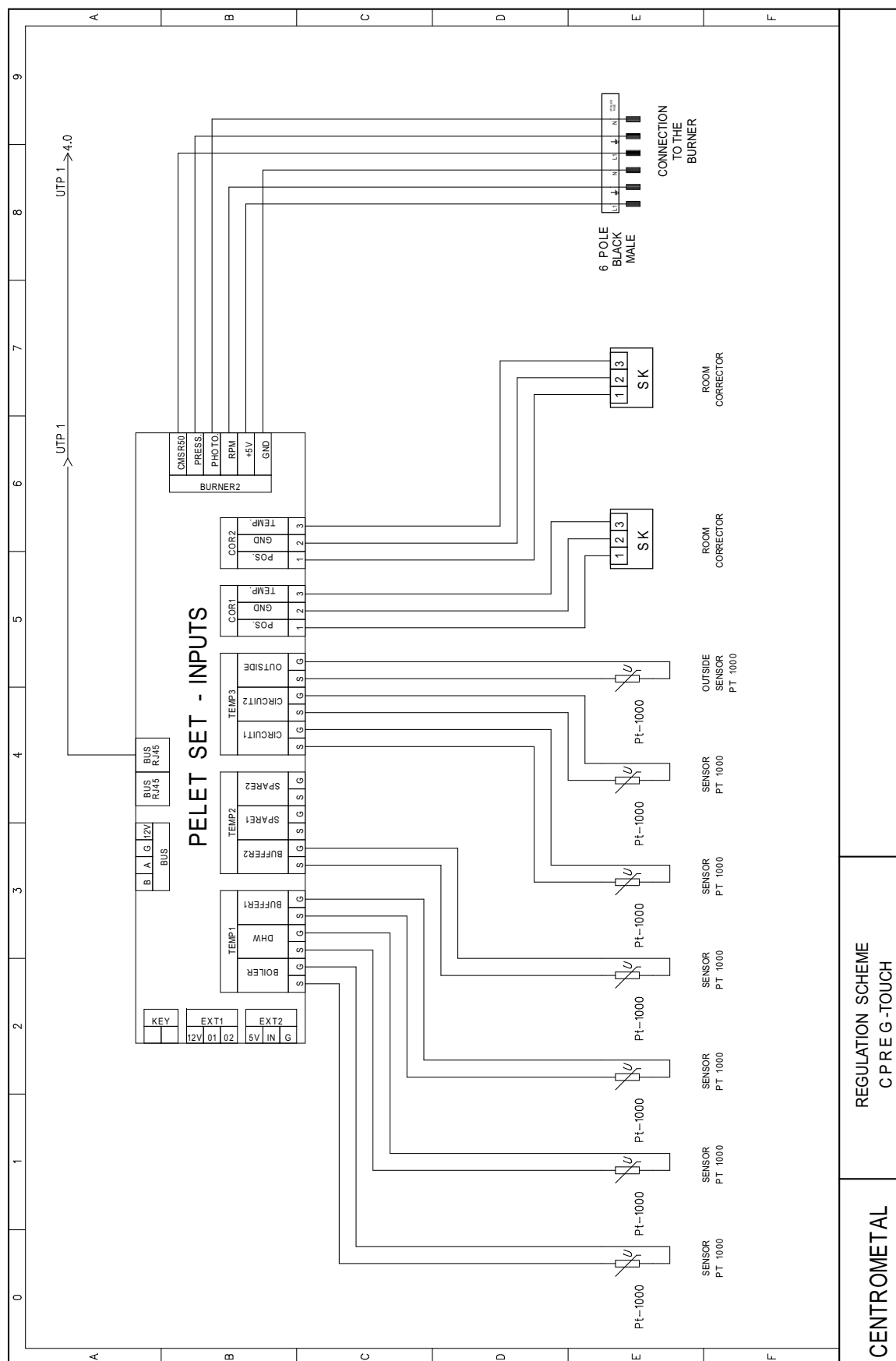
- outputs P2 – P5 can be configured as pumps outputs or (as) outputs for additional equipment (air cleaning and fan flap, and it must be selected, in the controller, which output is used for which additional equipment)
- if all pump outputs are already in use, and there is also additional equipment, it is necessary to connect an additional electronic plate to the controller or reconnect some of the pumps to the CM2K module

ELECTRIC SCHEME 2/8



Note:
- this outputs can be used for heating circuits motor actuators, 3-way mixing valves or 4-way mixing valve in boiler return protection

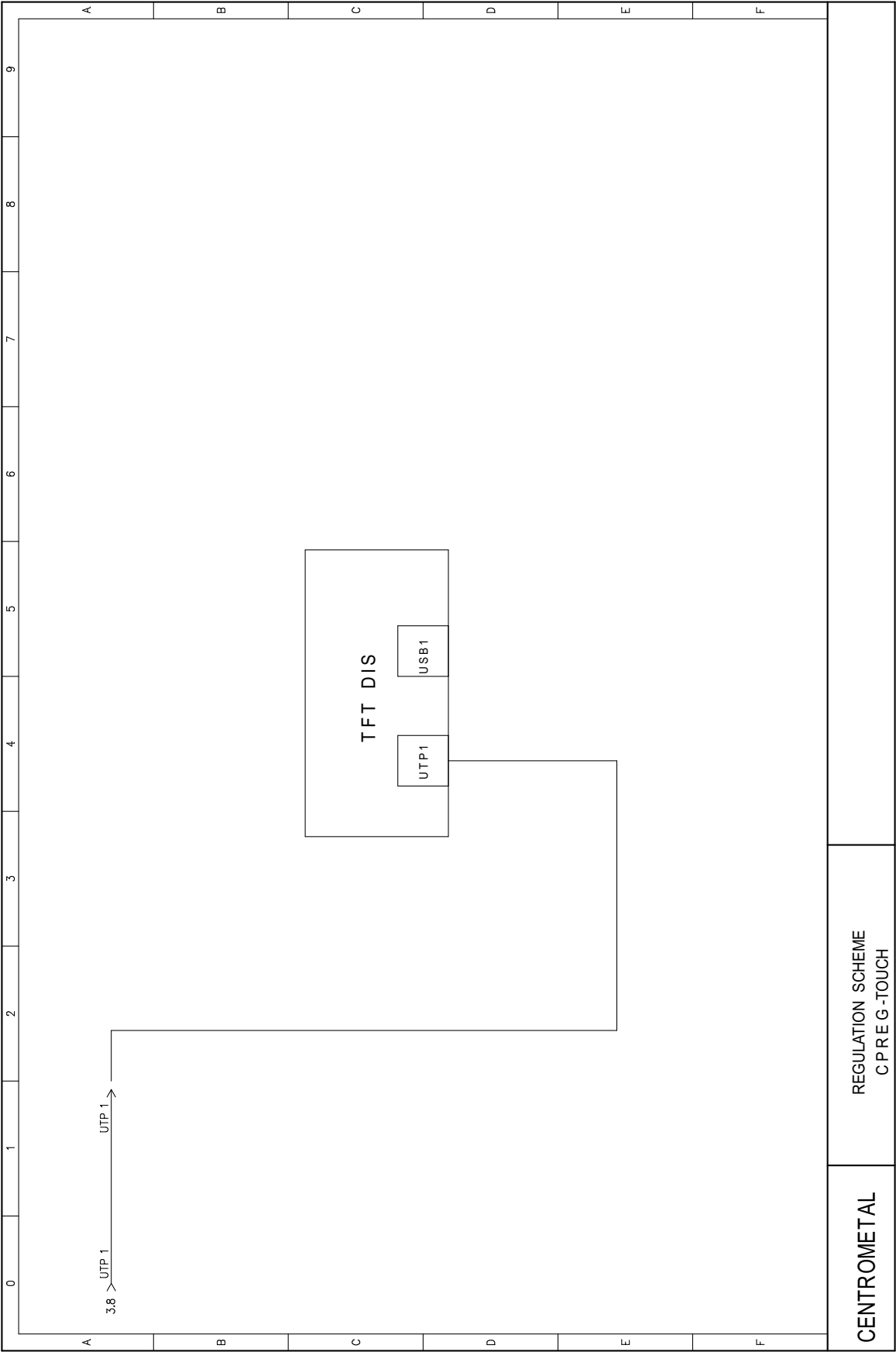
ELECTRIC SCHEME 3/8



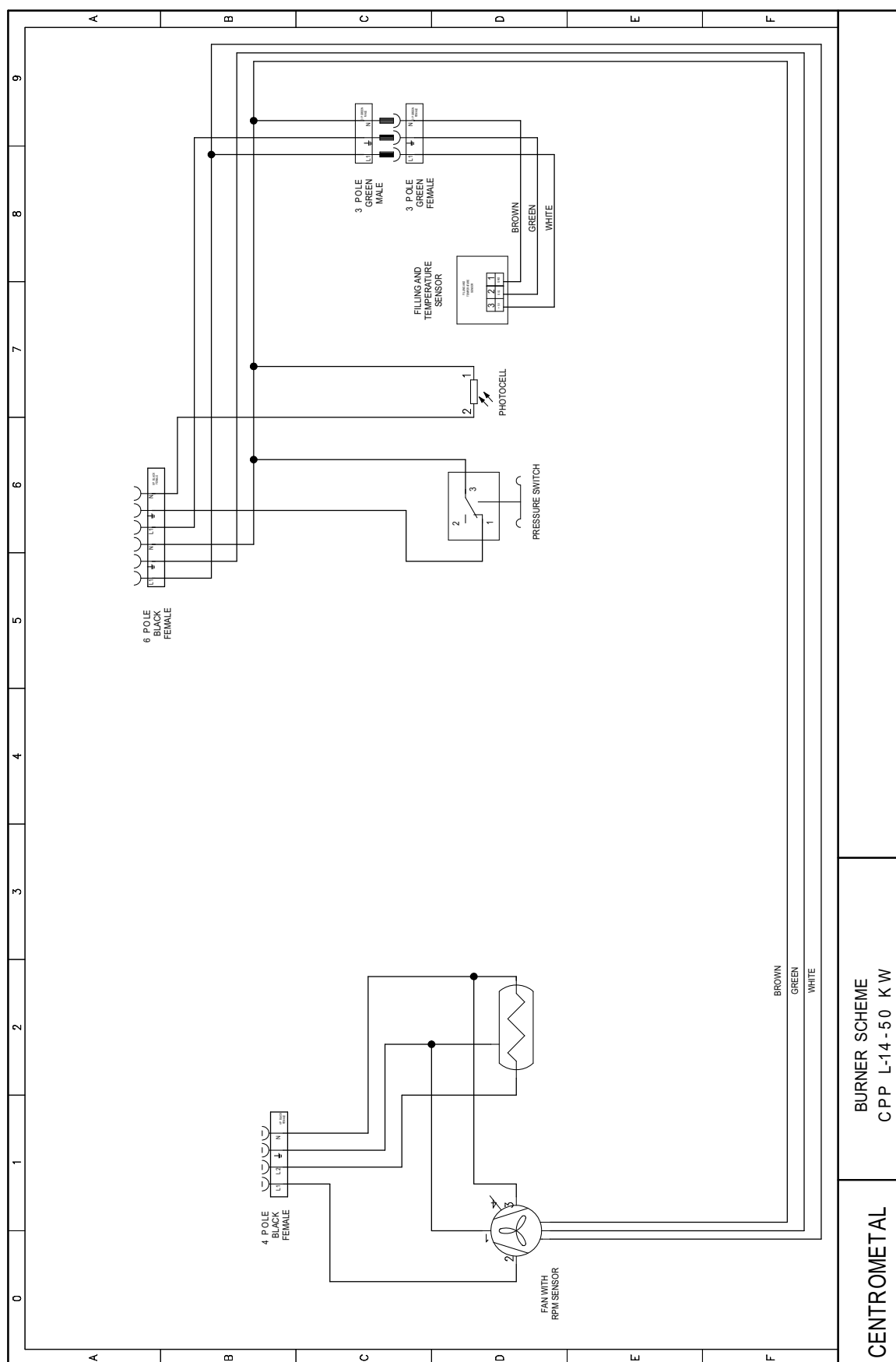
Note:

- the controller is set, by default, to use PT1000 sensors (if necessary it can be configured to use NTC5K sensors – can be configured by an authorized serviceman only)

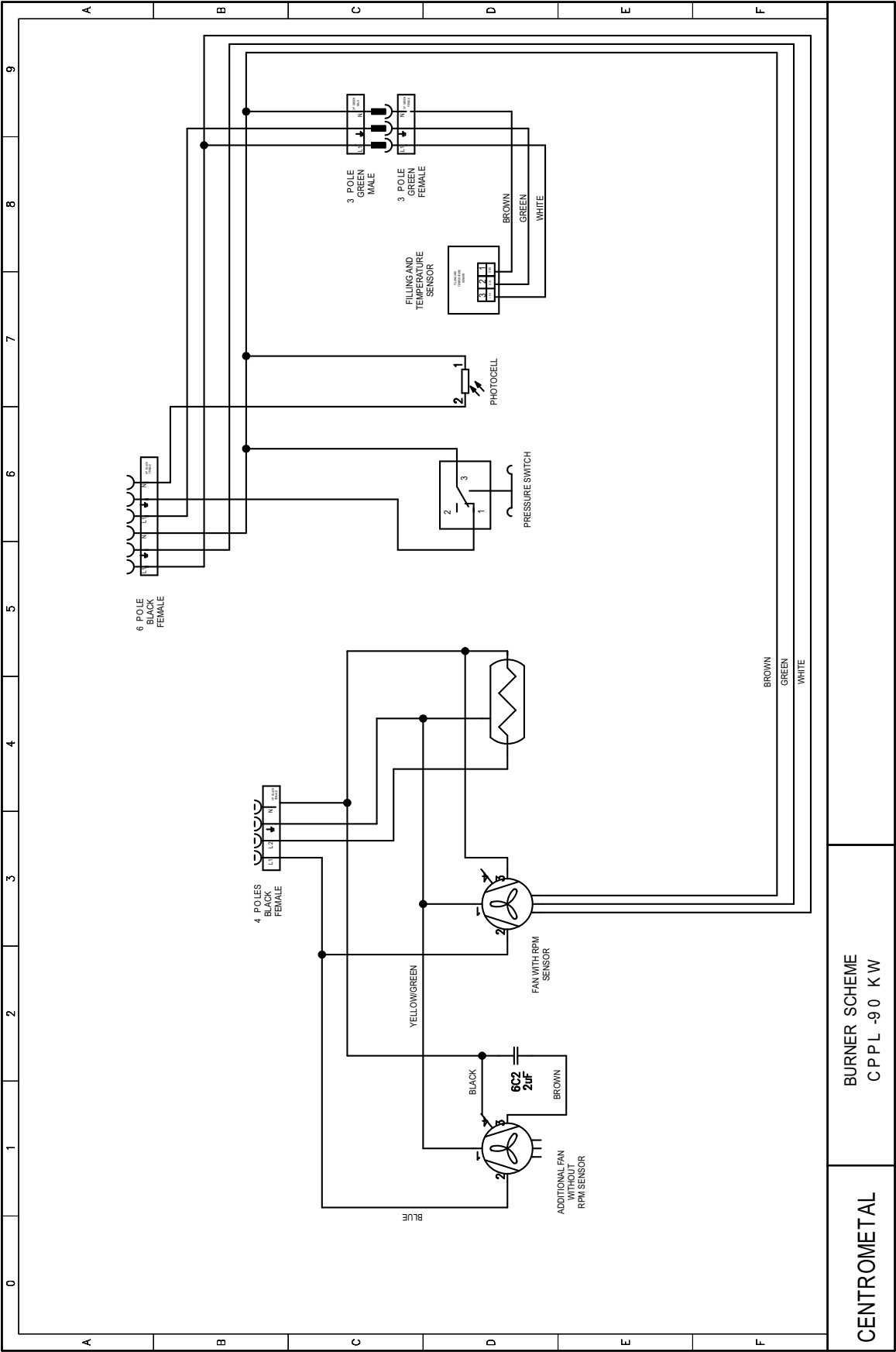
ELECTRIC SCHEME 4/8



ELECTRIC SCHEME 5/8 - CPPL 14-50



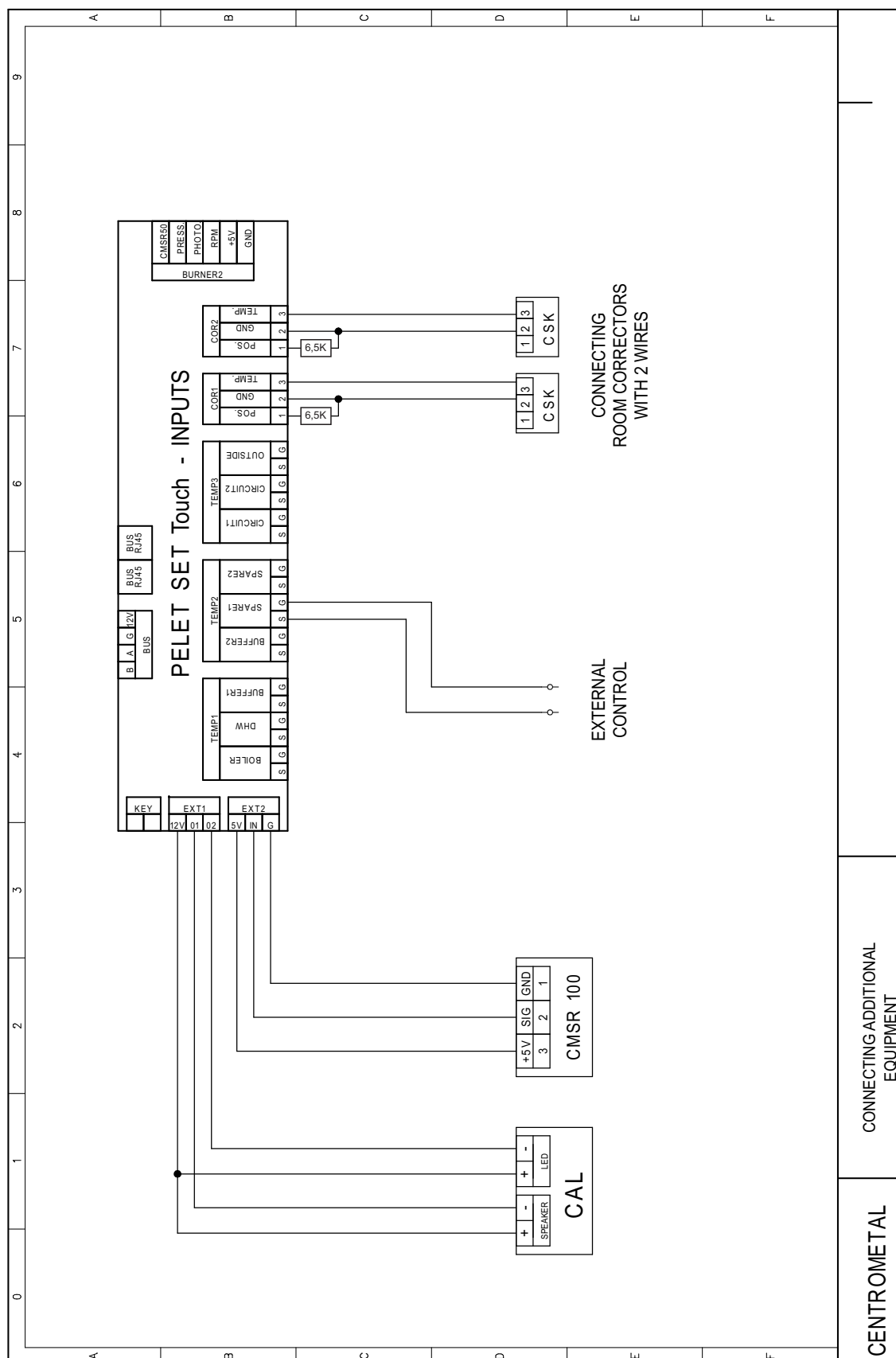
ELECTRIC SCHEME 6/8 - CPPL 90



BURNER SCHEME
CPPL -90 KW

CENTROMETAL

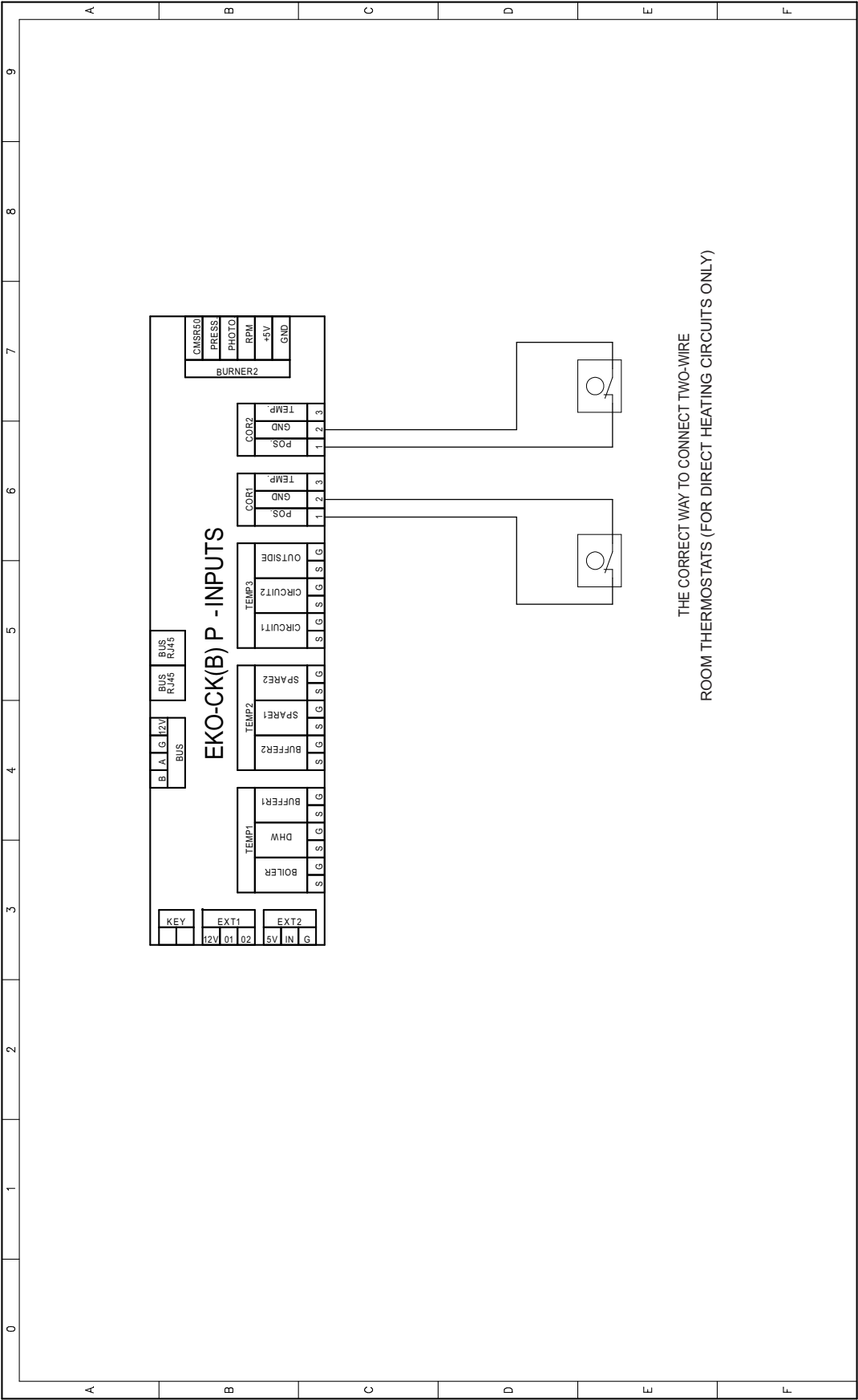
ELECTRIC SCHEME 7/8 - ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT AND ROOM CORRECTOR WITH 2 WIRES



Note:

- when connecting room correctors with only 2 wires, possibility of room temperature correction is lost (any correction must be done on the boiler regulation or trough WEB PORTAL)
- regarding the firmware version, on older version resistor 6,5K must be installed between inputs 1 (POS) and 2 (GND) so correction is 0; while in newer firmware version room corrector connection with 2 or 3 wires can be selected and it not needed to install resistor

ELECTRIC SCHEME 8/8 -ROOM THERMOSTAT (only direct heating circuit)



THE CORRECT WAY TO CONNECT TWO-WIRE
ROOM THERMOSTATS (FOR DIRECT HEATING CIRCUITS ONLY)

TABLE WITH RESISTANCE Pt1000
SENSOR
(range -30 do +400°C)

| Temperatura (°C) | Otpor (Ω) |
|------------------|-----------|
| -20 | 48.535 |
| -15 | 36.465 |
| -10 | 27.665 |
| -5 | 21.158 |
| 0 | 16.325 |
| 5 | 12.694 |
| 10 | 9.950 |
| 15 | 7.854 |
| 20 | 6.245 |
| 25 | 5.000 |
| 30 | 4.028 |
| 35 | 3.266 |
| 40 | 2.663 |
| 45 | 2.184 |
| 50 | 1.801 |
| 55 | 1.493 |
| 60 | 1.244 |
| 65 | 1.041 |
| 70 | 876 |
| 75 | 740,7 |
| 80 | 629,0 |
| 85 | 536,2 |
| 90 | 458,8 |
| 95 | 394,3 |
| 100 | 340,0 |
| 105 | 294,3 |
| 110 | 255,6 |
| 115 | 222,7 |
| 120 | 190,7 |
| 125 | 170,8 |
| 130 | 150,5 |

TABLE WITH RESISTANCE NTC 5k/25°C
SENSOR
(range -20 do +130°C)

| Temp. (°C) | Resist. (Ω) | Temp (°C) | Resist.(Ω) |
|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| -30 | 885 | 190 | 1.732 |
| -25 | 904 | 195 | 1.751 |
| -20 | 923 | 200 | 1.770 |
| -15 | 942 | 205 | 1.789 |
| -10 | 962 | 210 | 1.809 |
| -5 | 981 | 215 | 1.828 |
| 0 | 1.000 | 220 | 1.847 |
| 5 | 1.019 | 225 | 1.866 |
| 10 | 1.039 | 230 | 1.886 |
| 15 | 1.058 | 235 | 1.905 |
| 20 | 1.077 | 240 | 1.924 |
| 25 | 1.096 | 245 | 1.943 |
| 30 | 1.116 | 250 | 1.963 |
| 35 | 1.135 | 255 | 1.982 |
| 40 | 1.154 | 260 | 2.001 |
| 45 | 1.173 | 265 | 2.020 |
| 50 | 1.193 | 270 | 2.040 |
| 55 | 1.212 | 275 | 2.059 |
| 60 | 1.231 | 280 | 2.078 |
| 65 | 1.250 | 285 | 2.097 |
| 70 | 1.270 | 290 | 2.117 |
| 75 | 1.289 | 295 | 2.136 |
| 80 | 1.308 | 300 | 2.155 |
| 85 | 1.327 | 305 | 2.174 |
| 90 | 1.347 | 310 | 2.194 |
| 95 | 1.366 | 315 | 2.213 |
| 100 | 1.385 | 320 | 2.233 |
| 105 | 1.404 | 325 | 2.251 |
| 110 | 1.424 | 330 | 2.271 |
| 115 | 1.443 | 335 | 2.290 |
| 120 | 1.462 | 340 | 2.309 |
| 125 | 1.481 | 345 | 2.328 |
| 130 | 1.501 | 350 | 2.348 |
| 135 | 1.520 | 355 | 2.367 |
| 140 | 1.539 | 360 | 2.386 |
| 145 | 1.558 | 365 | 2.405 |
| 150 | 1.578 | 370 | 2.425 |
| 155 | 1.597 | 375 | 2.444 |
| 160 | 1.161 | 380 | 2.463 |
| 165 | 1.635 | 385 | 2.482 |
| 170 | 1.655 | 390 | 2.502 |
| 175 | 1.674 | 395 | 2.521 |
| 180 | 1.693 | 400 | 2.540 |
| 185 | 1.712 | | |



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HEATING TECHNIQUE